

Technical Report

Title: *Drilling, Logging and Sampling of DGR-5 and DGR-6*

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DGR Site Characterization Document
Geofirma Engineering Project 08-200



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1 Introduction

Geofirma Engineering Ltd. (formerly Intera Engineering Ltd.) has been contracted by the Nuclear Waste Management Organization (NWMO) on behalf of Ontario Power Generation to implement the Geoscientific Site Characterization Plan (GSCP) for the Bruce nuclear site near Tiverton Ontario. The purpose of this site characterization work is to assess the suitability of the Bruce nuclear site to construct a Deep Geologic Repository (DGR) to store low-level and intermediate-level radioactive waste. The GSCP is described by Intera Engineering Ltd. (2006 and 2008).

This Technical Report summarizes the results of the drilling and core processing activities completed at two deep inclined bedrock boreholes (DGR-5 and DGR-6) as part of Phase 2B of the GSCP.

Work described in this Technical Report was completed in accordance with Test Plan TP-08-20: DGR-5 and DGR-6 Drilling and Casing Installation (Intera Engineering Ltd., 2010a), Test Plan TP-08-21: DGR-5 and DGR-6 Drilling Fluid Management (Intera Engineering Ltd., 2009a), Test Plan TP-09-01: DGR-5 and DGR-6 Core Photography and Logging (Intera Engineering Ltd., 2009b), and Test Plan TP-09-02: DGR-5 and DGR-6 Core Sampling and Distribution (Intera Engineering Ltd., 2010b). Work described in this Technical Report was completed following the general requirements of the DGR Project Quality Plan (Intera Engineering Ltd., 2009c).

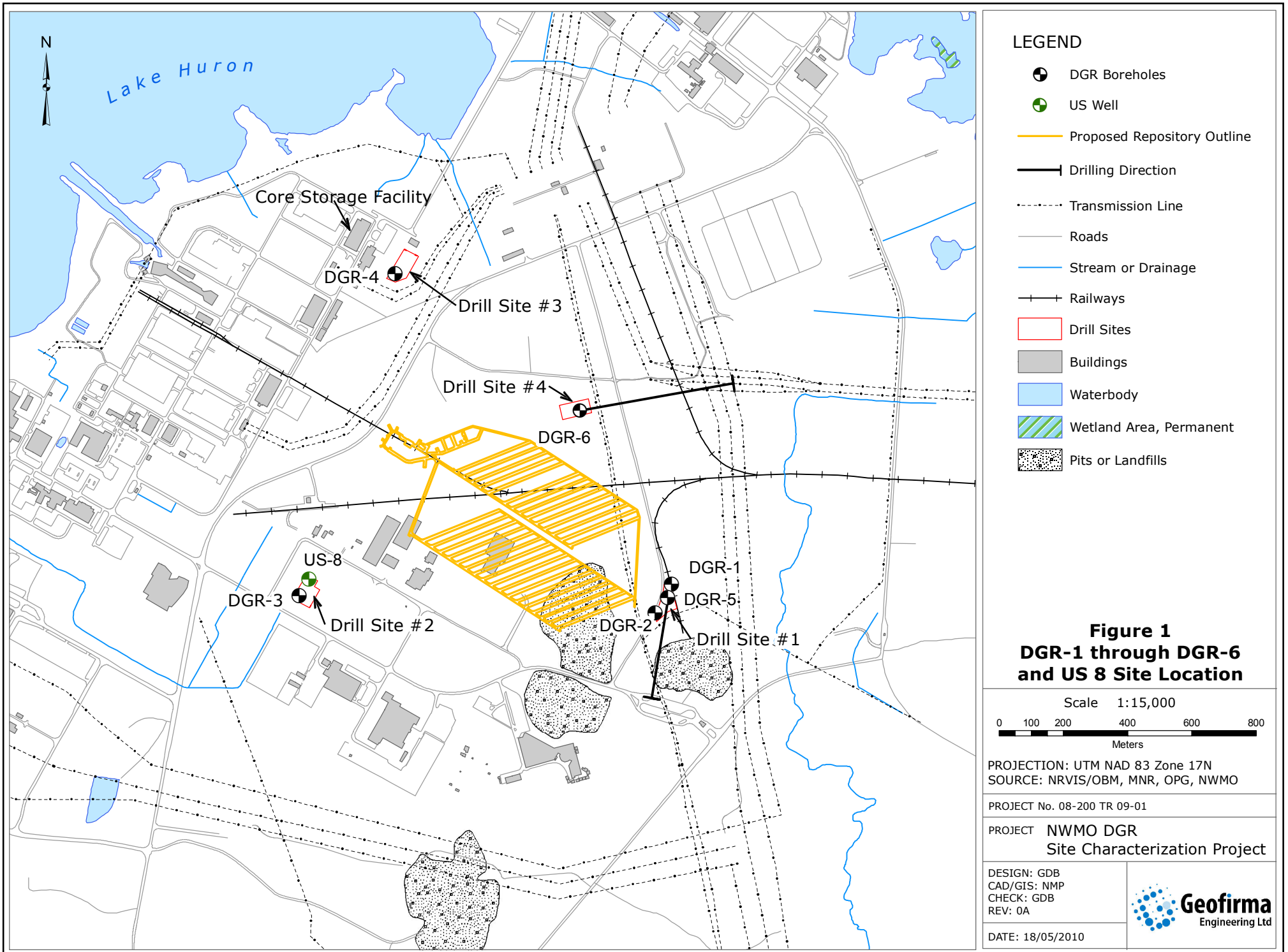
2 Background

The GSCP comprises three phases of borehole drilling and investigations. The Phase 1 GSCP is described by Intera Engineering Ltd. (2006) and included the drilling, logging and testing of two deep vertical 159 mm diameter boreholes (DGR-1 and DGR-2) to total depths of 462.9 and 862.3 metres below ground surface (mBGS) respectively, and the drilling and testing of one shallow borehole, US-8, to a total depth of 200 mBGS. Both of the first two DGR boreholes were drilled at one location (Drill Site # 1) approximately 40 metres apart from each other, while the shallow borehole (US-8) was drilled at a second location (Drill Site # 2); both drill sites are located at the Bruce nuclear site as shown on Figure 1. Phase 1 drilling and testing was completed between December 2006 and December 2007. TR-07-06: Drilling, Logging and Sampling of DGR-1 and DGR-2 (Intera Engineering Ltd., 2010c) summarizes the Phase 1 drilling and core logging activities.

The Phase 2 GSCP is described by Intera Engineering Ltd. (2008). Phase 2 is divided into two sub-phases, 2A and 2B. Phase 2A consisted of drilling, logging and testing of two deep vertical 143 mm diameter boreholes, DGR-3 (Drill Site #2) and DGR-4 (Drill Site #3) to total depths of 869.2 and 857.0 mBGS, respectively. Phase 2A was completed between March 2008 and September 2009. TR-08-13: Drilling, Logging and Sampling of DGR-3 and DGR-4 (Intera Engineering Ltd., 2010d) summarizes the Phase 2A drilling and core logging activities.

Phase 2B comprised the drilling, logging and testing of two deep inclined 143 mm diameter boreholes, DGR-5 (Drill Site #1) and DGR-6 (Drill Site #4). The Phase 2B drilling and core logging activities are described below. Phase 2B work was completed between December 2008 and June 2010.

The purpose of drilling DGR-5 and DGR-6 was to complement the information that was collected from DGR-1 to DGR-4, confirm the predictability of the strike/dip of strata around and below the proposed DGR location, provide information on sub-vertical fracture networks (fracture orientation) and to further investigate specific areas identified during the 2D seismic study (TR-07-15, Intera Engineering Ltd., 2009d) showing seismic anomalies. Therefore, similar to Phase 1 and Phase 2A, drilling at DGR-5 and DGR-6 provided additional information on bedrock stratigraphy, core for additional laboratory, geological, geomechanical, hydrogeological and geochemical testing, and access for borehole geophysical testing and borehole hydraulic testing. The information gathered from DGR-5 and DGR-6 will assist with developing descriptive geosphere site models.



3 Drilling Program

Davidson Drilling Limited (Davidson), based out of Wingham, Ontario, and Layne Christensen Canada Ltd. (Layne) based in Capreol, Ontario were retained as Geofirma Engineering Ltd. subcontractors to complete the borehole drilling and permanent casing installation at DGR-5 and DGR-6.

The Phase 2B drilling program took into account the geological and hydrogeological conditions encountered during Phase 1 and Phase 2A drilling of DGR-1 through DGR-4. DGR-5 and DGR-6 were designed to provide two separate boreholes on either side of the proposed DGR with open bedrock intervals from the Silurian dolostones and shales through the deeper Ordovician shales and limestones. Both boreholes were rotary drilled from surface to the Salina Formation F Unit shale for casing installation, then continuously cored to depth. The angled boreholes had target plunges of 65° (DGR-5) and 60° (DGR-6) from horizontal and target azimuths of 190° (DGR-5) and 80° (DGR-6) from true north. DGR-5 was completed at Drill Site # 1, adjacent to DGR-1 and DGR-2 and DGR-6 was drilled at Drill Site # 4 (Figure 1).

During the drilling program of DGR-5 and DGR-6, Davidson had difficulty maintaining the required borehole orientation (azimuth and plunge) and as a result the objectives of borehole DGR-6 would not be met without directional drilling correction. Consequently, Geofirma contracted with Layne, based in Capreol Ontario, in conjunction with International Directional Services (IDS), also based in Capreol Ontario, to complete DGR-6 below a depth of 516.3 metres length along the borehole axis below ground surface (mLBGS) near the top of the Queenston Formation. Layne used conventional mineral exploration drilling equipment with the assistance of directional coring equipment (IDS) as necessary to meet the objectives of DGR-6.

DGR-5 was completed with an open bedrock interval from 206.0 mLBGS (13.5 metres length below the top of the Salina Formation F Unit shale) to 807.2 mLBGS (40.7 metres length into the Kirkfield formation) or 752.2 metres total vertical depth (TVD), expressed as mBGS. DGR-6 was completed with an open bedrock interval from approximately 212.5 mLBGS (9.5 metres length below the top of the Salina Formation F Unit shale) to 903.2 mLBGS (6.0 metres length into the Gull River formation) or 785.5 mBGS (TVD).

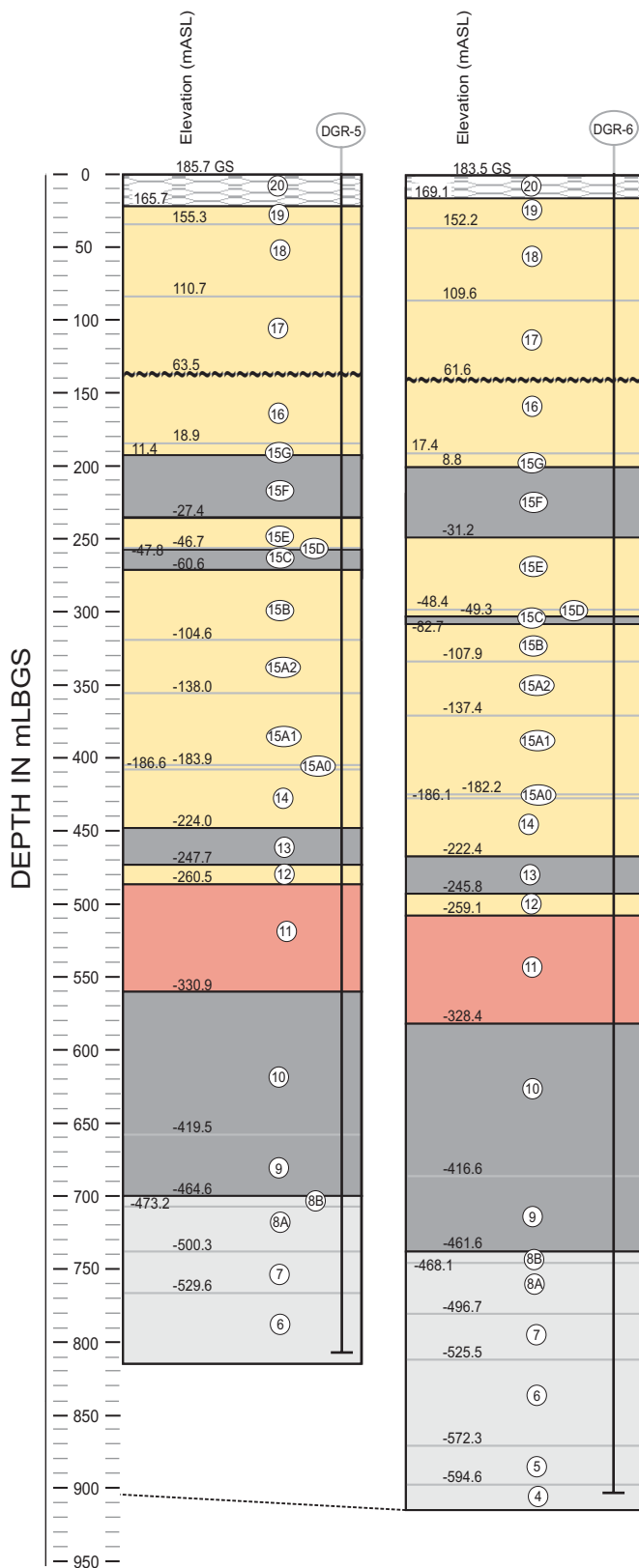
Figure 2 shows the interpreted bedrock formation contact depths/elevations and subsurface nomenclature for the Bruce nuclear site based on the drilling and core logging activities completed at DGR-5 and DGR-6. The rationale for these formation picks are described in TR-09-11: Bedrock Formations in DGR-1 to DGR-6 (Geofirma Engineering Ltd., 2011a).

3.1 Ontario Ministry of Natural Resources Drilling Regulations

All work associated with this drilling program was completed in accordance with the Ontario Ministry of Natural Resources (MNR) Oil, Gas and Salt Resources of Ontario, Provincial Operating Standards, Version, 2.0 (MNR Standards) which covers Well Drilling and Works regulated by the Oil, Gas and Salt Resources Act (OGSRA). As such, blow-out prevention (BOP) equipment was utilized for all drilling activities below the top of the Salina Formation F Unit shale to address the possibility of potential gas-pressurization issues; however, no significant oil or gas was encountered while drilling DGR-5 and DGR-6.

DGR-5 was drilled under Ministry of Natural Resources (MNR) Well License No. 11926 and is located at NAD83 UTM Zone 17N, 4907742.1 m Northing and 454221.8 m Easting with a ground surface elevation of 185.70 metres above sea level (ASL). Similarly, DGR-6 was drilled under MNR Well License No. 11942 and is located at NAD83 UTM Zone 17N, 4908317.0 m Northing and 453953.0 m Easting with a ground surface elevation of 183.50 mASL. Copies of the MNR Well Licences are included in Appendix A.

All depths of core runs and sub-sample locations were measured from a common reference point which was selected prior to the start of drilling each borehole. For both DGR-5 and DGR-6, the reference datum was ground surface, which was surveyed using geodetic benchmarks identified during the surveying of DGR-5 and DGR-6.



LEGEND - BRUCE SITE STRATIGRAPHY

- PLEISTOCENE
 - 20 SURFICIAL DEPOSITS
- MIDDLE DEVONIAN
 - 19 LUCAS FORMATION - DOLOSTONE
 - 18 AMHERSTBURG FORMATION - DOLOSTONE
- LOWER DEVONIAN
 - 17 BOIS BLANC FORMATION - CHERTY DOLOSTONE
 - ~~~~~ SILURIAN / DEVONIAN DISCONTINUITY
- UPPER SILURIAN
 - 16 BASS ISLANDS FORMATION - DOLOSTONE
 - 15 SALINA FORMATION
 - 15G G UNIT - ARGILLACEOUS DOLOSTONE
 - 15F F UNIT - DOLOMITIC SHALE
 - 15E E UNIT - BRECCIATED DOLOSTONE AND DOLOMITIC SHALE
 - 15D D UNIT - ANHYDRITIC DOLOSTONE
 - 15C C UNIT - DOLOMITIC SHALE AND SHALE
 - 15B B UNIT - ARGILLACEOUS DOLOSTONE AND ANHYDRITE
 - 15A2 A2 UNIT - DOLOSTONE AND ANHYDRITIC DOLOSTONE
 - 15A1 A1 UNIT - ARGILLACEOUS DOLOSTONE AND ANHYDRITIC DOLOSTONE
 - 15A0 A0 - BITUMINOUS DOLOSTONE
- MIDDLE SILURIAN
 - 14 GUELPH, GOAT ISLAND, GASPORT, LIONS HEAD AND FOSSIL HILL FORMATIONS - DOLOSTONE AND DOLOMITIC LIMESTONE
- LOWER SILURIAN
 - 13 CABOT HEAD FORMATION - SHALE
 - 12 MANITOULIN FORMATION - CHERTY DOLOSTONE AND MINOR SHALE
- UPPER ORDOVICIAN
 - 11 QUEENSTON FORMATION - RED SHALE
 - 10 GEORGIAN BAY FORMATION - GREY SHALE
 - 9 BLUE MOUNTAIN FORMATION - DARK GREY SHALE
- MIDDLE ORDOVICIAN
 - 8 COBOURG FORMATION
 - 8B COLLINGWOOD MEMBER - BLACK CALCAREOUS SHALE AND ARGILLACEOUS LIMESTONE
 - 8A LOWER MEMBER - ARGILLACEOUS LIMESTONE
 - 7 SHERMAN FALL FORMATION - ARGILLACEOUS LIMESTONE
 - 6 KIRKFIELD FORMATION - ARGILLACEOUS LIMESTONE
 - 5 COBOCONK FORMATION - BIOTURBATED LIMESTONE
 - 4 GULL RIVER FORMATION - LITHOGRAPHIC LIMESTONE
 - 3 SHADOW LAKE FORMATION - SILTSTONE AND SANDSTONE
- CAMBRIAN
 - 2 CAMBRIAN SANDSTONE

NOTE:
1. SUBSURFACE STRATIGRAPHIC NOMENCLATURE AFTER ARMSTRONG AND CARTER (2006)

Interpreted Bedrock Stratigraphy at Bruce Site from DGR-5 and DGR-6 Data
Technical Report: TR-09-01 Drilling, Logging and Sampling of DGR-5 and DGR-6

Prepared by: NMP

Reviewed by: GDB

FIGURE 2

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Date: 7-Apr-2011



All deliverables to the MNR (MNR Drilling License Applications, Drilling Completion Records - MNR Form 7, drill cutting chip samples) are required to express depths in units of metres below the drill rig Kelly Bushing (mBKB). The drill rig Kelly Bushing height was adjusted several times throughout the drilling programs at DGR-5 and DGR-6, each time a drilling rig was positioned onto the borehole, and therefore the appropriate vertical adjustments were incorporated into reported depth measurements. However, for reporting purposes, the ground surface reference datum is assumed to be approximately 2.7 m vertical below KB (2.93 mLBKB) of the drilling rig at DGR-5 and approximately 3.5 m vertical below KB (4.04 mLBKB) at DGR-6. These were the actual measurements of KB height above ground surface during the final stages of coring at each borehole.

3.2 Drilling Fluids

Drilling was completed using a combination of freshwater and brine-based drilling fluids, depending on the expected in-situ bedrock formation chemistry, to cool the bit and clean the cuttings from the borehole. Sodium fluorescein (NaFI), a fluorescent green dye, was added to the drilling fluid as a tracer to assess the level of impact of drilling operations during potential groundwater sampling. The details of drilling fluid preparation, management and testing are described in Technical Report TR-09-02: Drilling Fluid Management and Testing in DGR-5 and DGR-6 (Geofirma Engineering Ltd., 2011b). In general, freshwater drilling fluids were used to drill the bedrock above the Salina Formation F Unit shale and brine-based drilling fluids were used to drill the bedrock formations below this depth.

All drilling fluids were prepared using treated Lake Huron water which was obtained from a service outlet at OPG Building B-19 (Spent Solvent Treatment Facility) or OPG Building B-25 (Core Storage Facility) on the Bruce nuclear site. Treated Lake Huron water was trucked from Buildings B-19 and B-25 by the drilling contractor and pumped into mixing and holding tanks at the DGR-5 and DGR-6 drill sites. All borehole drilling fluids and cuttings were diverted from the boreholes into storage tanks such that the cuttings could be settled out and the drilling fluid re-used for drilling operations.

3.3 Drilling Methods

Three different drilling methods were used to complete DGR-5 and DGR-6 including:

- dual rotary drilling of conductor casings into bedrock,
- rotary drilling from top of bedrock to Salina Formation F Unit shale to install BOP control casing string, and
- continuous wireline coring from bottom of BOP casing to total depth of each borehole.

3.3.1 Dual Rotary Drilling

Drilling and conductor casing installation through the overburden and into shallow bedrock at DGR-5 and DGR-6 was completed by Davidson using dual-rotary technology. A truck-mounted Foremost DR-12 drilling rig was used at DGR-5 and a DR-24HD model was used at DGR-6. Dual rotary drills have a lower rotary drive that is used to advance steel casing through unconsolidated overburden. A carbide studded shoe welded to the bottom casing joint allows it to cut through the overburden material and seat into bedrock. An independent rotary top drive simultaneously advances the drill string which was equipped with a tri-cone bit. The cuttings were evacuated with air and water while drilling through the overburden.

3.3.2 Rotary Drilling

Once the conductor casings were set, both boreholes were rotary drilled by Davidson to the Salina Formation F Unit shale to allow for surface and BOP control casing installations. A Foremost DR-12 rig was used to rotary drill DGR-5 to a depth of 206.4 mLBGS (13.9 m below top of Salina Formation F Unit) in February 2009. Drilling resumed in May 2009 using a Foremost DR-24HD rig to rotary drill DGR-6 to 34.8 mLBGS. At this depth the

DR-24HD drilling rig was replaced with a truck-mounted Schramm T130XD drilling rig that was better equipped to complete the inclined rotary drilling in DGR-6 to 213.1 mLBGS (10.1 m below top of Salina Formation F Unit). Both boreholes were rotary drilled using tri-cone drill bits and freshwater-based drilling fluids traced with NaFI. Rock chip samples were collected and logged by the onsite geologist approximately every three metres throughout rotary drilling. After casing installation in DGR-5 and DGR-6, Davidson drilled out the cement plug from inside the casing using a rotary tri-cone bit which resulted in approximately 1.5 m (DGR-5) and 1.7 m (DGR-6) of bedrock that was over-drilled below the set casing depths prior to switching to continuous coring.

3.3.3 Continuous Coring

Continuous coring below the bottom of BOP control string casing in DGR-5 and DGR-6 was completed in three stages: [1] Davidson completed all of the coring in DGR-5 (approximately 600 m length) and approximately 300 m coring in DGR-6; [2] Layne Christensen Canada/IDS corrected the borehole orientation in DGR-6 using directional coring equipment over approximately 125 m; and [3] Layne completed coring the approximate 260 m length in DGR-6 to reach total depth. Each coring method is described in greater detail below.

All coring was completed using similar wireline equipment that varied slightly depending on the drilling rig and application. Coring lengths were approximately 3.00 to 3.05 m and the time to complete one core run typically ranged from 5-15 minutes for softer shale or argillaceous-rich formations such as the Salina G unit, Cabot Head, Queenston and Blue Mountain Formations, as well as for the dolostone based Lions Head Formation. Coring run times were typically longer, ranging between 1-4 hours, for harder dolostone and limestone formations such as the Cobourg, Kirkfield, and Gull River Formations. The average coring run time was around 45 minutes. Circulation time after coring prior to the core barrel arriving at surface typically ranged between 15 and 45 minutes, with an average of 30 minutes.

3.3.3.1 Davidson Drilling – Wireline Coring

All bedrock coring at DGR-5 was completed by Davidson using the truck-mounted Schramm T130XD drilling rig equipped with a quad-latch double-tube wireline coring system with a split-inner barrel, manufactured by American Diamond Tool (formerly Christensen Products Inc). This coring equipment produced high quality 76mm (3-inch) diameter core in 3.05 m lengths, although on occasion it was necessary to core a shorter length to accommodate difficult drilling conditions, and a 143mm (5 5/8-inch) diameter borehole from 207.9 mLBGS (15.4 m below top of Salina Formation F Unit) to the total depth of 807.2 mLBGS (40.7 m below top of Kirkfield Formation). Polycrystalline diamond (PCD) bits were used for all bedrock coring in DGR-5. Throughout the drilling program, PCD bits were typically operated with a bit rotation speed of approximately 80 to 100 revolutions per minute (RPM) with a torque of approximately 1800 to 2200 foot pounds (ft*lbs).

Coring at DGR-6 was initiated by Davidson using the same drilling rig and coring equipment that was used to core DGR-5, therefore similar core and borehole diameters were produced from 214.8 mLBGS (11.8 m below top of Salina Formation F Unit) to a depth of 516.3 mLBGS (8.4 m below top of Queenston Formation). At a depth of 516.3 mLBGS the borehole was at a plunge of approximately 69° from horizontal and an azimuth of 91° clockwise from magnetic north, which corresponds to a deviation of 9° from target plunge and 11° from target azimuth. It was determined that directional coring would be required to correct the direction of DGR-6 in order to meet the characterization objectives of the borehole.

3.3.3.2 Layne Christensen / International Directional Services (IDS) – Directional Coring in DGR-6

Layne completed a borehole orientation correction in DGR-6 over approximately 125m from 516.3 mLBGS (8.4 m below top of Queenston Formation) to 641.6 mLBGS (58.5 m below top of Georgian Bay Formation) using an Atlas Copco skid-mounted drilling rig (model CS3001) and directional coring equipment and services provided

by IDS. This drilling rig was equipped with a top drive system capable of delivering a maximum torque of 3,500 ft-lb and a rotation speed up to 1,300 rpm. Layne used conventional mineral exploration drilling and wireline coring equipment with diamond impregnated bits that were typically operated with a bit rotation speed of approximately 800-900 RPM and a torque of approximately 2000 ft*lbs.

Directional coring was completed using the Devico DeviDrill™ steerable wireline core barrel that is developed for N-size (NQ) wireline coring equipment, therefore, the Devico coring system produced a 76mm diameter borehole. Due to the special design of the NQ core barrel allowing it to adjust the borehole orientation, this equipment produces a 32mm diameter high quality core. In addition to the DeviDrill™ equipment used during the directional drilling process, it was necessary to use conventional NQ coring equipment (i.e. no Devico coring system) to minimize the borehole turning radius, which produced a 42mm diameter core and 76mm diameter borehole, on the following four separate occasions:

- 516.33 to 518.15 mLBGS (1.82m);
- 534.81 to 542.55 mLBGS (7.74m);
- 559.21 to 566.95 mLBGS (7.74m);
- 599.46 to 601.91 mLBGS (1.44m).

Over the interval from 516.3 to 641.6 mLBGS (125.3m) the borehole orientation correction involved a change in plunge of approximately -11.4° (from 69° to 57.6°) and a change in azimuth of approximately -17.1° (from 91° to 73.9°).

3.3.3.3 Layne Christensen – Wireline Coring in DGR-6

Layne completed the remaining ~260m of coring in DGR-6 from 641.6 mLBGS (middle of Georgian Bay Formation) to 903.2 mLBGS (6.0 m below top of Gull River Formation) using the same Atlas Copco skid-mounted drilling rig (model CS3001) equipped with conventional mineral exploration P-size (PQ) coring equipment which produced an 83mm diameter high quality core and a 123mm diameter borehole. Diamond impregnated bits were used and operated at a typical rotation speed of 800 to 900 RPM.

3.3.4 Reaming

Reaming was not completed during the drilling of DGR-5 but was completed on two separate occasions during the drilling of DGR-6. Once directional coring was completed in DGR-6, the borehole was enlarged from 76mm diameter to 123mm diameter over the interval from 516.3 to 641.6 mLBGS to accommodate P-size coring equipment for the remainder of the borehole. The borehole enlargement was completed using a reaming tool consisting of a bullnose and progressive bit configuration.

Similarly, following completion of coring in DGR-6 to TD, the borehole was enlarged from 123mm to 143mm over the interval from 516.3 to 903.2 mLBGS to accommodate borehole geophysics and hydraulic testing equipment. The borehole enlargement was completed using a reaming tool consisting of a pilot P-size drill bit followed by a reaming bit.

3.4 Borehole and Casing Sizes

In order to meet the casing requirements of the MNR Standards, multiple telescoped-casing installations were necessary to provide a permanent seal and effectively isolate the various aquifers within the Devonian and Silurian formations and to provide suitable blow-out prevention in the event of drilling through a gas-pressurized zone. Table 1 summarizes the final borehole diameter and casing sizes for both DGR-5 and DGR-6.

Table 1 Summary of Borehole and Casing Sizes for DGR-5 and DGR-6

Casing String/Borehole	Bottom Depth		Borehole Diameter		Casing Size (OD)	
	(mLBGS)	(inch)	(mm)	(inch)	(mm)	
DGR-5						
surface conductor casing	22.3	12 ¾	324	12 ¾	324	
surface casing	37.7	11 ⅝	295	9 ⅝	245	
intermediate BOP casing	206	8 ¾	222	7	178	
main borehole	807.2	5 ⅝	143	open hole		
DGR-6						
Surface conductor casing	20.8	12 ¾	324	12 ¾	324	
Surface casing	34.2	11 ⅝	295	9 ⅝	245	
intermediate BOP casing	212.5	8 ¾	222	7	178	
main borehole	903.2	5 ⅝	143	open hole		

Figure 3 and Figure 4 show the sequence of drilling sizes and permanent casing installations for DGR-5 and DGR-6, respectively. Each drilling and casing program is discussed in further detail below.

3.4.1 DGR-5 Drilling and Casing Sequencing

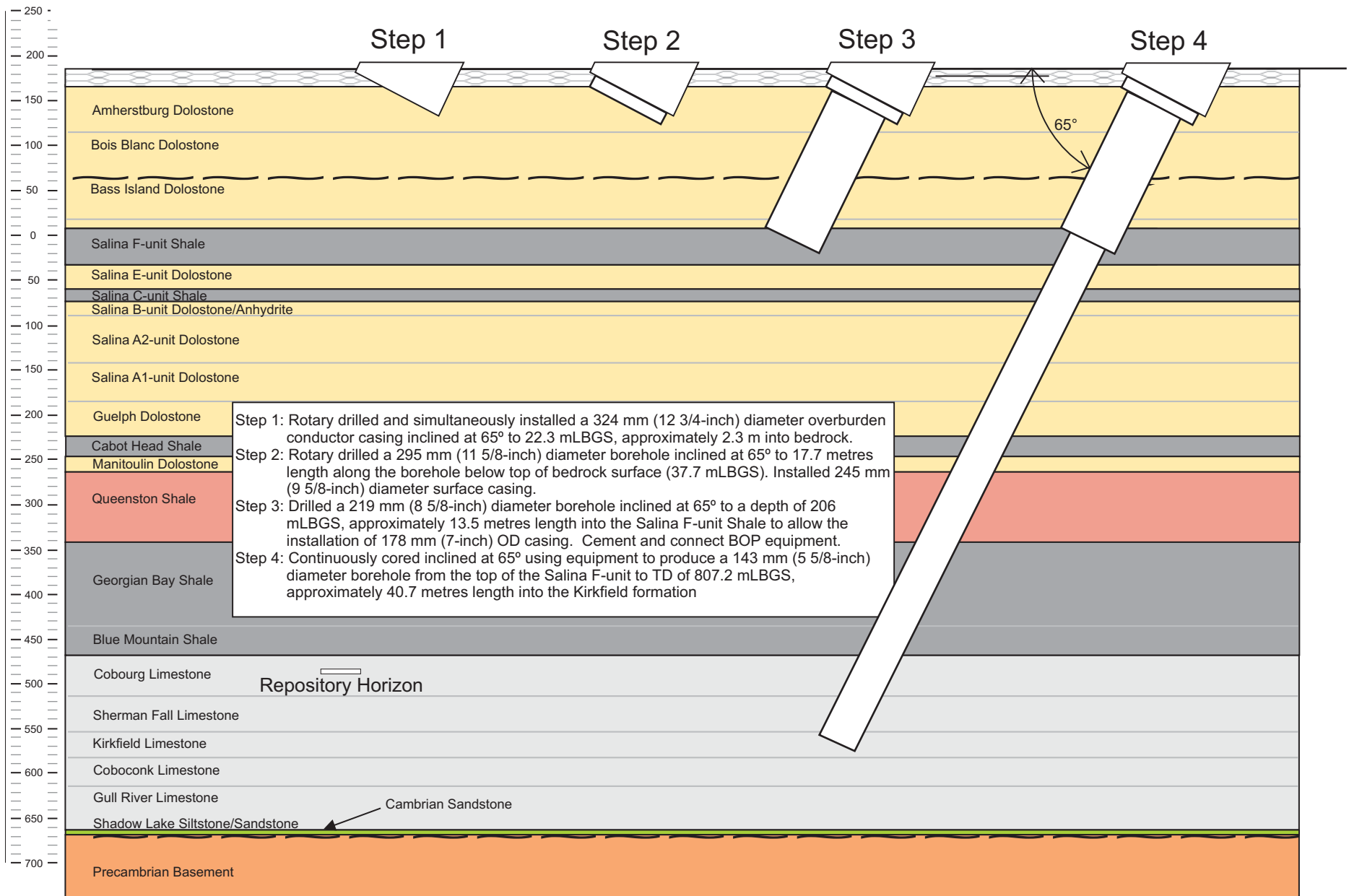
As shown in Figure 3, DGR-5 was drilled in the following manner:

- Step 1:* Dual rotary drilled and simultaneously installed a 324mm (12 ¾-inch) diameter surface conductor casing (inclined at 65° from horizontal) to 22.3 mLBGS, approximately 2.3 m into bedrock.
- Step 2:* Rotary drilled a 295mm (11 ⅝-inch) diameter borehole (inclined at 65° from horizontal) using air-rotary techniques with a tri-cone drill bit to 37.7 mLBGS (approximately 17.7 metres length along the borehole below top of bedrock). Installed 245mm (9 ⅝-inch) diameter surface casing from bottom of borehole (casing sitting on bottom at 37.7 mLBGS), extending above ground surface.
- Step 3:* Rotary drilled a 219mm (8 ⅝-inch) diameter borehole (inclined at 65° from horizontal) using traced freshwater drill fluid with a tri-cone drill bit to 206.4 mLBGS (approximately 13.9 metres length into the Salina Formation F Unit shale). Installed 178mm (7-inch) diameter steel casing (control string) for blow-out prevention (casing hung approximately 0.4 m above bottom of borehole).
- Step 4:* Continuously cored 143mm (5 ⅝-inch) diameter borehole from 206.4 mLBGS to total depth of 807.2 mLBGS (approximately 40.7 metres length into the Kirkfield Formation).

3.4.2 DGR-6 Drilling and Casing Sequencing

Similarly, Figure 4 shows the steps completed during bedrock drilling at DGR-6:

- Step 1:* Dual rotary drilled and simultaneously installed a 324mm (12 ¾-inch) diameter surface conductor casing (inclined at 60° from horizontal) to 20.8 mLBGS, approximately 3.9 m into bedrock.
- Step 2:* Rotary drilled a 295mm (11 ⅝-inch) diameter borehole (inclined at 60° from horizontal) using air-rotary techniques with a tri-cone drill bit to 34.2 mLBGS (approximately 17.3 metres length along the borehole below top of bedrock). Installed 245mm (9 ⅝-inch) diameter surface casing from bottom of borehole (casing sitting on bottom at 34.2 mLBGS), extending above ground surface.
- Step 3:* Rotary drilled a 219mm (8 ⅝-inch) diameter borehole (inclined at 60° from horizontal) using traced freshwater drill fluid with a tri-cone drill bit to 213.1 mLBGS (approximately 10.1 metres length into the Salina Formation F Unit shale). Installed a 178mm (7-inch) diameter intermediate casing for blow-out



Drilling and Casing Installation Sequence - Inclined Boreholes DGR-5

FIGURE 3

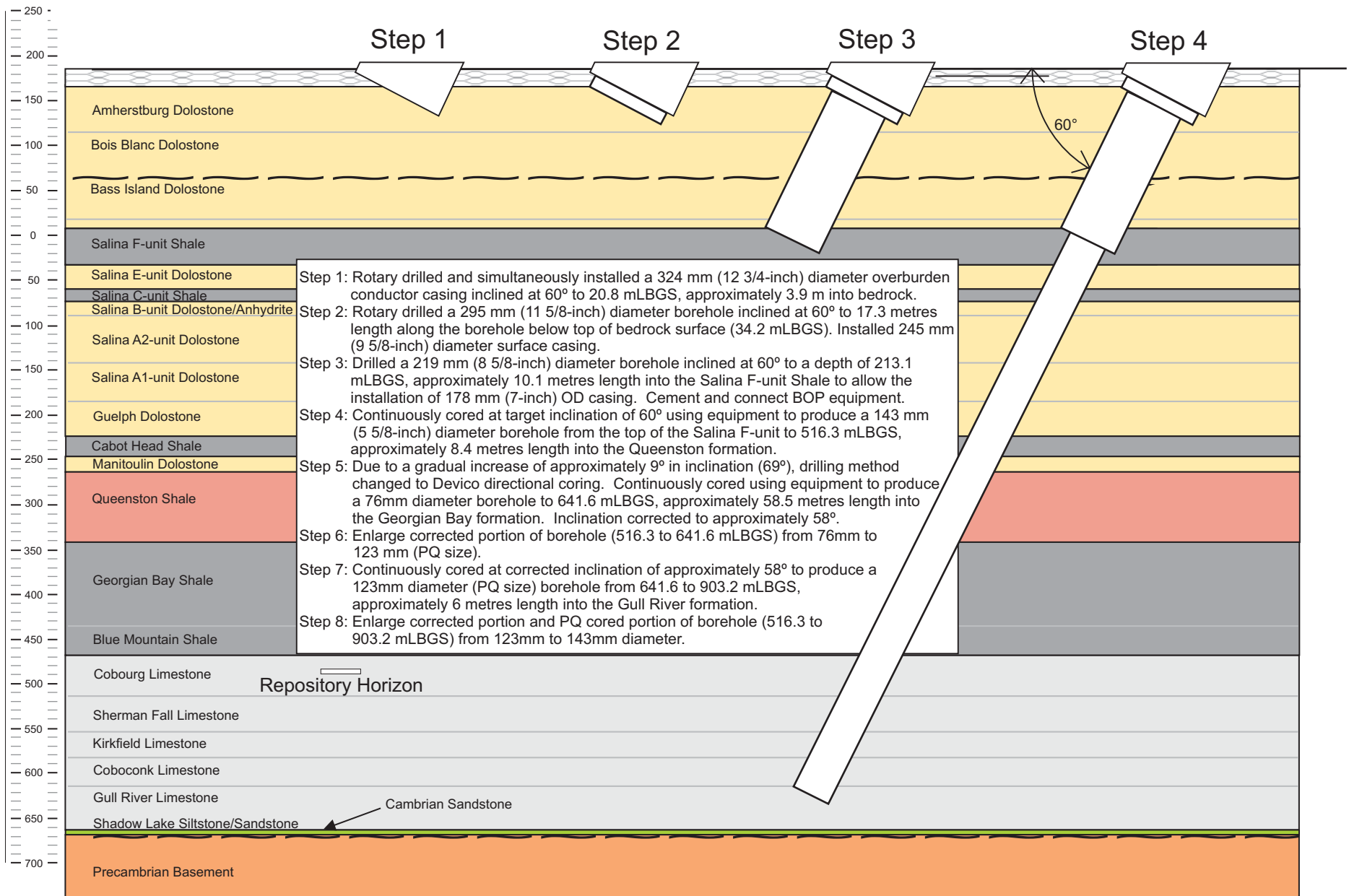
Doc. No.: TR-09-01_Figure 3_R0.cdr

Prepared by: NMP

Reviewed by: GDB

Date: Feb 18, 2010





Drilling and Casing Installation Sequence - Inclined Boreholes DGR-6

Prepared by: ADG

Reviewed by: GDB

Date: June 22, 2010

FIGURE 4

Doc. No.: TR-09-01_Figure 4_R0.cdr

prevention (casing hung approximately 0.6 m above bottom of borehole).

Step 4: Continuously cored 143mm (5 7/8-inch) diameter borehole (at a target inclination of 60° from horizontal) from 213.1 mLBS to a depth of 516.3 mLBS (approximately 8.4 metres length into the Queenston Formation).

Step 5: Borehole orientation correction using Devico directional coring equipment. Continuously cored using equipment to produce a 76mm diameter borehole from 516.3 mLBS to 641.6 mLBS (approximately 58.5 metres length into the Georgian Bay formation). Final borehole correction of approximately -11.4° plunge from horizontal (69° to 57.6°) and approximately -17.1° azimuth from magnetic north (91° to 73.9°).

Step 6: Enlarge the corrected portion of the borehole (516.3 to 641.6 mLBS) from 76mm to 123mm (PQ-size) in diameter.

Step 7: Continuously cored a 123mm diameter borehole (at the corrected plunge of approximately 58° from horizontal) from 641.6 mLBS to a total depth of 903.2 mLBS (approximately 6 metres length into the Gull River Formation).

Step 8: Enlarge the corrected portion and PQ cored portion of the borehole (516.3 to 903.2 mLBS) from 123mm to 143mm diameter.

3.4.3 Casing Installation Methods

All casing strings were installed in accordance with the procedures outlined in TP-08-20 (Intera Engineering Ltd., 2010a). The following procedures apply to all casing types installed:

- Centralizers were installed at sufficient depths on the surface and intermediate casing to ensure the casing was centred in the borehole. Centralizers were not required for the surface conductor casing.
- Surface conductor and surface steel casing joints were welded. Intermediate casing was flush-jointed threaded steel casing. All casing materials were new.

The following procedures describe the installation of 324mm surface conductor casing:

- Surface conductor casing was installed using dual-rotary drilling technology by Davidson Drilling.
- The casing was fitted with a carbide-studded casing shoe, welded to the casing bottom, which cuts through the overburden and into the top of the bedrock. The casing was rotated and advanced with the drill string by a secondary lower rotary drive. No cementing of the conductor casing was required as no annular space is created using this drilling method.

The following procedures describe the installation of 245mm surface casing:

- Surface casing was installed to bottom of borehole (i.e. casing sitting on bottom) and cemented by Davidson Drilling.
- Cementing procedures involved pumping a sufficient amount of 16 lb neat Portland cement into the annulus using a stinger pipe assembly until cement was seen at surface in the borehole annulus.
- Cement samples were collected by Geofirma personnel to represent the cement at the beginning and end of the cement job. The samples were inspected for consistency and allowed to cure for 24 hours prior to a final inspection to ensure proper curing. All samples passed inspection.
- The cement in the borehole was allowed to cure for 24 hours prior to performing an annular cement level check or re-entering the borehole to commence bedrock drilling below the bottom of casing.
- The cement level in the annulus between the surface conductor casing and the surface casing was measured to determine if remedial cementing operations were required. No remedial cementing operations were required in DGR-5 or DGR-6.

The following procedures describe the installation of 178mm BOP control casing:

- The BOP control casing strings were installed by Davidson Drilling.
- The BOP casing cementing operations were completed by Schlumberger Canada Limited based in London, Ontario.
- The BOP casing cement completions were inspected by an MNR certified well examiner. Copies of each well examiner report are included in Appendix B.
- Casing was raised above bottom of borehole by approximately 0.4 m (DGR-5) and 0.6 m (DGR-6) to ensure proper cement seal below steel casing and was extended above ground surface.
- The cementing procedure involved injecting Class 'G' neat cement containing 2% CaCl₂ by weight with a minimum of 100% excess cement down the inside of the casing, below a wiper plug and using positive displacement methods to force cement to rise up the annulus between the casing and the borehole wall.
- Cement/grout samples were collected to represent the cement at the beginning, middle and end of the cement job. The samples were inspected for consistency and allowed to cure for 24 hours prior to a final inspection to ensure proper curing. All samples passed inspection.
- The cement in the borehole was allowed to cure for a minimum of 24 hours before performing annular cement level check or re-entering the borehole to commence bedrock drilling below the bottom of casing.
- The cement level in the annulus between the intermediate and surface casing was measured to determine if remedial cementing operations were required. No remedial cementing was required in DGR-5 or DGR-6.
- Cement bond logs (sonic borehole geophysical logs) were completed over the cemented area to assess the integrity of the cementing seal. Bond logs were completed by Weatherford Canada based in Dresden, Ontario (DGR-5) and Lotowater Technical Services Inc. based in Paris, Ontario (DGR-6). The bond logs indicated that the integrity of the cement seal was satisfactory in both DGR-5 and DGR-6.

3.5 Drilling Conditions

The overburden at DGR-5 and DGR-6 consisted of gravel fill underlain by brown/grey sandy silt till with basal gravel over the upper weathered contact of the Lucas Formation dolostone. Top of weathered bedrock was encountered at depths of 20.0 mBGS (22.3 mLBS) and 14.4 mBGS (16.9 mLBS) for DGR-5 and DGR-6, respectively.

3.5.1 Rock Quality

Table 2 lists the rock quality descriptions for core and bedrock formations, including RQD (Rock Quality Designation), used in this report that are determined from core logging data based on International Society for Rock Mechanics (ISRM, 1978) guidance.

Table 2 Summary of Rock Quality Descriptions and Fracture Frequency

<i>RQD (%)</i>	<i>Core Quality Description</i>	<i>Natural Fracture Frequency (/m)</i>	<i>Formation Fracture Description</i>
0-25	Very Poor	>10	Highly Fractured
25-50	Poor	>1.0-10	Moderately Fractured
50-75	Fair	0.5-1.0	Sparsely Fractured
75-90	Good	<0.5	Very Sparsely Fractured
90-100	Excellent	0	Unfractured

RQD values determined for the 76-mm-diameter core from DGR boreholes were calculated as the sum of lengths of core greater than 15 cm length (i.e., twice the core diameter) excluding artificial breaks (i.e. drilling-induced breaks), divided by length of hole drilled per core run (i.e. not recovery). Core recovery is defined as the length of core recovered per length of hole drilled per core run. Core runs were typically 3.00 or 3.05 m in length. Natural fracture frequency was calculated as the total number of identified natural fractures divided by the length of recovered core.

Tables 3 and 4 summarize the % recovery, RQD and natural fracture frequency data determined from core logging of DGR-5 and DGR-6, respectively, as described in Section 4.3. These tables list the minimum, maximum and arithmetic mean values for these parameters grouped by formation and unit.

Table 3 Summary of Discontinuity Logging in DGR-5

<i>Formation</i>	<i>% Recovery</i>			<i>% RQD</i>			<i>Natural Fracture Frequency (/m)</i>		
	<i>Min</i>	<i>Max</i>	<i>Mean</i>	<i>Min</i>	<i>Max</i>	<i>Mean</i>	<i>Min</i>	<i>Max</i>	<i>Mean</i>
Lucas + Amherstburg Formations	Not cored								
Bois Blanc Formation									
Bass Islands Formation									
Salina Formation - G Unit									
Salina Formation - F Unit	87%	100%	98%	76%	100%	92%	0.00	2.62	1.12
Salina Formation - E Unit	97%	100%	99%	95%	100%	98%	0.33	2.31	1.17
Salina Formation - D Unit + C Unit	89%	100%	97%	87%	100%	96%	0.00	0.00	0.00
Salina Formation - B Unit	98%	100%	100%	87%	100%	96%	0.00	2.62	1.53
Salina Formation - A2 Unit	88%	100%	99%	84%	100%	98%	0.00	0.66	0.11
Salina Formation - A1 Unit + A0 Unit	99%	100%	100%	87%	100%	97%	0.00	1.64	0.33
Guelph, Goat Island, Gasport, Lions Head, Fossil Hill Formations	100%	100%	100%	98%	100%	100%	0.00	0.98	0.28
Cabot Head Formation	19%	100%	82%	8%	100%	77%	0.00	0.77	0.14
Manitoulin Formation	98%	100%	99%	97%	100%	99%	0.00	0.00	0.00
Queenston Formation	98%	100%	100%	96%	100%	99%	0.00	0.66	0.15
Georgian Bay Formation	20%	100%	97%	0%	100%	96%	0.00	1.31	0.18
Blue Mountain Formation	100%	100%	100%	68%	100%	97%	0.00	1.31	0.21
Cobourg Formation - Collingwood Member	100%	100%	100%	98%	100%	99%	0.00	1.97	0.98
Cobourg Formation - Lower Member	100%	100%	100%	98%	100%	100%	0.00	0.66	0.23
Sherman Fall Formation	100%	100%	100%	95%	100%	99%	0.00	1.64	0.20
Kirkfield Formation	100%	100%	100%	98%	100%	100%	0.00	0.00	0.00
Coboconk Formation	Not cored								
Gull River Formation									
Shadow Lake Formation									
Cambrian Sandstone									
Precambrian									

Table 4 Summary of Discontinuity Logging in DGR-6

Formation	% Recovery			% RQD			Natural Fracture Frequency (/m)		
	Min	Max	Mean	Min	Max	Mean	Min	Max	Mean
Lucas + Amherstburg Formations	Not cored								
Bois Blanc Formation									
Bass Islands Formation									
Salina Formation - G Unit									
Salina Formation - F Unit	25%	100%	91%	0%	100%	84%	0.00	4.92	1.39
Salina Formation - E Unit	100%	100%	100%	98%	100%	99%	0.00	0.98	0.42
Salina Formation - D Unit + C Unit	97%	100%	99%	96%	100%	98%	0.00	1.97	0.79
Salina Formation - B Unit	100%	100%	100%	96%	100%	99%	0.00	1.38	0.29
Salina Formation - A2 Unit	100%	100%	100%	71%	100%	97%	0.00	3.11	0.72
Salina Formation - A1 Unit + A0 Unit	100%	100%	100%	97%	100%	100%	0.00	1.31	0.26
Guelph, Goat Island, Gasport, Lions Head, Fossil Hill Formations	100%	100%	100%	97%	100%	99%	0.00	0.66	0.15
Cabot Head Formation	100%	100%	100%	74%	100%	96%	0.00	0.98	0.32
Manitoulin Formation	100%	100%	100%	99%	100%	100%	0.33	0.66	0.52
Queenston Formation	80%	100%	99%	47%	100%	97%	0.00	1.38	0.12
Georgian Bay Formation	90%	100%	100%	63%	100%	97%	0.00	1.33	0.22
Blue Mountain Formation	100%	100%	100%	73%	100%	98%	0.00	1.67	0.24
Cobourg Formation - Collingwood Member	100%	100%	100%	98%	100%	99%	0.00	0.00	0.00
Cobourg Formation - Lower Member	100%	100%	100%	99%	100%	100%	0.00	0.00	0.00
Sherman Fall Formation	100%	100%	100%	95%	100%	99%	0.00	0.33	0.03
Kirkfield Formation	100%	100%	100%	98%	100%	100%	0.00	0.67	0.05
Coboconk Formation	100%	100%	100%	98%	100%	100%	0.00	0.00	0.00
Gull River Formation	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	0.00	0.00	0.00
Shadow Lake Formation	Not cored								
Cambrian Sandstone									
Precambrian									

All bedrock formations continuously cored at DGR-5 and DGR-6 exhibited strong structural quality measurements. This is evidenced by the structural bedrock quality measurements (high % recovery, high rock quality designation (RQD), and low natural fracture frequency). These measurements were collected during core logging activities as discussed in Section 4.3.2 and are illustrated in the borehole logs for DGR-5 (Appendix C) and DGR-6 (Appendix D). DGR-5 and DGR-6 were rotary drilled from ground surface to the Salina Formation F Unit therefore an assessment of rock quality was not completed for that interval.

The percent core recovery for all formations cored in DGR-5 and DGR-6 typically ranged between 91-100%, with the exception of the Cabot Head Formation in DGR-5, which had an average recovery of 82%. The RQD recorded in DGR-5 and DGR-6 typically ranged between 92-100%, with the exception of the Cabot Head Formation in DGR-5, which had an RQD of 77% and the Salina Formation – F Unit in DGR-6, which had an RQD of 84%. Some low core recovery and RQD values (<10%) in the Ordovician shales and limestones are due to core grinding during drilling. The natural fracture frequencies measured in DGR-5 and DGR-6 were generally less than 0.5 natural fractures per metre. A few exceptions to this are noted below:

DGR-5

- Salina Formation – F Unit had a fracture frequency of 1.12 fractures per metre.
- Salina Formation – E Unit had a fracture frequency of 1.17 fractures per metre.
- Salina Formation – B Unit had a fracture frequency of 1.53 fractures per metre.
- Cobourg Formation - Collingwood Member had a fracture frequency of 0.98 fractures per metre.

DGR-6

- Salina Formation – F Unit had a fracture frequency of 1.39 fractures per metre.
- Salina Formation - D Unit + C Unit had a fracture frequency of 0.79 fractures per metre.
- Manitoulin Formation had a fracture frequency of 0.52 fractures per metre.

The natural fracture frequency of Silurian formations and Ordovician shales in inclined boreholes DGR-5 and DGR-6 is not noticeably different than in the vertical boreholes DGR-1 to DGR-4. This suggests the frequency of sub-vertical or inclined fractures in DGR boreholes is not significantly greater than the frequency of sub-horizontal fractures.

Although not reflected in the RQD or natural fracture frequency plots, the degree and extent of brecciation of the Salina B to E Units due to paleo-dissolution of the B and D Unit salts was observed to be greater in DGR-6 core than in other DGR cores. This increased brecciation resulted in decreased confidence in the top of formation picks in DGR-6 for the Salina B, C, D and E Units.

3.5.2 Zones of Drilling Fluid Loss

During coring activities, the volume of drilling fluids in circulation tanks at ground surface were manually monitored during each core run using a graduated measuring staff with 1-inch increments to help identify significant permeable bedrock zones where the volume in the tanks dropped. While drilling at DGR-5 and DGR-6 the only significant zones of drilling fluid loss were above the Salina Formation – G Unit during rotary drilling operations, however, drilling fluid loss into formations above the Salina - G Unit were not quantified. Drilling fluid loss below the Salina – G Unit during coring operations was typically between 0.0-0.2 m³ in DGR-5 and DGR-6, with most of the fluid loss suspected to be the permeable aquifers found at the top of the Salina A1 Unit and the Guelph Formation.

In addition, there were two permeable intervals where drilling fluid loss was approximately 1 m³ per core run or greater, and these include:

DGR-5:

- 357-364 mLBS in the Salina Formation A1 Unit (up to 1 m³ / core run);

DGR-6:

- 370-415 mLBS in the Salina Formation A1 Unit (up to 1.5 m³ / core run);
- 481-483 mLBS in the Cabot Head Formation (up to 1.5m³ / core run).

3.5.3 Hydrocarbon Occurrences

Trace amounts of oil and gas occurrence was observed during the drilling of DGR-5 and DGR-6 which is consistent with drilling results of DGR-1 through DGR-4. Also similar to DGR-1 through DGR-4, evidence of hydrocarbon within core collected from DGR boreholes was noted either as bituminous laminations, hydrocarbon odour or minor oil seepage from pores. Table 5 summarizes these observations from DGR-5 and DGR-6 and

Table 5 Summary of Hydrocarbon Evidence in DGR-5 and DGR-6 Cores

<i>Formation, Member, Unit</i>	<i>Bituminous Layering</i>		<i>Petroliferous Odour</i>		<i>Trace of Visible Oil Seepage</i>	
	<i>DGR-5</i>	<i>DGR-6</i>	<i>DGR-5</i>	<i>DGR-6</i>	<i>DGR-5</i>	<i>DGR-6</i>
Lucas Formation	No coring, no assessment					
Amherstburg Formation						
Bois Blanc Formation						
Bass Islands Formation						
Salina Formation - G Unit						
Salina Formation - F Unit						
Salina Formation - E Unit		✓				
Salina Formation - D Unit						
Salina Formation - C Unit		✓				
Salina Formation - B Unit Carbonate		✓		✓		
Salina Formation - B Unit Evaporite						
Salina Formation - A2 Unit Carbonate	✓	✓	✓			
Salina Formation - A2 Unit Evaporite						
Salina Formation - A1 Unit Carbonate	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Salina Formation - A1 Unit Evaporite						
Salina Formation - A0 Unit	✓	✓				✓
Guelph Formation			✓		✓	
Goat Island Formation	✓	✓				
Gasport Formation	✓					
Lions Head Formation						
Fossil Hill Formation						
Cabot Head Formation						
Manitoulin Formation			✓			
Queenston Formation						
Georgian Bay Formation				✓		
Blue Mountain Formation		✓	✓	✓		✓
Cobourg Formation - Collingwood Member			✓			
Cobourg Formation - Lower Member			✓	✓		
Sherman Fall Formation			✓	✓		
Kirkfield Formation	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓
Coboconk Formation		✓		✓		✓
Gull River Formation		✓		✓		✓
Shadow Lake Formation	No coring, no assessment					
Cambrian Sandstone						
Precambrian basement						

Note: shaded areas indicate that no core was collected from this formation, therefore no assessment made

indicates that bituminous layering was observed throughout many of the carbonate bedrock units within the Salina Formations (E, C, B, A2, A1, and A0), the Guelph, Goat Island, Gasport, Manitoulin, Blue Mountain, Kirkfield, Coboconk and Gull River Formations. Hydrocarbon odours, although less diagnostic, were evidenced primarily in the lower Salina Formation carbonate units (B, A2, A1, and A0), Guelph, Manitoulin, the lower Ordovician shales (Georgian Bay and Blue Mountain Formations) and the entire sequence of Trenton and Black River Groups of limestones (Collingwood, Cobourg, Sherman Fall, Kirkfield, Coboconk and Gull River Formations). The more obvious oil seepage from pore spaces in the cores was evident in DGR-5 within the Salina Formation A1 carbonate unit and Guelph Formation and was most evident in DGR-6 within the carbonate units of the lower Salina Formation (A1 and A0), the Blue Mountain Formation shale, and the Ordovician limestones of the Kirkfield, Coboconk and Gull River Formations.

3.6 Borehole Testing

3.6.1 Borehole Orientation Measurements While Drilling

DGR-5 and DGR-6 were designed as inclined boreholes with azimuths of 190 degrees (DGR-5) and 80 degrees (DGR-6) and plunges of 65 degrees from horizontal (DGR-5) and 60 degrees from horizontal (DGR-6). To ensure each borehole maintained its targeted orientation, frequent measurements of azimuth and plunge were completed using a variety of tools depending on the type of drilling equipment being used in various sections of the borehole. All borehole orientation equipment was operated from surface using a wireline to lower the tool inside of the drill rods to the targeted depth. The tools measured the borehole azimuth (angle clockwise from magnetic north) and borehole plunge (angle below horizontal) at the measurement depth.

Figures 5 and 6 show the consistency of borehole azimuth and plunge measurements collected during drilling operations from DGR-5 and DGR-6 using the various tools. Information from these borehole orientations provided real-time data during drilling that were used to adjust the position of stabilizers within the drilling string, to determine when a borehole orientation correction was required in DGR-6, and to determine when DGR-5 and DGR-6 had passed through their target intervals. Final borehole orientations were measured using higher accuracy and precision downhole geophysical logging tools (i.e. acoustic televiewer) and are further discussed and presented in TR-09-03: Borehole Geophysical Logging of DGR-5 and DGR-6 (Geofirma Engineering Ltd., 2011c).

A summary of the borehole orientation equipment used in DGR-5 and DGR-6 includes:

- **FlexIT MultiSmart™ Tool**, an electronic tool capable of measuring borehole orientation (azimuth and plunge) in a non-magnetic environment (i.e. outside of drilling rods), manufactured by FlexIT Instruments based in Vallentuna, Sweden. FlexIT Instruments is part of the downhole instrumentation division of Imdex Limited, a Western Australian company. The FlexIT MultiSmart™ tool was operated by Geofirma staff with assistance from Davidson to lower the tool on a wireline. The FlexIT MultiSmart™ tool is capable of operating as a single-shot (one measurement per run down borehole) or multi-shot (continuous measurements at a timed interval as the tool moves up or down the borehole) tool.
 - Single-shot measurements were collected approximately every 20 to 45 m while rotary drilling the upper 206 mLBS of DGR-5 and upper 213 mLBS of DGR-6; above the installation depth for the intermediate BOP casing in the Salina Formation F Unit shale. These individual point measurements provided information on borehole orientation while drilling which assisted in making decisions (i.e. changing drilling parameters, repositioning stabilizers, directional drilling) and allow for corrective action as necessary to maintain the borehole direction within specifications.
 - A multi-shot survey was completed over the entire rotary-drilled depth range from approximately 30 mLBS (top of bedrock) to the bottom of intermediate BOP casing installations at 206 mLBS in DGR-5 and 213 mLBS in DGR-6. This multi-shot survey was used to confirm the individual point measurements collected during single-shot surveys and provide an updated survey of the borehole prior to setting casing.

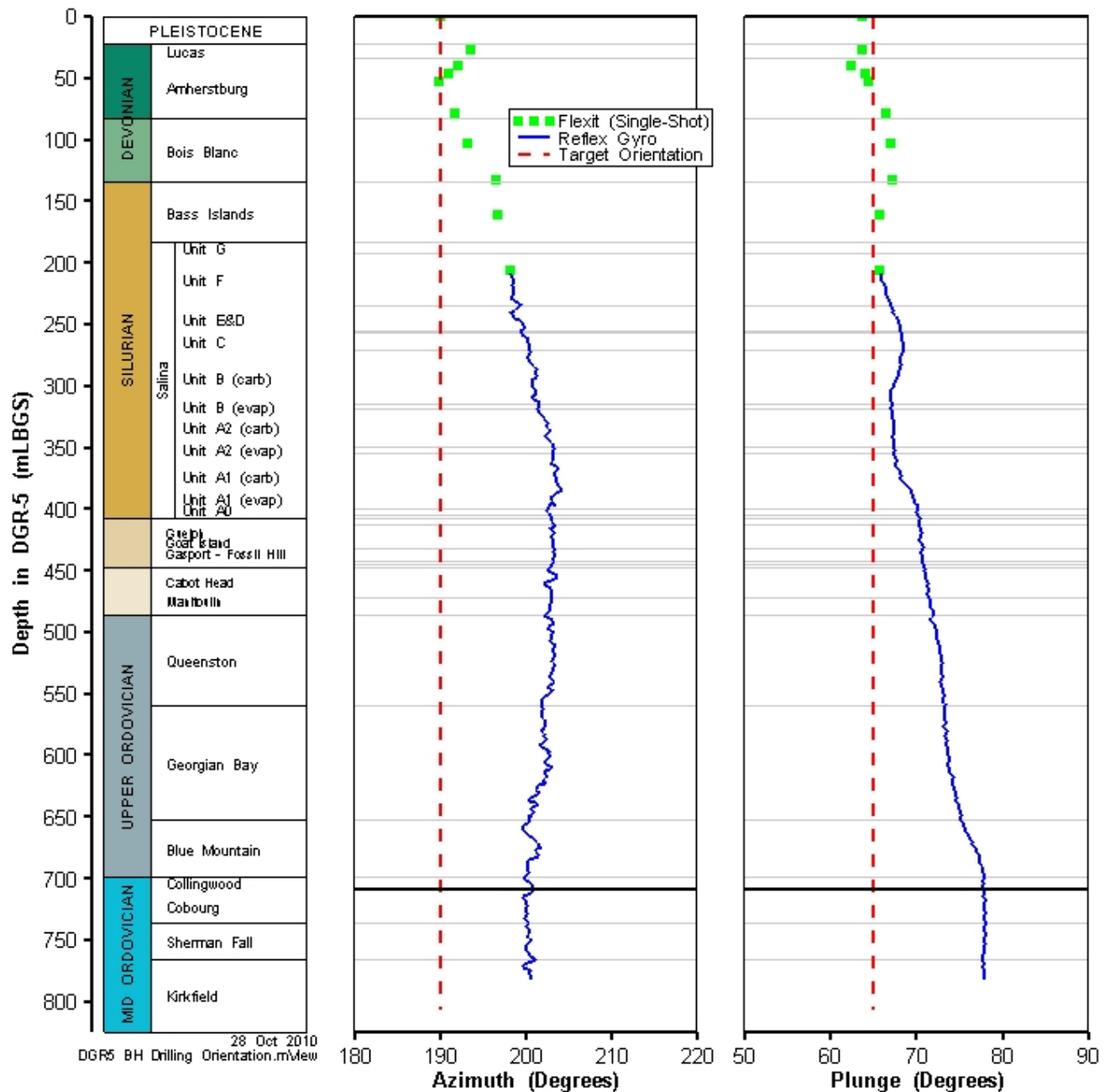


Figure 5 Summary of Borehole Orientation Measurements while Drilling DGR-5

- Reflex Gyro™ Tool**, an electronic gyroscopic tool that measures borehole orientation (azimuth and plunge) in both magnetic and non-magnetic environments (i.e. capable of measuring inside of drill rods), manufactured by Reflex Instruments based near Timmons, Ontario. Reflex Instruments is also part of the downhole instrumentation division of Imdex Limited, a Western Australian company. Reflex Gyro™ surveys were completed approximately every 15 to 25 m of coring (every 5 to 8 core runs) with more frequent surveys completed when additional information was required in order to make decisions pertaining to borehole orientation corrective action. During each gyro survey, borehole orientation (azimuth and dip) measurements were recorded every 2 or 5 m with more closely spaced data collected when larger deviations from targeted azimuth and borehole plunge were anticipated. Individual gyro surveys were

completed over each newly cored section of borehole (15 to 25 m) plus a minimum of three overlapping data points with the previous survey results to ensure consistency and duplication.

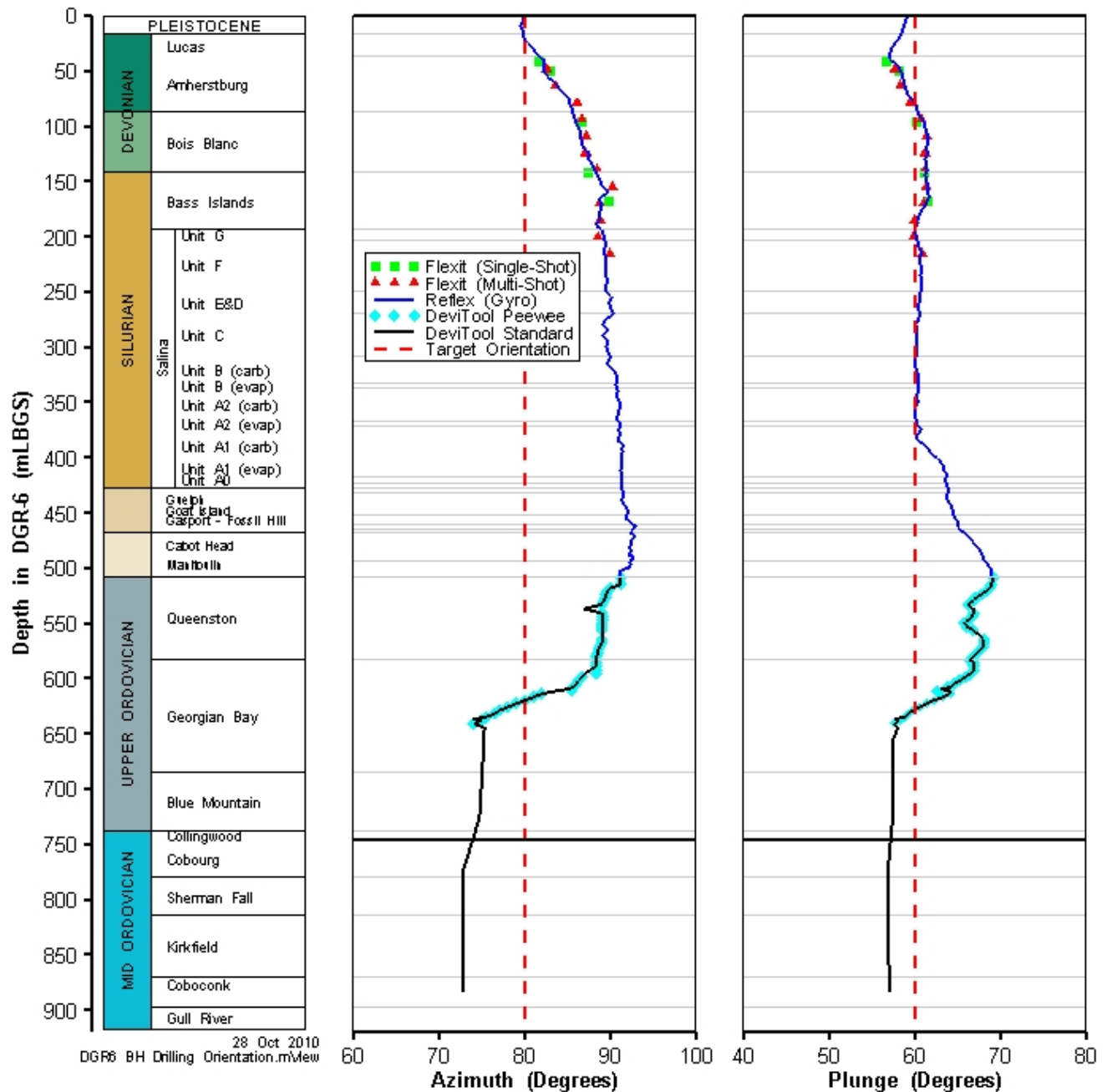


Figure 6 Summary of Borehole Orientation Measurements while Drilling DGR-6

- **DeviTool™ Standard**, an electronic multi-shot survey instrument that is operated inside of the DeviDrill™ core barrel while drilling, manufactured by Devico AS based in Melhus, Norway. The DeviTool™ Standard was operated by IDS with assistance from Layne Christensen to lower the tool on a wireline. IDS used the DeviTool™ Standard during directional coring operations in DGR-6 between 516.3 and 641.6 mLBGS. Initially it was used to complete a series of single-shot borehole orientation tests at a depth of approximately 516.3 mLBGS to provide a baseline direction (azimuth and plunge) prior to starting directional coring. Subsequently, IDS completed a single-shot reading at the start of each core run and at the end of each run

(i.e. every 3 m), thereby providing duplicate readings for every measurement position (start of core run # 2 is the same position as the end of core run #1) to ensure accuracy and allow for adjustments to be made as necessary.

- **DeviTool™ Peewee**, a miniature version of the DeviTool™ Standard, also manufactured by Devico AS in Norway. The DeviTool™ Peewee uses three high-accuracy magnetometers and accelerometers and was used to collect single-shot measurements of borehole orientation (azimuth and plunge) in an open borehole with the core barrel removed. IDS collected measurements using the DeviTool™ Peewee less frequently (i.e. every 15 to 45 m in the directional cored borehole) to verify the DeviTool Std. measurements.

3.6.2 Other Borehole Tests

Following drilling operations at each borehole, several other tests were completed in the boreholes, and are described in detail in the following Technical Reports:

- TR-09-03: Borehole Geophysical Logging of DGR-5 and DGR-6 (Geofirma Engineering Ltd., 2011c);
- TR-08-32: Analysis of Borehole Straddle Packer Tests in DGR Boreholes (Geofirma Engineering Ltd., 2011d).

4 Core Processing

Immediately following core retrieval to surface, the core was transported to the Core Receiving Trailer (CRT) where it was photographed, logged, sampled and transferred to a wooden core box for long-term storage. To minimize the potential for alteration of rock porewater chemistry from in-situ conditions or the creation of stress relief and weathering induced fractures, recovered core was processed as quickly as possible following core retrieval to surface. Generally, the cumulative elapsed times from core retrieval at surface (i.e. core barrel opened) until the completion of each sequential stage of core logging and sampling was: core photography (5 minutes), initial core logging and sample identification (5 to 10 minutes), sample preservation (10 to 30 minutes), detailed core logging (30 to 45 minutes), and core transfer into wooden core boxes (35 to 50 minutes).

Core runs were identified in sequential order from the first core run below BOP casing (207.92 mLBGS in DGR-5 and 214.81 mLBGS in DGR-6) and include the borehole identifier and start and finish depths (e.g. DGR-5, Core Run 070, Depth 410.07 to 413.12 mLBGS). All depths were referenced to ground surface as discussed in Section 3.1. In total, 202 core runs were completed in DGR-5 and 244 core runs were completed in DGR-6.

4.1 Core Orientation

An electronic core orientation device manufactured by Reflex Instruments (Reflex ACT Core Orientation Instrument) was used to help determine the orientation of each core run. This equipment is designed to provide highly accurate and consistent core orientations in broken formations and enabled the core barrel at surface to be oriented as it was last positioned downhole prior to retrieval. Once the core barrel is removed from the borehole and is properly oriented, the piece of core that is in the core catcher (or bottom of core barrel if there is no core in the catcher) was marked with a knife to indicate the bottom side of the core. As the core was removed from the core barrel the pieces were carefully fitted together ensuring that the bottom of core remained in line with the core orientation mark.

4.2 Core Photography

Prior to core logging and sampling, each core run was photographed using a high resolution digital SLR camera (Canon Rebel XT: 8.0 megapixel images) mounted on a specialized core photography table with dedicated lighting to minimize shadows and glare. Core photography was completed following the procedures as described in TP-09-01 (Intera Engineering Ltd., 2009b).

As described in Section 4.1 and prior to core photography, the core was rotated to orient the bottom surface (i.e. surface of core that was oriented downwards in core barrel) of the core towards the measuring tape on the core photography table such that this bottom surface will appear in the bottom of the core photos. This consistent core positioning ensured that the true angle of inclination of the bedding relative to the core axis is shown in the core photos.

A series of six photographs were taken at consistent, pre-set locations along each core run, each of which was designed to capture approximately 1/5 (0.61 m) of the full length core run (3.05 m) resulting in approximately 15 cm of overlap between adjacent pictures. Prior to core photography, the core was cleaned using a damp cloth moistened with traced drilling fluid to remove excess drill cuttings and mud. The cleaned core provided a damp surface that enabled high quality photos of the core features to be captured in detail. Figure E.1 (Appendix E) shows an example of the six sequential core run pictures for core run 78 from DGR-5 (434.47 to 437.52 mBGS).

Each core photograph includes:

- a core identification card providing the project number, borehole ID, date, depth below ground surface to the top of the core run in metres, and the core run number;
- a metric/imperial scale;
- a Kodak color control patch card;
- a number identifying the sequence of the picture in the core run (e.g. the first picture at the top of the core will be picture 1, the last picture at the bottom of the core will be picture 6); and,
- an arrow pointing downwards.

In addition to the series of six pictures capturing the complete core run prior to logging and sampling, core photographs were also collected for other purposes:

- Detailed close-up photographs of core features were also collected during core logging to capture evidence of various geological irregularities and features such as fractures, inclusions, precipitate, etc. Examples of these geological close-up core pictures are shown in Figure E.2 (Appendix E).
- Close-up pictures of each intact core sub-sample targeted for analyses taken immediately prior to preservation. These pictures capture an image of each core sample to reference during interpretation of core testing results and were collected following the procedures as described in TP-09-02: Core Sampling and Distribution in DGR-5 and DGR-6 (Intera Engineering Ltd., 2010b). A summary of core sampling is included in Section 4.4. Examples of these core sub-sample pictures are shown in Figure E.3 (Appendix E).
- Pictures of each complete core run taken after transfer into a wooden core box to provide a reference of sub-sample locations within a core run after core logging was complete. Examples of core box pictures are shown in Figure E.4 (Appendix E).

Digital photographs taken for these additional documentation purposes were collected using a hand-held digital camera.

The complete library of core photos is available on request on a set of DVDs.

4.3 Core Logging

Each core run was logged by geological staff trained in core logging of Paleozoic sedimentary bedrock in Ontario. Core logging was completed following the procedures described in TP-09-01 (Intera Engineering Ltd., 2009b). Core logging was continuous and included descriptions of bedrock lithology, stratigraphy, sedimentological features, structural and discontinuity characteristics, core sub-sample locations and comments

regarding any additional relevant observations made by the site geologist (i.e. information on drilling damage of core including core grinding, unevenness of core diameter, and locations and suspected cause of lost core). The final borehole logs for DGR-5 (Appendix C) and DGR-6 (Appendix D) were prepared using WellCAD software and summarize the geological information collected on the core logging sheets.

Core logging generally followed the guidelines of Armstrong and Carter (2006) for stratigraphic logging and nomenclature and ISRM (1978) for overall core quality and discontinuity descriptions. This approach remains consistent with the core logging and stratigraphic nomenclature established as part of Phase 1 and Phase 2A work. It is noteworthy, however, that the paperback Ontario Geological Survey open file report of Armstrong and Carter (2006) has recently been released as an updated and reformatted hard cover Special Volume publication (Armstrong and Carter, 2010). The subsurface bedrock stratigraphic nomenclature is generally the same in both of these publications, although Armstrong and Carter (2010) include an updated stratigraphic chart that removes the Middle Silurian and re-assigns the Middle Ordovician limestone units to the lower portion of the Upper Ordovician.

Following full core photography and prior to geological logging, two parallel lines were marked along the entire length of the core axis using permanent markers to provide a permanent record of core top and core bottom. Generally, red and black permanent markers were used with the red marker on the right (“red on right”) while looking from the bottom of the core towards the top. White and black wax pencils (“white on right”) were used on shale sections of core with a higher moisture content / softer surface that did not allow the permanent markers to adhere.

The black marker (or black wax pencil) line was drawn along the bottom of the core based on core orientation measurements, which will be used as the reference for determining the apparent dip direction of core discontinuities described in Section 4.3.3. On occasion either the core orientation equipment was not used (i.e. during directional coring using Devico equipment), did not provide a reliable “bottom of core”, or the pieces of core did not fit together such that the orientation of the continuous core could be determined. Under these circumstances, the black marker line was drawn along the top of the bedding plane ellipse, which served as the reference for determining the apparent dip direction of core discontinuities.

4.3.1 Stratigraphic and Sedimentological Logging

A separate core logging sheet was completed for each core run which included a brief description of stratigraphic and sedimentological observations such as:

- **primary rock type** (i.e. dolostone, limestone, shale, sandstone, etc.);
- **rock colour**;
- **rock texture** (fine/medium/coarse grained, sucrosic, etc.);
- **sedimentological features** (crystalline, lamination and bedding, mottling, stylolites, fossils, etc.);
- **secondary alterations** (halite/gypsum/anhydrite/chert, nodules/casts/bituminous/staining/precipitate, etc.);
- **porosity** (burrowed, mouldic, karstic, reefal, mineral infillings, etc.); and,
- evidence of **rock weathering or dolomitization**.

4.3.2 Discontinuity Logging

In addition, each core run was logged for discontinuity characteristics in accordance with ISRM suggested methods (ISRM, 1978), including:

- Identification of individual **natural fractures** and **artificial breaks** (during drilling or handling). As per ISRM guidance natural fractures were identified as having a generally smooth or somewhat weathered surface with soft coating or infilling materials such as clay, gypsum, calcite, anhydrite, iron oxide. Rough brittle surfaces with fresh cleavage planes in individual rock minerals were considered artificial breaks. To be conservative, questionable breaks along weakness planes such as bedding planes were logged as natural fractures as long as there was no evidence of rough drilling conditions.
- **Core recovery (%)** = length of core recovered / total length of core run;
- **Fracture frequency (#/m)** = total number of natural fractures per core run / length of core run;
- **Rock Quality Designation (RQD, %)** = total length of intact rock greater than 2 times the core diameter (ignoring artificial breaks) divided by the total length of core run (i.e. not recovery). As such, the calculations for RQD required attention to the various core diameters produced using different equipment in DGR-6 during borehole orientation correction;
- **Fracture apparent dip angle (alpha, 0-90°) and apparent dip direction (beta, 0-360°)** as described in Section 4.3.3;
- **Fracture roughness** (rough, smooth, slickensided, stepped, undulating, planar, etc.); and,
- **Fracture Infilling or staining** (colour, thickness and other relevant properties).

4.3.3 Fracture Orientation Logging

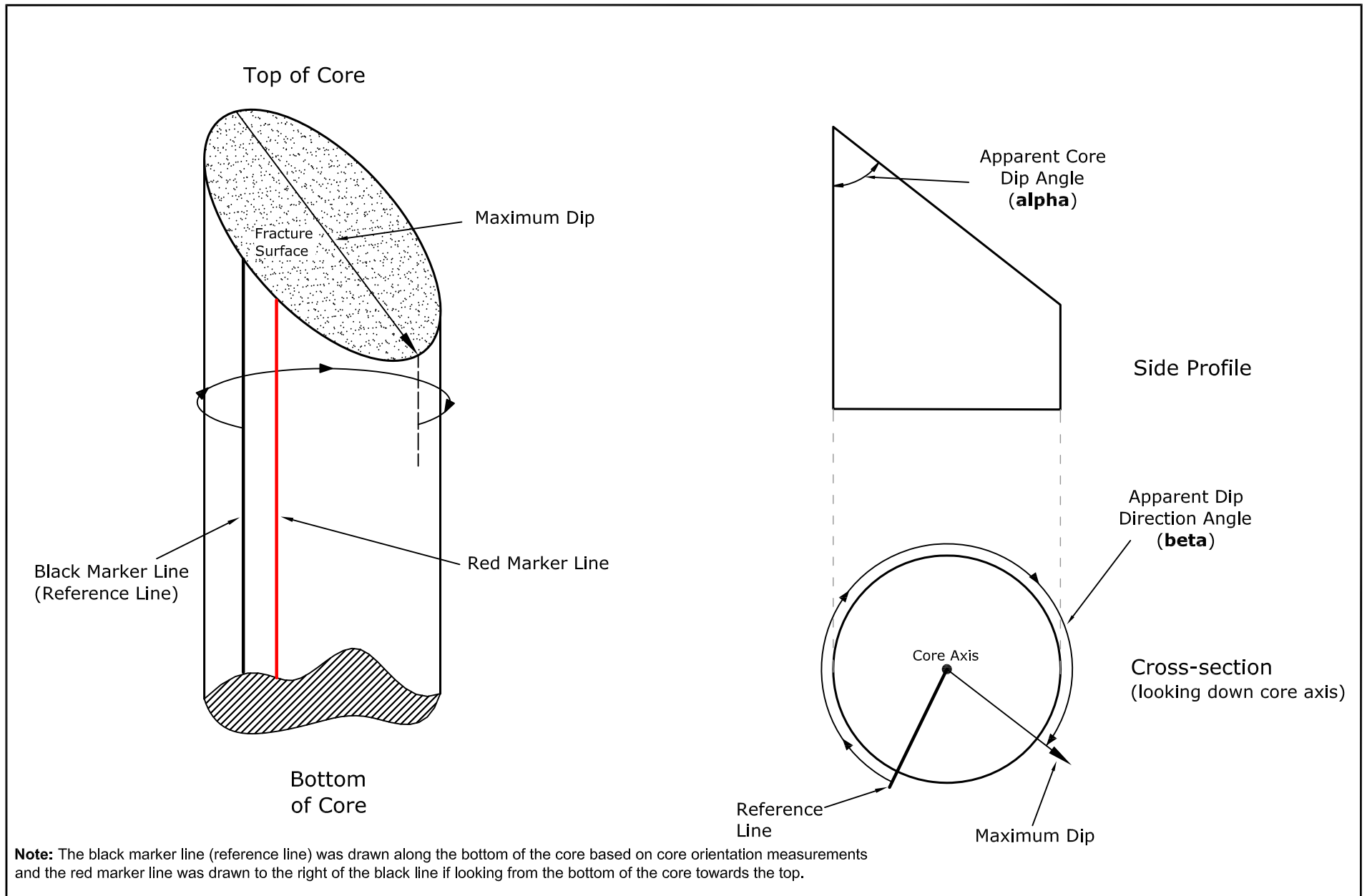
An apparent dip angle and apparent dip direction were measured for all natural fractures. The apparent dip angle, alpha, represents the angle between the core axis and the maximum dip of the core discontinuity and is therefore expressed as an angle between 0 and 90 degrees. The apparent dip direction, beta, is the angle measured clockwise from the black reference line to the bottom of the core discontinuity ellipse while looking down the core axis and is therefore expressed as an angle between 0 and 360 degrees. The measurements required for core orientation are illustrated in Figure 7.

Apparent dip angle (alpha) and apparent dip direction (beta) for all natural fractures identified in DGR-5 and DGR-6 core are presented graphically as part of the final borehole logs presented in Appendix C (DGR-5) and Appendix D (DGR-6). In these logs the fracture orientations are shown as tadpole plots with the symbol plotted against the scale (0-90°) shown at the top of the page representing the apparent dip angle (alpha) and the “tail” of the tadpole symbol representing the apparent dip direction (0-360°) from magnetic north where magnetic north (0°) is set to the top of the page.

The apparent dip angle and dip directions measured in the field were corrected by incorporating average borehole azimuth and plunge orientation collected during borehole geophysics described in TR-09-03 (Geofirma Engineering Ltd., 2011c) or gyro surveys completed by Geofirma staff concurrent with drilling described in Section 3.6.1. The true dip angle and dip direction for a given fracture was determined by entering borehole orientation data into the Rocscience DIPS (version 5.107) software package, which converts apparent measurements to true fracture orientations. Further analyses of fracture orientation logging is presented in TR-09-09: Oriented Core Logging of DGR-5 and DGR-6 (Geofirma Engineering Ltd., 2011e).

4.4 Core Sampling

Following photography and logging of core, samples were selected for subsequent laboratory geochemical, mineralogical, petrophysical, geomechanical and porewater characterization testing. In addition, samples were frequently collected from each bedrock formation as archive samples for future analyses if needed. Table 6 lists core samples collected for testing and archive.



Borehole Fracture Orientation Parameters

Prepared by: SNG

Reviewed by: SNS

Date: 15-Jul-10

Reference: Modified from Rocscience website:
 online help - borehole orientation data pairs,
www.rocscience.com



FIGURE 7

Doc. No.: TR-09-01_Oriented Core_R0.dwg

Core samples were identified as XXXX-mmm.mm, where XXXX is the borehole name (e.g., DGR-5) and mmm.mm is the distance in meters from the borehole reference datum (ground surface) to the sample interval midpoint. Samples were generally collected and preserved within 30 minutes of core arriving at surface.

Table 6 provides a summary of the samples collected for analyses from DGR-5 and DGR-6. Samples are grouped into those collected from Devonian and Silurian age formations, and into individual or a few adjacent formations for the Queenston and older formations. Table F.1 and Table F.2 (Appendix F) list each core sub-sample collected from DGR-5 and DGR-6, sorted by depth, with information on: sample ID, core run number, date collected, sample length, geological formation, and the analyses to be performed on the sample. Some samples were targeted for more than one analysis and therefore the subsequent analyses are also listed.

Table 6 Summary of Core Samples Collected by Analyses and Formation for DGR-5 and DGR-6

Test	Devonian & Silurian	Queenston	Georgian Bay	Blue Mountain, Collingwood	Cobourg (Lower Member)	Sherman Fall & Lower Fms	Total
	DGR-5:6	DGR-5:6	DGR-5:6	DGR-5:6	DGR-5:6	DGR-5:6	DGR-5:6
Uniaxial compression/ AEM (CANMET)	0:0	0:0	0:0	1:0	4:4	0:0	5:4
Triaxial compression (CANMET)	0:0	0:0	0:0	2:0	0:0	0:0	2:0
Direct shear (CANMET)	0:0	0:0	1:0	5:1	4:0	2:0	12:1
Petrophysics (k_{brine} , k_{gas} , θ & fluid saturations & HPMI) (CoreLabs)	0:0	0:0	3:3	4:3	2:3	1:1	10:10
Porewater (UNB) [NWMO]	0:0	4:2	4:0	3:0	0:0	0:0	11:2
XRD & Petrography (SGS)	0:0	0:0	3:3	4:3	1:0	1:0	10:9
Lithochem & Pore Structure by SEM/EDS (SGS)	0:0	0:0	3:3	4:3	1:0	1:0	10:9
Porewater Chemistry (uOttawa) [Major ions, DIC, Isotopes & gases]	24:25	4:0	4:5	3:1	5:6	9:18	49:55
Archive Samples (INTERA)	34:30	13:11	17:23	12:13	6:7	15:26	97:110

The identification of gradational formation contacts was imprecise in the field and was not finalized until after completion of the core testing. Consequently some samples were collected from stratigraphically similar formations located slightly above and below the formations originally targeted for sampling. As a result, the number of samples collected from each formation may differ somewhat compared to the proposed collection requirements outlined in Test Plan TP-09-02 (Intera Engineering Ltd., 2010b).

4.5 Core Preservation

Core samples were preserved in accordance with the procedures of Test Plan TP-09-02 (Intera Engineering Ltd., 2010b). All core samples that were shipped offsite for analyses or placed in archive were preserved by placing the core sub-sample in a polyethylene (PE) bag, flushing with nitrogen, vacuum sealing the PE bags, and vacuum sealing in aluminum-PE-nylon bags. All efforts were made to begin breaking, photographing and preserving of core within 15 minutes of core retrieval and to complete these steps within 30 minutes of core retrieval from the borehole. If a large number of samples were targeted within a single core run, the priority for preservation of samples was given to those samples for geochemical testing and tests that were more sensitive to in-situ conditions.

Preserved cores were weighed following preservation and placed in coolers with ice packs prior to shipping. Archive samples were transferred to temperature controlled refrigerators in the Core Storage Facility (CSF) located in Building B-25 at the Bruce nuclear site.

4.6 Core Storage

Following photographing, logging and sampling of core, the remaining core was placed in 1.5m (5ft) long wooden boxes with a core length capacity of 3.05 m (10 ft). (i.e., one core run). Cores longer than 1.5 m length were broken with a hammer and chisel to fit into a core box. 3.00 m lengths of P-sized core (83mm diameter) was too heavy to place in a single core box and therefore core boxes were constructed to only hold 1.5 m (5 ft) lengths.

In each core box, the top of the core was placed in the top left corner of the core box and the bottom of the core was placed in the bottom right corner of the core box. Labelled wooden inserts were added to each core box to replace core removed for preservation and testing. The wooden inserts identified the core sample name as described in Section 4.4 and the length of the sample.

Core boxes were labelled on the top of the lid and on the top end of the core box with borehole ID, date, core run number, MNR drilling license number, depth interval, and Geofirma project number. Each core box was photographed, with the labelled core box cover displaying the core run information listed above, and then transported to the Core Storage Facility (CSF) where all core boxes are stored sequentially on shelving units for long term storage and easy accessibility.

5 Temporary Borehole Sealing

Contrary to DGR-1 through DGR-4, boreholes DGR-5 and DGR-6 did not have a Westbay MP55 multilevel monitoring system installed in them for long-term monitoring and borehole sealing. However, these boreholes were not permanently abandoned due to the possibility of future monitoring needs. Therefore, removable bridge plugs (production injection packers) were installed in both boreholes at selected depths such that highly pressurized zones were not hydraulically connected to bedrock intervals with low formation pressures. The rationale for placement and a detailed description of the installation of these production injection packers is described in TR-09-10: Temporary Borehole Sealing of Boreholes DGR-5 and DGR-6 (Geofirma Engineering Ltd., 2011f).

6 Data Quality and Use

The drilling, core photography, core logging and core sampling programs presented in this Technical Report are based on standard techniques used in similar worldwide comprehensive deep drilling and testing programs, the general requirements of the DGR Project Quality Plan (Intera Engineering Ltd., 2009a), TP-08-21 (Intera Engineering Ltd., 2009a) and TP-09-01 (Intera Engineering Ltd., 2009b) . These drilling and sample processing

programs have been developed specifically for the DGR GSCP with insight from various other radioactive waste disposal site characterization programs such as those of NAGRA (Switzerland) and ANDRA (France).

There are no identifiable restrictions on the use of data included in this Technical Report. Consequently, the results presented in this Technical Report are suitable for assessing the bedrock conditions in DGR-5 and DGR-6, for the development of future subsurface investigation programs, and for providing the framework for development of Phase 2 descriptive geosphere site models of the Bruce nuclear DGR site.

7 References

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APPENDIX A

MNR Well Licenses for DGR-5 and DGR-6

Ministry of Natural Resources



Ministère des Richesses naturelles

Well Licence 11926

Under the Oil, Gas and Salt Resources Act and subject to the limitations thereof and in accordance with the approved well licence application this licence is issued to:

Ontario Power Generation Inc.

of **22 St. Clair Ave. East, 6th Floor, Toronto, Ontario, M4T 2S3**

for the well described as follows:

Name of Well: **DGR-5 (Dev.#1), Bruce 4 - 20 - LR**

Tract: **4** Lot: **20**

Concession: **Lake Range**

Geographic Township: **Bruce**

Offshore Block: Offshore Tract:

Surface Co-ordinates: **28.50m S** **957.20m W**

NAD 83 **44° 19' 17.391" N** **81° 34' 26.737" W**
Surface Latitude Surface Longitude

44° 19' 4.833" N **81° 34' 29.694" W**
Bottom-hole Latitude Bottom-hole Longitude

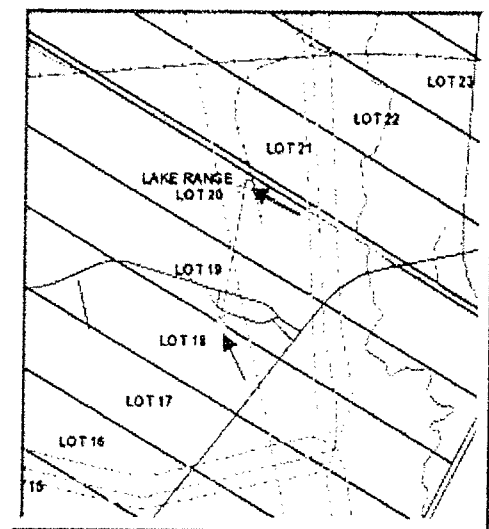
Well Type: **Stratigraphic Test**

Formation at TD: **Gull River**

Licence Depth: **927.00** metres (measured)

Target/Classification: **ORD/STR**

Spacing/Unit Name:



Location and Spacing/Unit Area

Issued at The City of London on: **Tuesday, December 2, 2008**

by: **Rudy Rybansky**

On behalf of the Minister

This information appearing on this licence is accurate as of: **Tuesday, December 2, 2008**

Every effort has been made to include information on this licence that is accurate as of the date shown. Please report any inaccuracies to or contact the Petroleum Resources Centre for current licence information.

Petroleum Resources Centre, 659 Exeter Road, London, Ontario N6E 1L3 Phone: (519) 873-4633; Fax: (519) 873-4645



Well Licence 11942

Under the Oil, Gas and Salt Resources Act and subject to the limitations thereof and in accordance with the approved well licence application this licence is issued to:

Ontario Power Generation Inc.

of 22 St. Clair Ave. East, 6th Floor, Toronto, Ontario, M4T 2S3

for the well described as follows:

Name of Well: **DGR-6 (Dev.#1), Bruce 6 - 22 - LR**

Tract: **6** Lot: **22**

Concession: **Lake Range**

Geographic Township: **Bruce**

Offshore Block: Offshore Tract:

Surface Co-ordinates: **89.00m S** **1472.00m W**

NAD 83 **44° 19' 35.962" N** **81° 34' 39.055" W**
 Surface Latitude Surface Longitude

44° 19' 38.799" N **81° 34' 17.518" W**
 Bottom-hole Latitude Bottom-hole Longitude

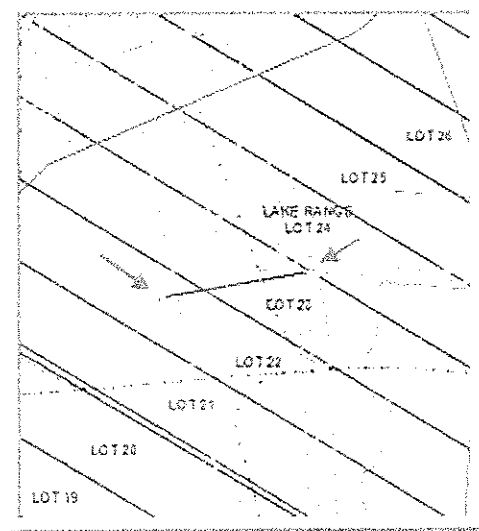
Well Type: **Stratigraphic Test**

Formation at TD: **Gull River**

Licence Depth: **970.00** metres (measured)

Target/Classification: **ORD/STR**

Spacing/Unit Name:



Location and Spacing/Unit Area

Issued at The City of London on: **Monday, March 23, 2009**

by: **Dan Elliott**

On behalf of the Minister

This information appearing on this licence is accurate as of **Monday, March 23, 2009**

Every effort has been made to include information on this licence that is accurate as of the date shown. Please report any inaccuracies to or contact the Petroleum Resources Centre for current licence information.

Petroleum Resources Centre, 659 Exeter Road, London, Ontario N6E 1L3 Phone: (519) 873-4633; Fax: (519) 873-4645

APPENDIX B

Well Examiner Reports for Casing Installations

Class 1 EXAMINER REPORT (Well Drilling & Plugging, Casing and Cementing)

99/10/20

Date of Examination (yyyy/m/dd): 2009/02/18						
Name of Well Examined: DGR- 5,Dev . # 1), Bruce 4-20-LR			Well Licence Number: 11926			
Operator Name: Ontario Power Generation Inc.						
Location of Well: Lot: 20		Concession: Lake Range		Township: Bruce		
County: Bruce						
Examiners Name: Peter Miller			E058/07-10/124			
NOTE: Examiners shall submit this report to the Ministry and the operator within 10 days of conducting an examination.						
MNR Use		Report audited by:		Date:		
				Site Inspected by:		
				Date:		
Std. Ref.	ITEMS EXAMINED	Yes	No	Pass	Fail	Explanation of Failure or Problem and Comments.
3.6	Used Casing					
3.6(a)	History record of used casing.					
3.6(b)	Threads on pipe and inside collars.					
3.6(c)	Power tong damage, oval distortion.					
3.6(d)	Casing wall thickness: Surface					
3.6(d)	Casing wall thickness: Intermediate casing					
3.6(d)	Casing wall thickness: Production casing					
3.6(e)	110% Hydrostatic Pressure Test.					
3.6(f)	Age of casing less than 20 yrs.					
	Other (explain)					
3.9.2	Casing Cement Quality					
3.9.2(a)	Cement meets API Spec 10.	X	X			
3.9.2(b)	Witness actual cementing and results.	X	X			cement to surface
3.9.2(c)	Proper API: Grade	X	X			
	Proper API: Cement mixture and pumping.	X	X			
	Other (explain)					
3.12.3	Porous Zone Isolation					
3.12.3(a)	Porous zone identification.	x	x			130 m
3.12.3(b)	Adequate cement to separate zones.	x	x			
3.12.3(c)	Cement top 25 meters above 1st of 2 porous zones behind same csg		X			
3.12.3(d)	ID cement top where no returns.		x			cement to surface
	Other (explain)					

Std. Ref.	ITEMS EXAMINED					Explanation of Failure or Problem and Comments.
		Yes	No	Pass	Fail	
3.12.21	Cementing					
3.12.21	Csg cement ≥ 25 meters above previous csg seat.	x		x		cement to surface
3.12.21	Csg cement ≥ 100 meters above highest pay zone.		x			NA
3.12.21(a)	Corrosive zones covered by csg cement.	x		x		cement to surface
3.12.21(b)	Liners cemented full length.		x			NA
3.12.21(c)	Disposal, injection well csqs cemented full length.		x			NA
3.12.21(d)	Production csg cemented full length for Lake Erie wells.		x			NA
	Other (explain)					
11.0	Well Plugging					
11.7(a)	Plug at top of oil or gas, storage or salt cavern located.					
11.7(b)	Top most plug located.					
11.7(c)	Plug(s) set across lost circulation zone(s) located.					
	Other (explain)					
11.14	Well Site Rehabilitation					
11.14	Site returned to original condition within 12 mos of plugging.					
11.14	Unused equipment and debris cleared, site clean.					
	Other (explain)					

Other Comments and Observations:

cement job for 178 mm casing set approx 190.0 m

Pump 8.0 tonnes of 0:1:0 "neat" cement with 2% CaCl₂ . Annular volume plus 100%

cement circulated to surface: 2.0 m³ of good cement returns

I certify that the above indicated examinations were conducted and that the results, comments and observations regarding the examinations noted are accurate.

Signature : Peter Miller E058/07-10/124

Class 1 EXAMINER REPORT (Well Drilling & Plugging, Casing and Cementing) 2002/04/30

Date of Examination (yyyy/m/dd): 2009/06/25
 Name of Well Examined: DGR-6 Well Licence Number: #11947
 Operator Name: Davidson Drilling
 Location of Well: Lot: 22 Concession: Lake Range Township: Bruce County: Bruce
 Examiners Name: Donald Faulkner Examiner's Certificate No.: E 231/07-10/12

NOTE: Examiners shall submit this report to the Ministry and the operator within 10 days of conducting an examination.

MNR Use Report audited by: _____ Date: _____ Site Inspected by: _____ Date: _____

Std. Ref.	ITEMS EXAMINED				Explanation of Failure or Problem and Comments.
		Yes	No	Pass	
3.6	Used Casing				
3.6(a)	History record of used casing.		✓	N/A	<i>Casing is new</i>
3.6(b)	Threads on pipe and inside collars.		✓	N/A	
3.6(c)	Power tong damage, oval distortion.		✓	N/A	
3.6(d)	Casing wall thickness: Surface		✓	N/A	
3.6(d)	Casing wall thickness: Intermediate casing		✓	N/A	
3.6(d)	Casing wall thickness: Production casing		✓	N/A	
3.6(e)	110% Hydrostatic Pressure Test.		✓	N/A	
3.6(f)	Age of casing less than 20 yrs.		✓	N/A	
	Other (explain)				
3.9.2	Casing Cement Quality				
3.9.2(a)	Cement meets API Spec 10.	✓		✓	
3.9.2(b)	Witness actual cementing and results.	✓		✓	
3.9.2(c)	Proper API: Grade	✓		✓	
	Proper API: Cement mixture and pumping.	✓		✓	
	Other (explain)				
3.12.3	Porous Zone Isolation				
3.12.3(a)	Porous zone identification.	✓		✓	
3.12.3(b)	Adequate cement to separate zones.	✓		✓	
3.12.3(c)	Cement top 25 meters above 1st of 2 porous zones behind same casing.	✓		✓	
3.12.3(d)	ID cement top where no returns.		✓		<i>N/A Cement Returns to Surface</i>
	Other (explain)				

Std. Ref.	ITEMS EXAMINED				Explanation of Failure or Problem and Comments.
		Yes	No	Pass	
3.13.6	Cementing				
3.13.6	Csg cement ≥ 25 meters above previous csg seat.	✓		✓	
3.13.6	Csg cement ≥ 100 meters above highest pay zone.	✓		✓	
3.13.6(a)	Corrosive zones covered by csg cement.		✓		N/A
3.13.6(b)	Liners cemented full length.		✓		N/A
3.13.6(c)	Disposal, injection well csqs cemented full length.		✓		N/A
3.13.6(d)	Production csg cemented full length for Lake Erie wells.		✓		N/A
	Other (explain)				
11.0	Well Plugging				
11.6(a)	Plug at top of oil or gas, storage or salt cavern located.		✓		N/A
11.6(b)	Top most plug located.		✓		N/A
11.6(c)	Plug(s) set across lost circulation zone(s) located.		✓		N/A
	Other (explain)				
11.13	Well Site Rehabilitation				
11.13	Site returned to original condition within 12 mos of plugging.		✓		N/A
11.13	Unused equipment and debris cleared, site clean.		✓		N/A
	Other (explain)				

Other Comments and Observations:

Drilling Contractor - Davidson Drilling
 Cement Contractor - Schlumberger
 Cement return to surface - 0.5m³
 Examination on 177.8cm Cement job.
 June 26/09 Cement 3m from surface

I certify that the above indicated examinations were conducted and that the results, comments and observations regarding the examinations noted are accurate.

Donald Faulkner
 Signature

July 6/09
 Date

APPENDIX C

DGR-5 Borehole Log

DGR-5 Borehole Log Legend

<u>Sample Legend</u>	<u>Contact Legend</u>	<u>Core Log Legend</u>
AR Archive - INTERA GM-CAN Geomechanical Testing - CANMET MN-SGS Mineralogy - SGS PT Petrophysics - Core Labs PW-UNB Pore Water - UNB PW-UO Pore Water - U of O	Casing End of Borehole Formation Contact Stratigraphic Contact	mLBS Meters Length Below Ground Surface R. Q. D. Rock Quality Designation Nat. Frac. Freq. Natural Fracture Frequency NC Rotary Drilled (No Core) CR Core Run Fracture Or. Fracture Orientation (Alpha and Beta Angles)
	<u>Stratigraphic Legend</u>	
	Dolostone Anhydritic Dolostone Argillaceous Dolostone Cherty Dolostone Limestone Argillaceous Limestone Dolomitic Limestone Shale Dolomitic Shale Brecciated Dolostone Brecciated Anhydritic Dolostone	Brecciated Argillaceous Dolostone Brecciated Dolomitic Shale Argillaceous Dolostone and Dolomitic Shale Interbedded Shale and Argillaceous Limestone Interbedded Shale and Carbonate Beds Interbedded Shale and Dolostone Interbedded Shale and Limestone Interbedded Shale and Limestone/Siltstone Interbedded Argillaceous Limestone and Shale Interbedded Dolomitic Shale and Dolostone

Core Logging Notation

1) Colour: (i.e. light/medium/dark grey, blue-grey, red-green, etc.)

Additional Adjectives	Description
Banded	Approximately parallel bands of varying colour
Streaked	Randomly oriented streaks of colour
Blotched	Large irregular patches of colour (>75mm diameter)
Mottled	Irregular patches of colour
Speckled	Very small patches of colour (<10 mm diameter)
Stained	Local colour variations associated with other features (i.e. bedding joints, etc.)

2) Grain Size/Texture:

Classification	Grain Size Measurement	Field Recognition	Equivalent Soil Type
Very fine-grained	<0.06 mm	Individual grains cannot be seen with a hand lens	Clays and silts
Fine-grained	0.06 to 0.25 mm	Just visible as individual grains under hand lens	Fine sand
Medium-grained	0.25 to 0.5 mm	Grains clearly visible under hand lens; just visible to naked eye	Medium sand
Coarse-grained	0.5 to 2.0 mm	Grains clearly visible to the naked eye	Coarse sand
Very coarse grained	>2.0 mm	Gains measurable	gravel

3) Rock Hardness

Classification	Description
Very Soft	Can be peeled with a knife
Soft	Can be easily gouged or carved with a knife
Medium soft	Can be readily scratched with a knife blade; scratch leaves heavy trace of dust and is readily visible after powder blown away.
Hard	Can be scratched with a knife with difficulty; scratch produces little powder and is often faintly visible
Very Hard	Cannot be scratched with a knife or can barely be scratched with a knife

4) Bedding Thickness:

Classification	Bedding Thickness
Massive Bedded	>3 m or Uniform
Thickly Bedded	300 mm to 3 m
Medium Bedded	100 to 300 mm
Thinly Bedded	10 to 100 mm
Laminated	<10 mm

5) Solution and Void Conditions (if notable)

Classification	Condition
Solid	No voids
Porous	Voids <1.0 mm in diameter
Pitted	Voids 1 to 6 mm in diameter
Vuggy	Voids 6 mm to diameter of core
Cavity	Voids greater than diameter of core

6) Quantification of Secondary Features: When describing additional features in the core, the following adjectives should be used which are related to the % volume or frequency of the feature.

Adjective	%Volume / frequency
Slightly/trace	1-10%, 1-2 occurrences
Moderately/some	10-20%
Abundantly/ “___y” (ie. shaley)	20-35%
and	>35%, half and half

7) Summary of Rock Quality Descriptions and Discontinuity Logging

RQD (%)	Core Quality Description	Natural Fracture Frequency (/m)	Formation Fracture Description
0-25	Very Poor	>10	Highly Fractured
25-50	Poor	>1.0-10	Moderately Fractured
50-75	Fair	0.5-1.0	Sparsely Fractured
75-90	Good	<0.5	Very Sparsely Fractured
90-100	Excellent	0	Unfractured

8) Bedding or Fracture Inclination (measured from horizontal)

Classification	Attitude
Flat	0 to 5 degrees
Gently dipping	5 to 20 degrees
Moderately dipping	20 to 45 degrees
Steeply dipping	45 to 85 degrees
Very steeply dipping	85 to 90 degrees

9) Degree of Fracturing/Jointing (Structure)

Rock Mass Classification	Discontinuity Spacing
Solid	>3 m
Massive	1 to 3 m
Blocky/seamy	0.3 to 1 m
fractured	5 to 30 cm
Crushed / shattered	< 5 cm

10) Roughness of Fracture (Structure)

Classification	Description
Smooth	Appears smooth and is essentially smooth to the touch.
Rough	Bumps/roughness on the fracture surfaces are visible and can be distinctly felt.
Slickensided	Clear evidence of previous shear displacement along the discontinuity.
Stepped	Surface of discontinuity appears stepped with some ridges or angular “steps”.
Undulating	Surface of discontinuity appears wavy, with no sharp steps.
Planar	Surface of discontinuity appears flat.

11) Infilling of Fracture (Structure)

Classification	Description
Clean	No filling material
Stained	Colouration of rock surface only, no recognizable filling material
Filled	Fracture observed with filling material (describe filling material)

12) Reference Terms:

Layer : Distinct length of core that is distinguished from surrounding core by feature (colour, composition, etc.) other than bedding planes.

Irregular : Bedding plane surfaces are not planar but are convoluted/disturbed.

Planar : Bedding planes are flat.

Bituminous : Contains organic matter.

Vein : Fracture totally infilled with mineral different from surrounding rock.

Argillaceous : Rock has mud dispersed in the matrix but not as distinct laminae or beds (e.g. argillaceous limestone).

Shaley : Rock that has distinct shale laminae beds (e.g. shaley limestone).

Petroliferous Odour : Only hydrocarbon odour; no noted liquid hydrocarbons.

Petroliferous : Liquid hydrocarbons noted.

Hydrocarbon Adjectives

Strongly/heavily : intense hydrocarbon odour / core exuding significant volume of oil / core coated with oil.

Slight/lightly : Slight hydrocarbon odour / few drops of oil.

No modifier : Moderate odour / Moderate amount of hydrocarbon exuded






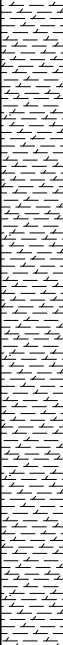




Rock Quality Designation (RQD, %) : RQD values determined for the 76 mm diameter core from DGR-1 and DGR-2 were determined as the sum of lengths of core greater than 15 cm length (i.e., twice the core diameter) excluding drilling-induced breaks, divided by length of hole drilled per core run.

RECORD OF BOREHOLE - DGR- 5



Project : DGR Site Characterization	Borehole Specs.: Outside Borehole Diameter, 143mm, Core Diameter 75mm
Project Number: 08.200.40.20	Date Started: 16-Dec-2008
Client: Nuclear Waste Management Organization (NWMO)	Date Completed: 29-Oct-2009
MNR WL No.: 11926	Supervisor: Ken Raven
Site Location: Bruce Nuclear Site, Ontario, Canada	Reference Surface Elevation: 185.70 mASL
Coordinates: NAD 83, UTM Zone 17N 4907742.1 N, 454221.8 E	Drill Company: Davidson Drilling Limited, Wingham, Ontario, Canada
	Drill Rig: Foremost DR-12 Schramm T130XD

Depth (mBGS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mBGS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:35m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
200	<p>Salina Formation - F Unit</p> <p>- Grey/blue dolomitic shale with gypsum and anhydrite veins, interlayered with tan dolostone with depth</p> <p>Borehole Summary</p> <p>- All references to depth are mLBGS</p> <p>- The target borehole plunge from horizontal and azimuthal direction from true north for DGR-5 were 65° and 190°, respectively.</p> <p>- Dual rotary drilling was completed by a truck-mounted Foremost DR-12 drilling rig and simultaneously installed a 324mm (12 3/4-inch) diameter surface conductor casing to 22.3, approximately 2.3m into bedrock.</p> <p>- The truck-mounted Foremost DR-12 drilling rig was also used to rotary drill a 295mm (11 5/8-inch) diameter borehole using air-rotary techniques with a tri-cone drill bit to 37.7 (approximately 17.7m length along the borehole below top of bedrock). After this drilling was complete a 245mm (9 5/8-inch) diameter surface casing was installed to a depth of 37.7. Rock chip samples were collected and logged by the onsite geologist approximately every three metres throughout rotary drilling.</p> <p>- The truck-mounted Foremost DR-12 drilling rig was used to rotary drill a 219mm (8 5/8-inch) diameter borehole using traced freshwater drill fluid with a tri-cone drill bit to 206.4 (approximately 13.9m length into the Salina Formation F-Unit shale). Following this drilling a 178mm (7-inch) diameter intermediate casing was installed to a depth of 206.0 for blow-out prevention.</p> <p>- A quad-latch double-tube wireline coring system with a split-inner barrel, manufactured by American Diamond Products (formerly Christensen), was used to continuously core a 75mm (3-inch) diameter high quality core in 3.05m lengths. Coring equipment used at DGR-5 produced a 143mm (5 5/8-inch) diameter borehole from 207.9 to the total depth of 807.2 (approximately 40.7m length into the Kirkfield formation). Polycrystalline diamond (PCD) bits were used for all bedrock coring in DGR-5. Throughout the drilling program, PCD bits were typically operated with a bit rotation speed of approximately 80 to 100 revolutions per minute (RPM) with a torque of approximately 1800 to 2200 foot pounds (ft*lbs).</p> <p>Intermediate BOP Casing [7 inch / 178 mm] 206.00</p> <hr style="border-top: 1px dashed red;"/> <p>Open Borehole [5 5/8 inch / 143mm] 206.01</p>							
201								
202								
203								
204								
205								
206								
207								
208		207.92						
209	<p>Dolomitic Shale</p> <p>- Grey/green</p> <p>- Fracture at 208.0, smooth, 208.3, smooth, 209.5, smooth, 209.9, rough</p> <p>- Fine-grained</p> <p>- Reddish/brown mottles</p> <p>- Gypsum and anhydrite veins and nodules</p> <p>- Soft</p> <p>- Blocky</p>	CR-001						
210		210.58						

Depth (mBGS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mBGS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:35m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
211	Dolomitic Shale - Grey/green - Fine-grained - Gypsum and anhydrite veins and nodules - Soft - Fractured to blocky	CR-002						
212								
213								
214	Dolomitic Shale - Grey/green - Fracture at 214.0, rough - Fine-grained - Gypsum and anhydrite veins and nodules - Soft - Trace reddish/brown mottles - Fractured to blocky	CR-003						
215								DGR5-215.17-AR
216								
217	Dolomitic Shale - Grey/green - Fine-grained - Trace gypsum and anhydrite layers, veins and nodules - Soft - Trace reddish/brown mottles - Fractured to blocky	CR-004						
218								
219								
220	Dolomitic Shale - Grey/green - Fractures at 220.6, rough, 220.8, rough - Fine-grained - Trace gypsum and anhydrite veins and nodules - Soft - Fractured to blocky	CR-005						
221								
222								
223	Brecciated Dolostone - Tan/brown, brecciated (dolostone), fracture at 223.1, smooth, 223.8, smooth, 223.9, smooth, 224.0, smooth, 224.2, smooth, 224.3, smooth, 224.5, smooth, 225.0, smooth, interlayered grey/green dolomitic shale, gypsum and anhydrite veins and nodules (1cm thick gypsum layer at 223.1)	222.89 223.57						
	Dolomitic Shale , - Dark grey/green, trace dolostone clasts	223.74						

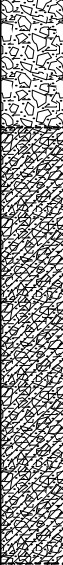




Depth (mBGS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mBGS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:35m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
224	Dolostone - Tan/brown, some gypsum and anhydrite veins in upper 0.5m, laminated, trace stylolites, slightly pitted, fractured to blocky	CR-006						
	224.68							
225	Dolomitic Shale - Gradational contact around 224.7, green/blue/grey, hard - Fractured to blocky - Trace gypsum and anhydrite veins and nodules (1cm gypsum layer 225.1)							DGR5-225.41-AR
	225.83							
226	Dolomitic Shale - Grey/green - Fracture at 228.7, smooth - Some white gypsum and anhydrite layers, veins and nodules - 3cm white gypsum layer recorded at 226.0 and a 2.5cm white gypsum layer recorded at 227.5 - Blocky							
227		CR-007						
228								
	228.70							
229	Dolostone - Tan/brown - Fracture at 229.9, smooth, 229.0, smooth, 229.9, smooth, 230.1, smooth, 230.3, smooth, 230.8, rough - Fine to medium-grained - Sharp contact at 228.7 - Some gypsum and anhydrite veins - Laminated to thinly bedded, trace stylolites, slightly pitted - Fractured							
	228.88							
230		CR-008						
231								
	231.53							
	Dolomitic Shale, - Light to medium-grey/green, trace dolostone clasts							
	231.66							
232	Dolostone - Tan/brown - Fine to medium-grained - Sharp contact at 231.66 - Laminated to thinly bedded, trace stylolites, slightly pitted - Fractured to blocky - Fractures filled with gypsum, anhydrite, and dolomitic shale							
	231.93							
	232.91							
233	Dolomitic Shale, - Grey/green dolomitic shale, fracture at 232.0, smooth, 232.8, smooth, 233.3, smooth, 233.8, smooth, 234.4, smooth, 233.6, rough, 233.8, rough, fractures filled with gypsum, anhydrite, and dolomitic shale, soft to medium soft							
	233.60	CR-009						DGR5-233.47-AR
	234.58							
234	Dolostone, - Light tan/brown, fine-grained, laminated, fractures filled with grey/green dolomitic shale, fractured Dolostone, - Sharp upper contact, tan/brown and light grey with depth, very fine-grained, slightly pitted, hard, fractured							
	234.98							
235	Dolomitic Shale, - Grey/green with anhydrite/gypsum veins, fractures at 235.1, smooth, 235.7, rough, 236.2, rough, 236.7, rough 236.8, smooth, anhydrite infilled, 236.9, smooth, anhydrite infilled, 237.3, smooth, anhydrite infilled, 237.7, rough, medium soft to hard, some anhydrite/gypsum veins, fractured to blocky							
	235.20							
236	Salina Formation - E Unit - Brown, very fine-grained, brecciated dolostone interbedded with grey/blue dolomitic shale and argillaceous dolostone with anhydrite and gypsum							
	236.08	CR-010						














Depth (mBGS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mBGS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:35m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
237	Brecciated Dolomitic Shale - Grey/green brecciated dolomitic shale with large clasts of tan/brown argillaceous dolostone and some anhydrite and gypsum veins and nodules - Fracture at 238.4, 240.7, rough, 239.0, 239.6, rough, 239.9, 240.1, 240.7, rough - Fractured to blocky	238.03						
238	Brecciated Dolostone , - Tan/grey, brecciated dolostone, dolomitic shale (green/grey) as matrix, dolostone is slightly pitted, trace anhydrite and gypsum veins, layers and nodules, fractured to blocky							
239		239.62						
240	Dolomitic Shale , - Grey/green, trace anhydrite and gypsum layers and veins, medium soft to hard, fractured	240.05 240.33						
241	Brecciated Dolomitic Shale - Grey/green brecciated dolomitic shale with clasts of tan/brown argillaceous dolostone - Natural fractures at 241.3, rough, 242.1, rough - Medium soft to hard - Trace zones containing orange anhydrite nodules - Trace white to clear gypsum and anhydrite veins and nodules - Fractured to blocky	241.08						
242								
243		243.18						
244	Brecciated Dolostone - Tan/grey, brecciated dolostone, slightly pitted, gypsum, anhydrite and dolomitic shale (green/grey) as matrix, fractured to blocky	243.62						
244	Dolomitic Shale - Light to medium grey and grey/green - Fine-grained - Sharp contact at 244.5	244.13						
245		244.66						
245	Brecciated Dolomitic Shale - Grey/green brecciated dolomitic shale with clasts of tan/brown argillaceous dolostone, very soft to medium soft, 0.2m tan/brown, slightly pitted dolostone clast starting at 244.7, laminated to thinly bedded, blocky Dolostone , - Brown, fine-grained, laminated, fractures filled with grey/green dolomitic shale, anhydrite and gypsum, fractured	245.72						
246		245.79						
246	Dolomitic Shale , - Light to medium grey and grey/green, laminated to thinly bedded, gypsum and anhydrite veins	246.05						
247	Dolostone , - Tan/brown, fracture at 246.4, smooth, 246.5, smooth, medium to fine-grained, laminated to thinly bedded and, slightly to moderately pitted, gradual transition to light grey to grey dolomitic shale from 246.7-246.9, fractured to blocky	246.91						DGR5-246.78-AR
247	Interbedded Dolomitic Shale and Dolostone , - Light to medium grey and grey/green, laminated to thinly bedded, trace gypsum and anhydrite veins, gradual transition to tan/brown dolostone from 247.3-247.4	247.18						
248		247.42						
248	Dolostone , - Tan/brown, fracture at 248.0, smooth, 248.3, smooth, 248.7, smooth, 249.6, 249.8, medium to fine-grained, laminated to thinly bedded, medium soft to hard, slightly to moderately pitted, trace thin anhydrite and gypsum veins, fractured to blocky, localized light tan/grey argillaceous dolostone between 247.8-248.0							
249		249.38						

Depth (mBGS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mBGS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:35m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
250	Dolomitic Shale - Light to medium grey and grey/green, laminated to thinly bedded, trace gypsum and anhydrite layers, veins Dolomitic Shale - Light to medium grey and grey/green, natural fracture at 251.1, smooth, laminated to thinly bedded, trace gypsum and anhydrite veins	250.23						
		250.81						
251	Dolostone - Light tan/brown, fine-grained, laminated, fractures, pits, and vugs filled with anhydrite/gypsum, fractured to blocky	251.34						
252	Brecciated Dolomitic Shale - Grey/green brecciated dolomitic shale with clasts of tan to grey/green argillaceous dolostone - Fracture at 254.4, smooth, very soft to hard, trace to some anhydrite and gypsum veins, and nodules increasing with depth, laminated to thinly bedded - Blocky	CR-015						
		252.60						
253	Brecciated Dolostone - Tan/brown, brecciated dolostone - Slightly pitted - Gypsum, anhydrite and dolomitic shale (green/grey) as matrix - Fractured to blocky	253.28						
		253.78						
254	Brecciated Dolomitic Shale - Grey/green brecciated dolomitic shale with trace clasts of tan to grey/green argillaceous dolostone - Very soft to medium soft - Trace to some anhydrite and gypsum veins, and nodules - Blocky	CR-016						
255		255.52						DGR5-255.40-AR
256	Brecciated Dolostone , - Tan/brown, brecciated dolostone - Grey/green brecciated dolomitic shale section from 255.6-256.0 - Slightly pitted, some gypsum and anhydrite veins and nodules, massive	256.20						
		256.33						
257	Salina Formation - D Unit - Light Grey/blue fine-grained anhydritic dolostone Anhydritic Dolostone - Grey/blue to brown, fine-grained dolostone with abundant anhydrite (veins, blebs), gradational contact, mottled grey/blue anhydrite with interbeds of brecciated dolostone and dolomitic shale	257.33						
258	Salina Formation - C Unit - Grey/blue with trace to some anhydrite and gypsum nodules and veins Dolomitic Shale - Gradational upper contact, grey/blue massive to laminated dolomitic shale - Trace to some anhydrite/gypsum veins	CR-017						
259		259.38						
260	Dolomitic Shale - Mottled grey/green and red/rust - Massive bedded - Very fine-grained - Very soft to medium soft - Trace to some thin gypsum/anhydrite veins and nodules - Localized brecciated anhydritic dolostone from 260.5-260.9 - Massive	CR-018						
261		262.43						
262								

Depth (mBGS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mBGS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:35m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
263	Dolomitic Shale - Mottled grey/green and red/rust - Massive bedded - Very fine-grained - Very soft to medium soft - Trace to some thin gypsum/anhydrite veins and nodules - Localized sections of increased anhydrite/gypsum - Massive	CR-019						
264								DGR5-264.17-AR
265								
266	Dolomitic Shale - Mottled grey/green and red/rust - Massive bedded - Very fine-grained - Very soft to medium soft - Trace to some thin gypsum/anhydrite veins and nodules - Large pink anhydrite nodules from 266.5-266.8 - Massive	CR-020						
267								
268								
269	Dolomitic Shale - Mottled grey/green and red/rust, massive bedded dolomitic shale from 268.5-269.0							
270	Dolomitic Shale - Between 269.0-271.2 - Grey/green - Very fine-grained - Very soft to medium soft - Trace to some thin gypsum/anhydrite veins and nodules - Massive	CR-021						
271	Anhydritic Dolostone , - Starting at 271.2, mottled tan/brown dolostone and light grey/blue anhydrite, fine-grained to very fine-grained, laminated to thinly bedded, slightly pitted, blocky							
		271.20						
	Salina Formation - B Unit - Brecciated grey/green dolomitic shale with some to abundant tan argillaceous dolostone with light grey/green dolomitic shale clasts and some to abundant anhydrite and gypsum veins and nodules, bottom of unit is brown to tan dolostone.							
		271.58						
		271.85						
272	Brecciated Argillaceous Dolostone , - Light tan/grey, fine-grained, some thin white and pink gypsum/anhydrite veins and nodules, slightly pitted, blocky	CR-022						
		272.51						
273	Brecciated Dolomitic Shale - Grey/green - Fine to very fine-grained - Very soft to medium soft brecciated dolomitic shale with some tan argillaceous dolostone and grey dolomitic shale clasts - Some anhydrite and gypsum veins and nodules - Blocky							
274		CR-023						DGR5-272.66-AR
275								

Depth (mBGS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mBGS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:35m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
276	Brecciated Dolomitic Shale - Grey/green - Fine to very fine-grained - Very soft to medium soft brecciated dolomitic shale with trace tan argillaceous dolostone and grey dolomitic shale clasts - Trace to some anhydrite and gypsum veins and nodules - Fractured to blocky	275.56						
277		CR-024						
278		278.61						
279	Brecciated Dolomitic Shale - Grey/green - Fine to very fine-grained - Soft to medium soft brecciated dolomitic shale with trace tan argillaceous dolostone and grey dolomitic shale clasts - Trace to some anhydrite and gypsum veins and nodules - Fractured to blocky	279.61	CR-025					
280	Brecciated Dolomitic Shale - Grey/green - Fine to very fine-grained - Soft to medium soft brecciated dolomitic shale with trace tan argillaceous dolostone and grey dolomitic shale clasts - Some to abundant anhydrite and gypsum veins and nodules - Large anhydritic dolostone clast 280.4-280.8 - Blocky to massive	281.66	CR-026					
282	Brecciated Anhydritic Dolostone - Brecciated white/tan/grey/blue anhydritic dolostone - Medium soft to hard	282.32						
283	Brecciated Dolomitic Shale - Grey/green to grey - Fine to very fine-grained - Soft to hard brecciated dolomitic shale with abundant tan argillaceous dolostone and abundant anhydritic dolostone clasts - Abundant anhydrite and gypsum veins and nodules - Blocky to massive	284.71	CR-027					DGR5-284.27-AR
285	Brecciated Dolomitic Shale - Grey/green to grey/blue - Fine to very fine-grained - Soft to hard brecciated dolomitic shale with abundant tan argillaceous dolostone and abundant anhydritic dolostone clasts - Abundant anhydrite and gypsum veins and nodules - Blocky to massive	287.76	CR-028					
288	Brecciated Dolomitic Shale - Grey/tan to grey/green brecciated dolomitic shale with clasts/layers of tan/brown argillaceous dolostone and abundant anhydrite and gypsum veins and nodules, fracture at 290.6, medium soft to hard, fine to very fine-grained - Massive							

Depth (mBGS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mBGS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:35m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
289								
290	<p>Brecciated Anhydritic Dolostone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Brecciated white/tan/grey/blue anhydritic dolostone - Fine to very fine-grained - Medium soft to hard 	288.79 CR-029						
291	<p>Brecciated Dolomitic Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grey/green - Fine to very fine-grained - Soft to hard brecciated dolomitic shale with abundant tan argillaceous dolostone and abundant anhydritic dolostone clasts - Abundant anhydrite and gypsum veins and nodules - Massive 	290.81 CR-030						
292								
293								
294	<p>Brecciated Dolomitic Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grey/green - Fine to very fine-grained - Soft to hard brecciated dolomitic shale with abundant tan argillaceous dolostone and abundant anhydritic dolostone clasts - Abundant anhydrite and gypsum veins and nodules - Massive 	293.86 CR-031						DGR5-295.36-AR
295								
296								
297	<p>Brecciated Dolomitic Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grey/green - Fine to very fine-grained - Soft to hard brecciated dolomitic shale with abundant tan argillaceous dolostone and abundant anhydritic dolostone clasts - Abundant anhydrite and gypsum veins and nodules - Massive 	296.91 CR-032						
298								
299								
300	<p>Anhydritic Dolostone, - Contact is sharp; mottled white/blue/tan, fine to medium-grained, slightly pitted</p>	299.77 299.97						
301	<p>Brecciated Dolomitic Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Green/grey - Fine to very fine-grained - Soft to hard brecciated dolomitic shale with abundant tan argillaceous dolostone and abundant anhydritic dolostone clasts, abundant anhydrite and gypsum veins and nodules, massive 							

Depth (mBGS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mBGS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:35m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
302		CR-033						
303	Brecciated Dolomitic Shale - Green/grey - Fine to very fine-grained - Soft to hard brecciated dolomitic shale and tan to grey argillaceous dolostone clasts and anhydritic dolostone clasts - Abundant anhydrite and gypsum veins and nodules - Massive	303.01						
304		CR-034						
305		CR-034						
306		306.06						
307	Brecciated Dolomitic Shale - Green/grey - Fine to very fine-grained - Soft to hard brecciated dolomitic shale and tan to grey argillaceous dolostone clasts and anhydritic dolostone clasts - Abundant anhydrite and gypsum veins and nodules - Massive	CR-035						DGR5-306.87-AR
308		CR-035						
309		309.11						
310	Brecciated Dolomitic Shale - Green/grey - Fine to very fine-grained - Soft to hard brecciated dolomitic shale and tan to grey argillaceous dolostone clasts and anhydritic dolostone clasts - Abundant anhydrite and gypsum veins and nodules - Massive	CR-036						
311		CR-036						
312		312.16						
313	Brecciated Dolomitic Shale - Green/grey - Fine to very fine-grained - Soft to hard brecciated dolomitic shale and tan to grey argillaceous dolostone clasts and anhydritic dolostone clasts - Abundant anhydrite and gypsum veins and nodules - Massive	CR-037						DGR5-312.28-AR
		CR-037						

Depth (mBGS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mBGS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:35m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
314								
315								
		315.04						
	Dolostone , - Tan/brown to brown with depth, fracture at 315.8, very fine-grained dolostone with abundant dark brown laminae and trace to some anhydrite and gypsum veins, slightly pitted, fractured	315.21						
		315.50						
	Salina Formation - B Unit - Evaporite							
316	- Interbedded to mottled brown dolostone and grey anhydrite							
		CR-038						
317								
	Anhydritic Dolostone							
318	- Tan/brown to brown with depth - Fracture at 318.9, smooth - Very fine-grained dolostone with abundant dark brown laminae and trace to some anhydrite and gypsum veins - Slightly pitted - Fractured							
		318.26						
		319.00						
319	Salina Formation - A2 Unit - Carbonate							
	- Tan to grey, fine-grained, laminated to massive bedded dolostone, argillaceous dolostone, and dolomitic shale interlaminated/interbedded with bituminous laminae, gypsum and anhydrite							
	Dolostone							
320	- Tan/brown to brown with depth, very fine-grained dolostone with abundant dark brown laminae and trace to some anhydrite and gypsum veins, slightly pitted, fractured							
		CR-039						
321	Dolostone							
	- Tan to tan/grey with depth, very fine-grained dolostone with abundant dark brown to grey dolomitic shale laminae, some to abundant with depth anhydrite and gypsum veins and laminated to thin layers, slightly pitted, fractured							
		321.31	321.31					
	Anhydritic Dolostone							
322	- Anhydritic dolostone interbedded with tan to grey dolomitic shale							
		CR-040						
323								
324								
		324.36	324.36					
	Argillaceous Dolostone							
325	- Grey/tan - Fracture at 326.3, smooth - Very fine-grained dolostone - Trace to some thin tan/brown laminae - Trace anhydrite and gypsum veins - Blocky							
		CR-041						
326								
		326.47						

Depth (mBGS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mBGS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:35m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
327	Dolomitic Shale - Dark grey/green - Very fine-grained - Soft to medium soft - Fractured to blocky	327.41						DGR5-326.90-AR
328	Dolomitic Shale - Dark grey/green - Very fine-grained - Soft to medium soft - Fractured to blocky	328.51						
329	Argillaceous Dolostone and Dolomitic Shale - Interbedded grey/brown and dark grey/brown - Very fine-grained - Laminated to medium bedded - Trace anhydrite/gypsum veins - Locally slightly pitted - Fractured to blocky	CR-042						
330		330.46						
331	Argillaceous Dolostone and Dolomitic Shale - Interbedded grey/brown and dark grey/brown - Very fine-grained - Laminated to thinly bedded - Trace anhydrite/gypsum veins - Locally slightly pitted - Fractured to blocky	CR-043						
332								
333								
334	Argillaceous Dolostone and Dolomitic Shale - Interbedded grey/brown and dark grey/brown - Very fine-grained - Laminated thinly bedded - Trace anhydrite gypsum veins - Petroliferous odour at dolomitic shale beds - Locally slightly pitted - Fractured to blocky	333.51						DGR5-334.46-AR
335		CR-044						
336								
337	Argillaceous Dolostone and Dolomitic Shale - Interbedded grey/brown and dark grey/brown - Very fine-grained - Laminated to medium bedded - Trace anhydrite/gypsum veins - Petroliferous odour when broken - Locally slightly pitted - Fractured to blocky	336.56						
338		CR-045						
339	Argillaceous Dolostone - Tan/grey, laminated to thinly bedded, fine-grained and hard, trace shale laminae, trace gypsum and anhydrite veins	339.65						DGR5-339.38-AR

Depth (mBGS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mBGS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:35m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
340	Dolostone - Light to medium grey, fracture at 340.5, 340.7, thickly bedded - Fine-grained and hard - Trace gypsum and anhydrite veins	339.86						
341	Anhydritic Dolostone - Gradual transition at 341.0 - Blue to light grey anhydritic dolostone interbedded with dark grey dolomitic shale and trace to some laminated to thin flat anhydrite/gypsum veins - Blocky	340.99	CR-046					
342		342.66						
343	Anhydritic Dolostone - Sharp transition at 342.8 to a mottled laminated light grey anhydritic dolostone and grey dolomitic shale - Fractured							DGR5-342.95-AR
344	Dolostone - Gradual transition at 343.4 - Tan grey - Very fine to fine-grained - Trace brown/dark brown argillaceous laminae - Trace gypsum and anhydrite veins - Dolostone thickly bedded below 345.0 - Blocky	343.63	CR-047					
345		345.71						DGR5-345.44-PW-UO
346	Dolostone - Tan to tan/grey with depth - Very fine to fine-grained - Trace dark grey dolomitic shale laminae - Trace anhydrite/gypsum veins and nodules - Blocky							DGR5-346.06-AR
347			CR-048					
348	Brecciated Dolostone - Tan to light grey/green with depth brecciated dolostone, hard, dolomitic shale (green/grey and dark brown) as matrix, blocky	348.00						DGR5-347.99-AR
349	Brecciated Dolomitic Shale - Grey/green brecciated dolomitic shale with clasts of tan/brown argillaceous dolostone and trace anhydrite and gypsum veins and nodules - Slightly pitted - Blocky	348.25						
349		348.76						DGR5-349.04-AR
350	Salina Formation - A2 Unit - Evaporite - Mottled light grey/blue anhydritic dolostone	349.40						
351	Anhydritic Dolostone - Sharp Contact at 349.4 - Mottled light grey to bluish grey anhydrite and brown dolostone - Massive bedded - Locally moderately pitted - Blocky		CR-049					DGR5-351.24-AR
352		351.81						DGR5-352.08-PW-UO


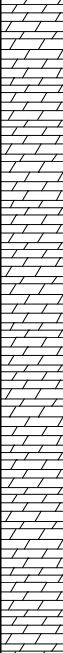

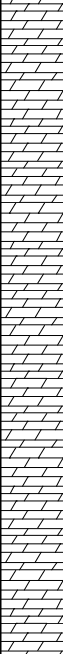
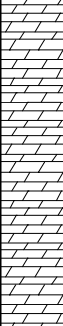
Depth (mBGS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mBGS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:35m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
353	Anhydritic Dolostone - Mottled light grey to bluish grey anhydrite and brown dolostone - Massive bedded - Iron staining recorded - Hard - Moderately pitted	CR-050						
354								DGR5-354.64-PW-UO
355		354.86						
		355.46						
356	Salina Formation - A1 Unit - Carbonate - Grey to tan/grey argillaceous dolostone interbedded/laminated with grey to black bituminous shale and trace to abundant anhydrite and gypsum Dolostone - Tan brown and light grey - Fine-grained - Laminated - Abundantly vuggy and pitted - Fractured to blocky	CR-051						
357	DGR5-356.43-AR							
358		357.91						DGR5-356.89-PW-UO
359		359.21						DGR5-358.01-PW-UO
360	Argillaceous Dolostone - Grey and light grey - Fine-grained - Laminated - Some shale laminae - Blocky	CR-052						DGR5-359.99-PW-UO
361	Dolostone - Tan brown and light grey, fine-grained, laminated, abundantly vuggy and pitted, fractured to blocky Dolostone - Tan brown and light grey, fracture at 361.5, 362.1, fine-grained, laminated, abundantly vuggy and pitted, fractured to blocky	360.96						
362		361.66						DGR5-361.64-PW-UO
363	Argillaceous Dolostone - Grey to dark grey - Laminated to thinly bedded - Very fine to medium-grained - Bituminous shale laminae - Fractured to blocky	CR-053						
364		364.01						
365	Argillaceous Dolostone - Grey - Laminated to thin shale interbeds - Very fine to medium-grained - Trace localized fossiliferous thin beds - Trace anhydrite/gypsum veins, layers and nodules - Trace discontinuous mm-thick anhydrite veins - Blocky	CR						DGR5-364.50-AR

Depth (mBGS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mBGS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:35m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
366		-054						
367	Argillaceous Dolostone - Grey - Fracture at 367.7, rough, 368.9, rough, 369.5 - Trace dark grey shale laminae - Very fine to medium-grained - Localized fossiliferous section with a gradual transition from a wackestone to packstone at 368.4-368.7	367.06						
368	- Trace to some anhydrite/gypsum veins, layers and nodules - Trace discontinuous mm-thick anhydrite veins - Blocky	CR-055						DGR5-368.20-PW-UO
369								
370	Argillaceous Dolostone - Interbedded with irregular black bituminous shale laminae - Fine to very fine-grained - Hard - Some anhydrite/gypsum veins that increase in abundance with depth and give core brecciated appearance - Blocky to massive	370.11						
371		CR-056						
372								
373	Argillaceous Dolostone - Dark grey - Fracture at 374.9, rough - Interbedded with abundant irregular bituminous shale laminae - Fine to very fine-grained - Abundantly vuggy and fractured with partial infilling with very fine-grained dolomite from 373.6-375.3 - Abundant dolomite, calcite and anhydrite/gypsum discontinuous veins that give brecciated appearance in places - Trace flat, white, fibrous laminated to thin anhydrite and gypsum veins from 375.8-376.3 - Fractured to blocky	373.16						
374		CR-057						
375								
376	Argillaceous Dolostone - Tan/brown to grey - Interbedded with common black bituminous shale laminae - Fine to very fine-grained - Hard - Some to abundant flat, white, fibrous laminated to thin anhydrite and gypsum veins - Blocky to massive	376.21						
377		CR-058						
378								DGR5-378.16-PW-UO

Depth (mBGS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mBGS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:35m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
379		379.26						DGR5-378.78-AR
380	Argillaceous Dolostone - Grey/brown - Fracture at 379.5, smooth, 380.7, rough, gypsum/anhydrite infilled, 381.20, smooth, 381.29, rough - Interbedded/laminated with dark grey to black bituminous shale laminae - Fine to very fine-grained - Trace gypsum/anhydrite veins - Petroliferous odour - Open Fracture from 380.6-381.0 infilled with anhydrite/gypsum - Fractured to blocky	CR-059						
381								
382		382.31						
383	Argillaceous Dolostone - Grey/brown - Very fine-grained - Interbedded/laminated with dark grey to black bituminous shale laminae - Trace gypsum/anhydrite veins - Core fractured along bituminous laminae during logging (disking) - Fractured to Blocky	CR-060						
384								
385		385.36						
386	Argillaceous Dolostone - Grey - Very fine-grained - Interbedded/laminated with brown to black bituminous shale laminae - Core fractured along bituminous laminae during logging (disking) - Trace anhydrite/gypsum veins - Fractured to blocky	CR-061						
387								DGR5-387.21-AR
388		388.41						
389	Argillaceous Dolostone - Grey - Natural fracture at 389.3 - Very fine-grained - Interbedded/laminated with brown to black bituminous shale laminae - Trace anhydrite/gypsum veins - Core fractured along bedding planes during logging (disking) - Fractured to blocky	CR-062						
390	Argillaceous Dolostone - Grey - Fracture at 389.3, lightly petroliferous - Very fine-grained - Interbedded/laminated with brown to black bituminous shale laminae - Trace anhydrite/gypsum veins - Core fractured along bituminous laminae during logging (disking) - Core has petroliferous odour - Fractured to blocky	CR-063						
391								

Depth (mBGS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mBGS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:35m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
392	Argillaceous Dolostone - Grey - Very fine-grained - Interbedded/laminated with brown to black bituminous shale laminae - Trace anhydrite/gypsum veins - Core fractured along bituminous laminae during logging (disking) - Core has petroliferous odour - Fractured to blocky	391.77						
393		CR-064						
394								
395	Argillaceous Dolostone - Grey to light grey - Fracture at 395.6, rough, 395.7, rough, 397.2 - Very fine-grained - Interbedded/laminated with brown to black bituminous shale - Core fractured along bituminous laminae during logging (disking) - Core has petroliferous odour - Fractures are lightly petroliferous - Increase light grey argillaceous dolostone below 395.1 - Trace anhydrite/gypsum veins - Fractured to blocky	394.82						DGR5-395.43-AR
396		CR-065						
397								
398	Argillaceous Dolostone - Grey to brown with depth to 399.5 - Interbedded/laminated with dark brown to black bituminous shale laminae to 399.5 - Core has petroliferous odour and is petroliferous - Core fractured along bituminous laminae during logging (disking) - Laminated light grey dolostone 399.5-400.9 - Very fine-grained - Blocky	397.87						
399		CR-066						
400								
		400.38						
401	Salina Formation - A1 Unit - Evaporite - Mottled to thinly bedded light grey/blue anhydrite, anhydritic dolostone and brown dolostone	400.92						
402	Anhydritic Dolostone - Light grey - Laminated to massive - Very fine-grained - Blocky	CR-067						
403	Anhydritic Dolostone - Laminated to thinly bedded - Light grey/blue anhydritic dolostone and tan/brown anhydritic dolostone - Fine to very fine-grained - Blocky to massive							
404		403.97						

Depth (mBGS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mBGS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:35m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
405	Anhydritic Dolostone - Light grey/blue anhydritic dolostone and brown anhydritic dolostone - Laminated to thinly bedded - Very fine-grained - Massive	405.03						
406	Salina Formation - A0 Unit - Dark brown to black, fine-grained, thinly laminated, bituminous dolostone Dolostone - Gradual contact beginning at 405.0 - Interlaminated greyish-brown dolostone and light grey anhydritic dolostone - Massive	CR-068						DGR5-406.36-AR
407	Dolostone - Interlaminated grey to brown/grey dolostone and blackish-brown bituminous argillaceous dolostone - Massive bedded - Fine-grained becoming medium-grained to 407.9 - Calcareous - Trace stylolites - Massive	407.02						DGR5-407.22-PW-UO
408	Guelph Formation - Brown, very fine to medium-grained, vuggy dolostone Dolostone - Dark brown/brown and grey, vuggy and pitted - Fracture at 409.2 - Massive bedded - Brown dolostone is medium-grained and is in matrix of light grey very fine-grained dolostone - Calcareous and hard - Porous (abundant vugs and pits; commonly partly infilled with calcite/dolomite) - Core has petroliferous odour and is heavily petroliferous from 408.0-409	CR-069						
409		410.07						DGR5-410.29-PW-UO
410								
411	Dolostone - Brown and grey - Fractures at 412.2, rough, 412.3, rough - Massive bedded grey with trace interbeds/laminae of planar to irregular black shale between 411.2-412.3; brecciated appearance below 412.3 - Fine and very-fine grained, locally sucrosic and hard - Slightly porous (vugs, some infilled with dolomite crystals); abundantly porous zone (vugs and pits) between 410.1-411.2 and below 412.3 - Blocky	CR-070						
412		413.12						DGR5-413.22-PW-UO
413	Dolostone - Dark brown to light grey, vuggy and pitted - Massive bedded - Brown dolostone is medium-grained and is in matrix of light grey very fine-grained dolostone - Calcareous and hard - Porous (abundant vugs and pits; commonly partly infilled with calcite/dolomite) - Blocky to massive	413.72						DGR5-413.57-PW-UO
414	Goat Island Formation - Light to dark grey/brown, very fine-grained dolostone Dolostone - Gradational contact at 413.7 - Light grey and dark grey - Faintly irregularly bedded to massive bedded - Very fine-grained - Hard - Trace stylolites - Blocky to massive	CR-071						
415		416.17						
416								

Depth (mBGS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mBGS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:35m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
417	Dolostone - Grey to light grey with faintly irregular dark grey argillaceous laminae and trace localized brown bituminous laminae - Fracture at 417.29, rough, 418.84, rough - Very fine-grained - Trace stylolites - Blocky	CR-072						
418								DGR5-418.50-AR
419	Dolostone - Light grey with faintly irregular dark grey argillaceous laminae and trace localized brown bituminous laminae - Very fine-grained - Hard - Massive	419.22						
420		CR-073						
421								
422	Dolostone - Light grey with faint dark grey argillaceous laminae and trace localized brown bituminous laminae - Very fine-grained - Hard - Massive	422.27						DGR5-422.14-PW-UO
423		CR-074						
424	Dolostone - Light grey with faint dark grey argillaceous laminae and trace localized brown bituminous laminae - Mottled colouring last 0.5m of core - Very fine-grained - Hard - Solid	425.32						
425		CR-075						
426	Dolostone - Light grey with faintly irregular dark grey argillaceous laminae and trace localized brown bituminous laminae - Very fine-grained - Hard - Massive	428.37						
427		CR						
428								
429								

Depth (mBGS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mBGS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:35m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
430		-076						
431								
		431.42						
432								DGR5-432.17-PW-UO
		433.00						
433	Gasport Formation	CR-07						
	- Blue/white/grey, fine to coarse-grained, dolomitic limestone							
	Dolomitic Limestone							
434	- Light to medium grey with dark grey irregular argillaceous laminae and brown irregular bituminous laminae							
	- Slightly pitted core starting around 433.8 and increasing in abundance with depth							
	- Fine to medium-grained	434.47						DGR5-434.60-AR
	- Trace stylolites							
	- Blocky to massive							
435	Dolomitic Limestone							
	- Light to medium grey with diffuse brown sections							
	- Massive bedded with irregular black laminae/stylolites							
	- Green/grey mottled section, 436.2-436.4							
	- Fine to medium-grained							
436	- Core becomes more coarse below 436.5	CR-078						
	- Slightly pitted							
	- Blocky							
437								
		437.52						
438	Dolomitic Limestone							
	- Light to medium grey with diffuse brown sections							
	- Fracture at 437.76, rough, 438.36, smooth on upper half of fracture, rough on lower half							
	- Massive bedded with irregular black laminae/stylolites							
	- Fine to coarse-grained							
	- Slightly pitted							
	- Blocky to massive							
439								
		CR-079						
440								DGR5-440.13-PW-UO
		440.57						
441	Dolostone							
	- Light grey with diffuse grey and brownish grey beds							
	- Fracture at 443.4, open < 1mm, clean fracture surface							
	- Mottled							
	- Fine-grained							
	- Trace cm-size round white mudstone clasts and trace stylolites							
	- Fracture ~ 1.0m in length at 442.3, open ~ 1mm, rough and clean fracture face							
442	- Sub-vertical semi-elliptical fracture at 443.1, closed	CR-080						
	- Massive							

Depth (mBGS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mBGS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:35m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
		442.84						
443	Lions Head Formation - Light grey to grey/brown, fine to very fine-grained dolostone							
		443.62						
444	Dolostone - Mottled light grey to tan/grey with diffuse grey and brownish grey beds - Fine to very fine-grained - Hard - Trace cm-sized round white mudstone clasts and trace stylolites - Blocky to massive							DGR5-444.71-PW-UO
445		445.25	CR-081					DGR5-445.00-AR
	Fossil Hill Formation - Light to medium brownish grey coarse-grained dolostone with stylolites							
446	Dolostone - Light brownish-grey with faint grey diffuse laminae, fine to coarse-grained - Coarser grained beds below 445.1, very to hard, increased amount of stylolites below 445.1 - Calcareous infilled cm-size clast at 446.9, calcareous infilled layer 446.5 - Blocky							
		446.67						
447	Dolostone - Light brownish-grey with faint grey diffuse laminae, medium to coarse-grained - Natural fracture at 447.8, rough, hard, some stylolites, calcareous infilled layer 446.8 - Blocky							DGR5-447.45-PW-UO
		447.84						
448	Cabot Head Formation - Green and red shale grading to interbedded fossiliferous grey carbonate and shale							
449	Shale - Gradational contact, 447.7-448.0, grading from a laminated light brownish-grey dolostone and green shale to a massive bedded green shale - Green shale sharp contact with red/maroon shale at 448.6 - Red/maroon shale below 448.6 with trace mottled green shales - Fracture at 449.1, 1-2mm-thick, calcite infilling - Medium soft - Massive bedded - Moderately soft - Blocky		CR-082					
		449.72						
450	Shale - Red/maroon shale with trace green mottles and blotches - Fracture at 451.1, slickensides, shiny, smooth, glassy and polished, stepped, and undulating, 452.0, planar, smooth, dull lustre, no evidence of movement - Massive bedded - Medium soft - Massive		CR-083					
451								
452	Shale - Red/maroon shale with trace green mottles - Massive bedded - Medium soft - Blocky		CR-084					DGR5-452.92-PW-UO
		452.32						
453								
454			CR-084					
455	Shale - Red/maroon shale	455.37	CR-					DGR5-455.00-AR

Depth (mBGS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mBGS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:35m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
456	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Massive bedded - Medium soft - Blocky Shale <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Red/maroon shale with trace green mottles - Massive bedded - Medium soft - Solid 	085 455.82						
457		CR-086						
458								DGR5-458.00-AR
459	Shale <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Red/maroon shale with trace green mottles - Massive bedded - Medium soft - Fractured to blocky 	458.87						
460	Shale <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Diffusely bedded red /maroon, grey and green shale at 459.8 - Trace thinly bedded grey very fine-grained and fossiliferous (brachiopods) limestone beds - Very soft - Fractured to blocky 	CR-087						DGR5-460.12-PW-UO
461								
462	Shale <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grey and green shale - Soft 	461.97 CR-088						
463	Shale <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grey and green shale - Trace thinly bedded grey very fine-grained and fossiliferous limestone beds to 463.7 - Soft - Blocky 	462.45						
		463.65						
464	Interbedded Shale and Carbonate Beds <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Predominantly mottled grey/green shale thinly to medium interbedded with fossiliferous calcareous dolostone with variable amounts of green mud (wackestone) - Dolostone is grey/blue, fine to medium grained, mottled, and contains calcified fossils - Fractured to blocky 	CR-089						
465								
466	Interbedded Shale and Carbonate Beds <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Predominantly mottled grey fossiliferous calcareous dolostone with variable amounts of grey/green mud (wackestone) thinly to medium interbedded with mottled grey/green shale - Dolostone is grey/blue, fine to medium grained, mottled, and contains calcified fossils - Fractured to blocky (core is rubble) 	465.50						
467		CR-090						
468								

Depth (mBGS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mBGS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:35m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
469	Interbedded Shale and Carbonate Beds - Predominantly mottled grey fossiliferous calcareous dolostone with variable amounts of grey/green mud (wackestone) thinly to medium interbedded with mottled grey/green shale - Dolostone is grey/blue, fine to medium grained, mottled, and contains calcified fossils - Fractured to blocky (core is rubble)	468.55	CR-091					
470								
471								
472	Interbedded Shale and Carbonate Beds - Mottled grey fossiliferous calcareous dolostone with variable amounts of grey/green mud (wackestone) thinly to medium interbedded with mottled grey/green shale - Dolostone is grey/blue, fine to medium grained, mottled, and trace calcified fossils (bryozoans, coral) - Blocky	471.60						DGR5-472.44-PW-UO
473		472.99	CR-092					DGR5-472.66-AR
474	Manitoulin Formation - Grey, very fine to medium-grained, fossiliferous, mottled argillaceous to non-argillaceous dolostone with grey/green shale interbeds and chert layers/nodules Argillaceous Dolostone - Mottled fine to medium grained grey/green argillaceous dolostone, trace interbeds of grey dolostone and green shale - Some chert nodules - Massive - Slightly fossiliferous (brachiopods) - 4cm green shale bed at 473.6	474.65						DGR5-474.78-AR
475								
476	Argillaceous Dolostone - Mottled fine to coarse grained grey/green argillaceous dolostone - Trace interbeds of grey dolostone and green shale in upper 0.4m of core - Coarse grained beds are lightly petroliferous - Some chert nodules - Slightly fossiliferous (bryozoans, brachiopods) - Wackestone bed at 475.6-475.7, brachiopods - Massive	476.71	CR-093					
477	Interbedded Shale and Dolostone - Mottled light grey to greenish/grey coarse-grained argillaceous dolostone with some thin interbeds and laminae of green shale - Slightly fossiliferous - Trace light grey thin chert beds - Blocky	477.70	477.70					DGR5-477.42-PW-UO
478	Cherty Dolostone - Grey/blue to grey/tan, fine to medium-grained grading downwards to medium to coarse-grained, fossiliferous, stylolites, abundant irregular black laminae - Massive							
479			CR-094					
480								
481		480.75						DGR5-480.91-PW-UO

Depth (mBGS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mBGS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:35m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
482	Cherty Dolostone - Grey/tan with some to grey/blue, fine to medium-grained - Fracture at 483.5, healed - Abundant irregular black laminae 480.8-481.2 - Fossiliferous - Trace stylolites below 481.2 - wackestone bed at 483.0-483.1 - Increase in chert content below 481.2 - Solid	CR-095						
483		483.11						
	Limestone - Light grey/tan - Very fine-grained, hard, trace stylolites, massive bedded - Massive	483.80						
484	Interbedded Shale and Dolostone - Interlaminated grey dolostone and green shale; dolostone declines in abundance to absent at 486.6 - Smooth horizontal fracture at 484.8, infilling appears to be washed out (halite?) - Fossiliferous 5cm-thick shale layer at 486.6	CR-096						
485								DGR5-485.37-AR
486		486.62						
	Queenston Formation - Red to maroon, massive bedded, calcareous to non-calcareous shale with subordinate interbeds of green shale, and grey/brown carbonates and siltstone	486.85						
487	Shale - Sharp contact at 486.6 - Red/maroon with green mottling - Massive bedded - Trace thin carbonate beds - Medium soft - Massive	CR-097						
488								
489	Shale - Red/maroon with green blotching, beds and diffuse zones - Massive bedded - Trace thin carbonate beds - Medium soft - Fracture through shale and cm-thick carbonate bed at 487.3 - Fracture through shale at 488.6, halite infilling - Solid	489.90						
490	Shale - Banded red/maroon and green shale - Medium soft - Massive bedded - Trace thin interbeds of grey fine-grained carbonate beds - Medium soft - Solid	CR-098						
491								DGR5-491.52-AR
492								
493		492.95						
494								

Depth (mBGS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mBGS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:35m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
495	Shale - Red/maroon with trace blotching of green shale - Fracture through shale at 495.0, rough and clean, 495.5, smooth, halite infilling - Medium soft - Massive bedded - Trace thin beds of grey fine-grained carbonate beds - Medium soft - Solid	CR-099						
496		496.00						
497	Shale - Red/maroon with blotches, mottles and bands of green shale - Fracture through shale at 497.0, rough with halite infilling (orange prismatic crystals) - Medium soft - Massive bedded - Trace thin beds of grey fine-grained carbonate beds - Medium soft - Solid	CR-100						DGR5-497.24-AR DGR5-497.50-PW-UO DGR5-497.78-PW-UNB
498								
499		499.05						
500	Shale - Red/maroon with mottles and bands of green shale - Fracture through shale at 501.9, completely infilled with rusty coloured fibrous precipitate - Medium soft - Massive bedded - Medium soft - Solid	CR-101						
501								
502		502.10						
503	Shale - Red/maroon with mottles, blotches and bands of green shale - Medium soft - Massive bedded - Trace thin carbonate beds - Medium soft - Solid	CR-102						DGR5-503.51-AR
504								
505		505.15						
506	Shale - Red/maroon with mottles, blotches and bands of green shale - Medium soft - Massive bedded - Trace thin carbonate beds - Trace anhydrite nodules in the last 0.4m - Medium soft - Solid	CR-103						
507								

Depth (mBGS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mBGS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:35m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
508	Shale - Red/maroon with mottles and bands of green shale - Medium soft - Massive bedded - Trace thin carbonate beds - Trace anhydrite nodules - Medium soft - Solid	508.25						
509		CR-104						
510	Shale - Red/maroon banded and blotched green shale, beds and diffuse zones - Massive bedded - Medium soft - Localized pink/white anhydrite nodules - Massive	511.25						DGR5-511.15-AR
512		CR-105						
513	Shale - Red/maroon with trace green shale mottles, beds and diffuse zones - Fracture through shale at 512.0, smooth - Massive bedded - Medium soft - Trace grey, fine-grained cm-thick carbonate beds - Localized pink anhydrite nodules - Blocky	514.30						DGR5-513.92-PW-UNB
514		CR-106						
515	Shale - Red/maroon with some green shale bands and mottles - Massive bedded - Medium soft - Trace grey, fine-grained cm-thick carbonate beds - Localized pink anhydrite nodules - Massive	517.35						DGR5-514.22-PW-UO
516		CR-107						
517								DGR5-516.18-AR
518								
519								

Depth (mBGS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mBGS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery		R.Q.D.		Nat. Frac. Freq.		Fracture Or.		Sample ID
				100 %	0	100 %	0	0	/m	5	0	
1m:35m												
520	Shale - Red/maroon and green shale bands, mottles and diffuse zones - Massive bedded - Medium soft - Trace grey, fine-grained cm-thick carbonate beds increasing in frequency to 522.0 - Localized pink anhydrite nodules - Massive	520.40										DGR5-520.36-AR
521		CR-108										
522	Interbedded Shale and Limestone - Gradual transition at 521.6 to green/grey shale with thin interbeds of light grey to grey/blue, fossiliferous (brachiopods), very hard, carbonates - Massive - Medium soft (shale) to very hard (carbonate beds)	522.04										
523		523.45										
524	Interbedded Shale and Limestone - Shale is grey/green grading to red with green blebs and diffuse zones at 525.3 - Fracture at 524.1 with halite/anhydrite infilling - Massive bedded - Carbonate interbeds are grey, 1cm to 5 cm-thick fossiliferous (bryozoans) - Medium soft - Blocky to massive	524.1										DGR5-525.57-PW-UO
525		CR-109										
526	Interbedded Shale and Limestone - Shale is red/maroon with green mottles and diffuse beds grading to green and green at 527.7 - Thickly bedded - Medium soft - Carbonate interbeds are grey, 1cm to 5cm-thick fossiliferous (bryozoans) - Massive	526.50										
527		CR-110										
528	Interbedded Shale and Limestone - Green thickly bedded, medium soft, calcareous shale grading to medium to thickly interbedded green calcareous shale with carbonate interbeds at 531.3 - 0.3m band red/maroon calcareous shale at 530.2 - Carbonate interbeds are grey, medium to coarse-grained, abundantly fossiliferous (brachiopods) - Carbonate beds with subordinate green shale interbeds compose bottom half of core - Blocky to massive	529.55										
529		CR-111										
530	Interbedded Shale and Limestone - Green thickly bedded, medium soft, calcareous shale grading to medium to thickly interbedded green calcareous shale with carbonate interbeds at 531.3 - 0.3m band red/maroon calcareous shale at 530.2 - Carbonate interbeds are grey, medium to coarse-grained, abundantly fossiliferous (brachiopods) - Carbonate beds with subordinate green shale interbeds compose bottom half of core - Blocky to massive	532.65										
531												
532	Interbedded Shale and Limestone											

Depth (mBGS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mBGS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:35m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
533	<p>Interbedded Shale and Limestone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Green calcareous shale and interbeds of grey, fine-grained, fossiliferous (brachiopods) limestone, hard - Blocky to massive 							
534		CR-112						
535								
536	<p>Interbedded Shale and Limestone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grey/green shale interbedded with light grey carbonate interbeds - Shale is thinly to medium bedded, calcareous, locally contains elongate (mm-long) limestone nodules - Blocky - Medium soft (shale) to hard (carbonate) 	535.70						
537		CR-113						
538								
539	<p>Interbedded Shale and Limestone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grey/green shale interbedded with light grey carbonate interbeds - Shale is thinly to medium bedded and calcareous - Carbonate interbeds are very fine-grained to coarse-grained and trace are fossiliferous - Blocky - Medium soft (shale) to hard (carbonate) 	538.75						DGR5-539.55-AR
540		CR-114						
541								
542	<p>Interbedded Shale and Limestone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grey/green shale interbedded with light grey carbonate interbeds - Last 5cm of core red/maroon shale - Shale is thinly bedded and calcareous - Carbonate interbeds are very fine-grained to coarse-grained and trace are fossiliferous (brachiopods), and locally abundant - Blocky to massive - Medium soft (shale) to hard (carbonate) 	541.80						
543		CR-115						
544								
545		544.85						DGR5-545.00-AR

Depth (mBGS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mBGS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID	
1m:35m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90		
546	Interbedded Shale and Limestone - Grey/green shale interbedded with light grey carbonate interbeds - Top 0.3m of core is red/maroon shale with trace laminations of carbonate beds - Shale is thinly to medium bedded and calcareous - Carbonate interbeds are very fine-grained to coarse-grained and trace are fossiliferous (brachiopods), and locally abundant - Fractured - Medium soft (shale) to hard (carbonate)	CR-116							
547		547.90							DGR5-548.02-AR DGR5-548.31-AR
548	Interbedded Shale and Limestone - Grey/green shale interbedded with light grey/blue carbonate interbeds - Shale is laminated to thinly interbedded with carbonates - Carbonate interbeds are very fine-grained to coarse-grained and trace are fossiliferous - Gradual transition in top 1.4m to red/maroon shale with green blotches and diffuse bands at 549.3 - Fractured to blocky - Medium soft (shale) to hard (carbonate)	CR-117							
549		549.30							
550	Shale - Red/maroon with green blotches, bands and diffuse zones - Massive bedded - Hard - Calcareous - Massive	CR-117							
551		550.95							DGR5-551.07-AR
552	Shale - Red/maroon with green mottles, blotches and diffuse bands - Massive bedded - Hard - Calcareous - Some pink anhydrite nodules with two areas having greater than 0.1m clustered nodules at 551.6 and 553.0 - Blocky to massive	CR-118							
553		554.00							
554	Shale - Red/maroon with green mottles, diffuse bands and trace blotches - Massive bedded - Hard - Calcareous - Trace pink anhydrite nodules - Trace carbonate laminae - Massive to solid	CR-119							
555		557.05							DGR5-555.15-AR
556	Shale - Red/maroon with green mottles, and diffuse bands - Fracture through shale at 512.0, smooth, orange halite, 0.5cm thick - Massive bedded - Hard - Calcareous - Some laminated to thinly bedded carbonates - Massive to solid	CR-119							
557		557.05							DGR5-557.44-PW-UNB DGR5-557.65-PW-UO
558		CR-119							

Depth (mBGS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mBGS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:35m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
559		120						
560		560.10						
		560.64						
561	Georgian Bay Formation - Dark greenish/grey shale, interbedded (decreasing abundance with depth) with grey fossiliferous limestone and siltstone beds	CR-121						DGR5-561.88-AR
562	Interbedded Shale and Limestone - Gradational contact at 560.6 - Grey/green shale interbedded with grey limestone - Fracture through shale at 561.2, smooth, clear and very thin layer of halite, partially closed - Shale and limestone are laminated to thinly bedded from 560.6-562.3 and are thinly to thickly bedded below 562.3							
563	- Limestone interbeds are cm's-thick, fossiliferous and locally bioturbated, hard - Massive	563.15						DGR5-564.96-PW-UO DGR5-565.17-PW-UNB
564	Interbedded Shale and Limestone - Grey/green shale interbedded with light grey limestone - Shale is thinly to medium bedded - Limestone is thinly bedded, hard, fossiliferous (brachiopods) - Blocky to massive	CR-122						
565								
566		566.20						
567	Interbedded Shale and Limestone/Siltstone - Green/grey shale interbedded with light grey limestone and grey siltstone - Shale is thinly bedded, calcareous, locally contains limestone clasts, medium soft - Limestone is thinly to thickly bedded, trace beds are coarse-grained, locally contain cross-stratification, fossiliferous (brachiopods, crinoids), locally bioturbated, and hard - Siltstone beds are laminated to thinly bedded, calcareous and are locally low-angle cross-laminated, and hard - Massive to solid	CR-123						DGR5-567.72-AR
568								
569		569.25						
570	Interbedded Shale and Limestone/Siltstone - Green/grey shale interbedded with light grey limestone and green/grey siltstone - Shale is thinly to medium bedded and calcareous, medium soft - Limestone is laminated to thinly bedded, medium-grained, fossiliferous and hard, locally bioturbated - Fractured to blocky	CR-124						
571								


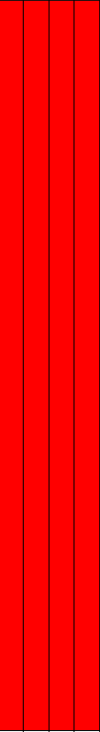
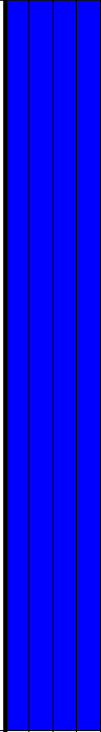



Depth (mBGS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mBGS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:35m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
572	Interbedded Shale and Limestone/Siltstone - Green/grey shale interbedded with light grey limestone and grey/green siltstone - Fracture at 573.0, smooth, undulating - Shale is thinly bedded, very soft - Limestone is laminated to thinly bedded, medium-grained, fossiliferous, bioturbated, and hard - Massive	572.30						
573		CR-125						DGR5-573.83-AR
574	Interbedded Shale and Limestone/Siltstone - Laminated to thickly bedded green/grey shale interbedded with laminated to medium bedded, fine to coarse-grained fossiliferous limestone, and sandstone/siltstone - Trace localized bioclastic/fossiliferous limestone beds - Core diking when disturbed - Medium soft (shale) and hard (limestone/sandstone/siltstone) - Massive	575.35						
575		CR-126						
576		CR-126						
577	Interbedded Shale and Limestone/Siltstone - Thinly to thickly bedded green/grey shale interbedded with thinly to medium bedded, fine to coarse-grained limestone, and sandstone/siltstone - Trace localized bioclastic/fossiliferous limestone beds - Core diking in shale - Medium soft (shale) and hard (limestone/sandstone/siltstone) - Blocky to massive	578.40						
578		CR-127						DGR5-578.82-AR
579	Interbedded Shale and Limestone/Siltstone - Thinly to thickly bedded green/grey shale interbedded with laminated to medium bedded, fine to coarse-grained limestone, and sandstone/siltstone - Trace localized bioclastic/fossiliferous limestone beds - Core diking into 5-10cm pieces - Medium soft (shale) and hard (limestone/sandstone/siltstone) - Fractured to blocky	581.45						
580		CR-128						
581		CR-128						
582		CR-128						
583								DGR5-583.40-MN-SGS
584								DGR5-583.69-PT







Depth (mBGS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mBGS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:35m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
585	Interbedded Shale and Limestone/Siltstone - Thinly bedded green/grey shale interbedded with thinly bedded, fine to coarse-grained limestone, and sandstone/siltstone - Trace localized bioclastic/fossiliferous limestone beds - Core diking into 5-10cm pieces - Medium soft (shale) and hard (limestone/sandstone/siltstone) - Fractured	584.50						DGR5-584.98-AR
586		CR-129						
587								
588	Shale - Thinly to thickly bedded green/grey shale with some laminae to thin beds of fine to coarse-grained limestone, and sandstone/siltstone - Shale is massive bedded - Trace localized bioclastic/fossiliferous limestone beds - Core diking into 5-10cm pieces - Medium soft (shale) and hard (limestone/sandstone/siltstone) - Blocky	587.55 587.55						
589		CR-130						
590								DGR5-590.07-AR
591	Shale - Thinly bedded green/grey shale with some laminae to thin beds of fine to coarse-grained limestone, and sandstone/siltstone - Fracture at 592.8, smooth, halite infilling 1mm thick - Shale is massive bedded - Trace localized bioclastic/fossiliferous limestone beds - Core diking into 3-10cm pieces - Medium soft (shale) and hard (limestone/sandstone/siltstone) - Blocky to massive	590.60						
592		CR-131						
593								
594	Shale - Grey/green shale with trace laminae to thin interbeds of limestone/siltstone/sandstone - Shale is massive bedded - Trace fossils - Core diking into 3-10cm pieces - Medium soft (shale) and hard (limestone/sandstone/siltstone) - Fractured	593.65						
595		CR-132						DGR5-595.62-AR
596								
597	Shale - Grey/green shale with trace laminae to thin interbeds of limestone/siltstone/sandstone	596.70						






Depth (mBGS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mBGS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:35m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
598	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Shale is massive bedded - Trace fossils - Core diking into 3-10cm pieces - Medium soft (shale) and hard (limestone/sandstone/siltstone) - Fractured 	CR-133						DGR5-598.13-PW-UNB DGR5-598.37-PW-UO
599								
600	<p>Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grey/green shale with trace laminae to thin interbeds of limestone/siltstone/sandstone - Shale is massive bedded - Trace fossils - Fossiliferous limestone layer (8cm) at 602.7 - Core diking into 3-10cm pieces - Medium soft (shale) and hard (limestone/sandstone/siltstone) - Fractured to blocky 	599.75 CR-134						DGR5-600.31-AR
601								
602								
603	<p>Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grey/green shale with trace laminae to thin interbeds of limestone/siltstone/sandstone - Fracture at 605.3 infilled with 1mm orange halite - Shale is massive bedded - Trace fossils - Trace anhydrite nodules - Fossiliferous limestone layer (10cm) at 602.9 and (5cm) at 604.95 with calcified fossils - Core diking into 3-10cm pieces - Medium soft (shale) and hard (limestone/sandstone/siltstone) - Blocky to massive 	602.80 CR-135						
604								
605								
606	<p>Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grey/green shale with trace laminae to thin interbeds of limestone/siltstone/sandstone - Shale is massive bedded - Trace fossils - Fossiliferous limestone layers (5cm) at 607.0 and 608.7 with calcified fossils - Core diking into 3-10cm pieces - Trace anhydrite nodules - Medium soft (shale) and hard (limestone/sandstone/siltstone) - Blocky 	605.85 CR-136						DGR5-605.55-MN-SGS DGR5-605.98-AR
607								
608								
609								
610								

Depth (mBGS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mBGS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:35m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
611	Shale - Dark grey/green shale with trace laminae to thin interbeds of limestone/siltstone - Shale is massive bedded - Trace fossils - Fossiliferous limestone layer (8cm) at 610.8 with calcified fossils - Core diking into 5-10cm pieces and diking into some crescent shaped pieces - Soft (shale) and hard to very hard (limestone/siltstone) - Blocky	CR-137						
612	Shale - Dark grey/green shale with trace laminae to thin interbeds of limestone/siltstone/sandstone - Fracture at 614.2, smooth, halite partial infilling, 614.7, completely healed - Shale is massive bedded - Shale becomes more dark grey with depth - Trace fossils - Fossiliferous limestone layers (5cm) at 612.5, 612.6, and 613.2 - Core diking into 5-10cm pieces and diking into some crescent shaped pieces - Soft (shale) and hard (limestone/sandstone/siltstone) - Fractured	611.95 CR-138						DGR5-612.31-PT DGR5-612.62-AR
615	Shale - Dark grey/green shale with trace laminae to thin interbeds of limestone/siltstone - Shale is massive bedded - Trace fossiliferous limestone layers calcified fossils - Core diking into 5-10cm pieces and diking into some crescent shaped pieces - Soft (shale) and hard to very hard (limestone/siltstone) - Blocky to massive	615.00 CR-139						
619	Shale - Dark grey/green shale with trace laminae to thin interbeds of limestone/siltstone - Fracture at 619.4, smooth, 0.5cm thick halite infilling - Shale is massive bedded - Trace fossils - Fossiliferous limestone layers (5cm) at 618.3, 618.8, and 10cm at 619.2 all with calcified fossils - Core diking into 5-10cm pieces and diking into some crescent shaped pieces - Soft to very soft (shale) and hard (limestone/siltstone) - Blocky to massive	618.05 CR-140						DGR5-618.93-AR
622	Shale - Dark grey/green shale with trace laminae to thin interbeds of limestone/siltstone - Shale is massive bedded - Trace fossils - Fossiliferous limestone layers (10cm) at 621.8, 622.3, with calcified fossils - Core diking into 1-10cm pieces and diking into crescent shaped pieces - Very soft (shale) and hard (limestone/siltstone) - Blocky to massive	621.10 CR-141						








Depth (mBGS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mBGS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID	
1m:35m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90		
623	Shale - Dark grey/green shale with trace laminae to thin interbeds of limestone/siltstone - Shale is massive bedded - Trace fossils - Core diking into 1-10cm pieces and diking into crescent shaped pieces - Very soft (shale) and hard (limestone/siltstone) - Fractured							DGR5-623.03-AR	
624		624.15							
625				CR-142					
626	Shale - Dark grey/green shale with trace laminae to thin interbeds of limestone/siltstone - Shale is massive bedded - Trace fossils - Core diking into 1-10cm pieces and diking into crescent shaped pieces - Very soft (shale) and hard (limestone/siltstone) - Fractured								
627		627.20							
628				CR-143					
629	Shale - Dark grey/green shale with trace laminae to medium interbeds of limestone - Shale is massive bedded - Trace fossils - Fossiliferous limestone layers (25cm) at 630.8, and (15cm) 631.2, with calcified fossils - Core diking into 1-10cm pieces - Pyrite flecks at 631.2 - No limestone beds below 631.2 - Very soft (shale) and hard (limestone/siltstone) - Blocky								
630		630.25							DGR5-630.00-AR
631				CR-144					
632	Shale - Dark grey/green shale - Massive bedded - Moderate core diking to 5-15cm pieces - Trace fossils - Laminated fossiliferous layer at 633.8 - Soft (shale) - Fractured to blocky								
633		633.30							
634				CR-145					
635								DGR5-635.16-AR	

Depth (mBGS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mBGS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:35m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
636	Shale - Dark grey/green shale - Shale is massive bedded - Soft (shale) - Core is crushed/shattered - Trace fossils - Blocky to massive	636.35						
637		CR-146						
638		639.73						
640	Shale - Dark grey/green shale - Massive bedded - Moderate core diking to 5-15cm pieces - Trace fossils - Soft (shale) - Fractured	640.13						DGR5-640.13-AR
641		CR-147						
642	Shale - Dark grey/green shale with trace laminae to thin interbeds of limestone/siltstone - Shale is massive bedded - Trace fossils - Some core diking into 5-10cm pieces - Soft to medium soft (shale) and hard (limestone/siltstone) - Blocky to massive	642.45						
643		CR-148						
644		645.50						
645	Shale - Dark grey/green shale with trace laminae to thin interbeds of limestone/siltstone - Shale is massive bedded - Trace fossils - Some core diking into 5-10cm pieces - Soft to medium soft (shale) and hard (limestone/siltstone) - Blocky to massive	645.16						DGR5-645.16-MN-SGS
646		CR-149						
647		648.55						DGR5-646.44-AR
648								

Depth (mBGS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mBGS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:35m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
649	Shale - Dark grey/green shale with trace laminae to thin interbeds of limestone/siltstone - Shale is massive bedded - Light grey/green siltstone bed from 650.0-650.3, very hard - Trace fossils - Some core diking into 5-10cm pieces - Soft to medium soft (shale) and hard to very hard (limestone/siltstone) - Blocky	CR-150						DGR5-649.27-PW-UNB
								DGR5-649.51-PW-UO
650								
651								DGR5-651.02-AR
652	Shale - Dark grey/green with a gradual transition to a grey to dark grey soft shale trace laminae to thin interbeds of fossiliferous fine-grained, hard sandstone/limestone/siltstone - Shale is massive bedded - Moderate core diking into 5-10cm pieces - Blocky	651.60						DGR5-652.62-GM-CAN
653								
		653.25						
654	Blue Mountain Formation - Green/blue to blue/grey to grey with depth, fossiliferous shale interbedded with siltstone and fossiliferous limestone in upper part of formation Blue Mountain Formation - Lower Member - Grey to dark grey shale with petroliferous odour and trace siltstone laminae	654.65						DGR5-654.80-AR
655								
656	Shale - Grey to dark grey soft shale with trace laminae to thin interbeds of fossiliferous fine to coarse-grained, hard sandstone/limestone/siltstone - Shale is massive bedded - Moderate core diking into 5-10cm pieces - Fractured to blocky	CR-152						DGR5-656.52-GM-CAN
657								
658	Shale - Dark grey soft shale with trace laminae to thin interbeds of fossiliferous fine to coarse-grained, hard sandstone/limestone/siltstone - Shale is massive bedded - Moderate core diking into 5-10cm pieces - Fractured	657.70						
659								
660								
661		660.75						DGR5-660.20-AR
661								

Depth (mBGS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mBGS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:35m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
662	Shale - Dark grey soft shale with trace laminae to thin interbeds of fossiliferous fine to coarse-grained, hard sandstone/limestone/siltstone - Shale is massive bedded - Core diking into 5-10cm pieces - Fractured to blocky	CR-154						
663								
664	Shale - Dark grey soft shale with trace laminae to thin interbeds of fossiliferous fine to coarse-grained, hard sandstone/limestone/siltstone - Shale is massive bedded - Core diking into 5-10cm pieces - Fractured to blocky	663.80						
665								
666	Shale - Dark grey very soft shale - Shale is massive bedded - Core diking into 5-10cm pieces very easily, some crescent diking - Fractured to blocky	CR-155						DGR5-664.97-AR
667								
668	Shale - Dark grey very soft shale - Shale is massive bedded - Core diking into 5-10cm pieces very easily, some crescent diking - Blocky	666.85						DGR5-668.28-AR
669								
670	Shale - Dark grey very soft shale - Shale is massive bedded - Core diking into 5-10cm pieces very easily, some crescent diking - Blocky	CR-156						DGR5-671.30-PW-UO
671								
672	Shale - Dark grey soft shale - Shale is massive bedded - Trace thin hard siltstone beds - Core diking into 5-10cm pieces very easily, some crescent diking - Fractured to blocky	669.90						DGR5-671.55-PW-UNB
673								
674	Shale - Dark grey soft shale - Shale is massive bedded - Trace thin hard siltstone beds - Core diking into 5-10cm pieces very easily, some crescent diking - Fractured to blocky	CR-157						DGR5-673.37-AR
675								
676		CR						

Depth (mBGS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mBGS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:35m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
675		-158						
676	Shale - Grey to dark grey soft shale - Shale is massive bedded - Trace thin hard siltstone beds - Trace anhydrite nodules - Core diking into 5-10cm pieces - Fracture from 676.0-676.4, slight halite infilling, planer and smooth - Fracture from 676.8-677.9, smooth, 1mm clear halite infilling - Blocky	676.00						
677		CR-159						DGR5-677.25-MN-SGS
678								DGR5-678.52-PT
679	Shale - Dark grey soft shale - Shale is massive bedded - Trace thin hard siltstone beds - Core diking into 5-10cm pieces very easily, some crescent diking - Fractured to blocky	679.05						DGR5-679.63-AR
680		CR-160						
681								
682	Shale - Dark grey soft shale - Shale is massive bedded - Core diking into 5-10cm pieces very easily - Fractured to blocky	682.10						
683		CR-161						DGR5-683.35-PW-UNB
684								DGR5-683.57-PW-UO
685	Shale - Dark grey soft shale - Fracture at 685.3, smooth, most likely mechanical break - Shale is massive bedded - Core diking into 5-10cm pieces very easily, some crescent diking - Slight petroliferous odour - Massive	685.15						
686		CR-162						DGR5-685.80-GM-CAN
687								

Depth (mBGS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mBGS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:35m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
688	Shale - Dark grey soft shale - Shale is massive bedded - Core diking into 5-10cm pieces very easily, some crescent diking - Slight petroliferous odour - Massive	688.20						DGR5-687.42-AR
689								CR-163
691	Shale - Dark grey soft shale - Shale is massive bedded - Core diking into 5-10cm pieces very easily, some crescent diking - Slight petroliferous odour - Massive	691.25						
692								CR-164
692	Shale - Dark grey soft shale - Fracture at 692.35, smooth, infilled with calcite, completely infilled - Shale is massive bedded - Core diking into 5-10cm pieces very easily, some crescent diking - Slight petroliferous odour - Massive	691.45						
693								CR-165
694	Shale - Dark grey soft shale - Shale is massive bedded - Core diking into 5-10cm pieces very easily - Slight petroliferous odour - Massive	694.30						DGR5-693.47-AR
695								CR-166
696	Shale - Dark grey soft shale - Fracture spanning from 699.2-699.9, smooth, halite infilling, fracture begins in soft shale and extends 15cm into hard argillaceous limestone - Shale is massive bedded - Core diking into 5-10cm pieces very easily - Slight petroliferous odour - Trace fossils - Massive	697.35						DGR5-696.13-AR
697								CR-167
698								DGR5-697.85-PW-UO
699								
699		699.86						DGR5-698.77-GM-CAN
700	Cobourg Formation - Collingwood Member							DGR5-699.49-MN-SGS

Depth (mBGS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mBGS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:35m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
700.40	- Dark grey to black calcareous shale interbedded with grey fossiliferous and argillaceous limestone	700.40						
701	Argillaceous Limestone - Dark grey, fine-grained, thickly bedded, hard, trace fossil (brachiopods), increasing shale content below 700.3, blocky							DGR5-700.70-GM-CAN
702	Interbedded Shale and Argillaceous Limestone - Light grey, laminated to medium bedded argillaceous limestone and dark grey to black laminated to medium bedded shale interbeds - Fracture at 700.5, smooth, planar, no infilling, 703.3, rough, planar, calcite infilling (reacted to acid) - Shale and argillaceous limestone are locally fossiliferous - Hard (limestone) and medium soft (shale) - Trace pits to vugs 701.6-701.7, blocky to massive	CR-168						DGR5-701.28-GM-CAN
703								DGR5-702.26-GM-CAN
								DGR5-702.51-AR
								DGR5-702.81-GM-CAN
704	Interbedded Shale and Argillaceous Limestone - Light grey to tan, medium to thickly bedded argillaceous limestone and dark grey to black laminated to thickly bedded shale interbeds - Fracture at 703.7, undulating, no infilling, 704.1, undulating, no infilling, 704.4, incomplete (possible planar vug), calcite infilling (reacted to acid), 704.5, undulating, no infilling, 705.0, undulating, no infilling, 705.3, smooth, no infilling, 706.0, undulating, no infilling - Shale and argillaceous limestone are locally fossiliferous - Hard (limestone) and medium soft (shale) - Slightly petroliferous - Blocky to massive	703.45						
705		CR-169						DGR5-704.99-MN-SGS
								DGR5-705.36-PT
								DGR5-705.90-GM-CAN
706								
707	Argillaceous Limestone - Grey to black, very fine to medium-grained, hard, argillaceous limestone - Moderately fossiliferous (brachiopods, and other fossil fragments) - Some calcareous shale interbeds - Blocky to massive	706.50						
708		CR-170						
								DGR5-708.60-AR
709	Cobourg Formation - Lower Member - Mottled light to dark grey, very fine to coarse-grained, very hard, fossiliferous, argillaceous limestone	709.55						
710	Argillaceous Limestone - Mottled light grey to tan fine to medium-grained, very hard, argillaceous limestone with semi-nodular texture, fine to medium-grained - Moderately fossiliferous (brachiopods, and other fossil fragments) - Massive							DGR5-710.33-AR
711	Argillaceous Limestone - Mottled grey to tan very fine to medium-grained, very hard, argillaceous limestone with semi-nodular texture - Some irregular, calcareous, medium soft, dark grey shale layers and thin beds - Moderately fossiliferous (brachiopods, and other fossil fragments) - Slightly petroliferous at 710.6 - Trace vugs partially infilled with calcite 710.5 - Massive	CR-171						
712								DGR5-711.96-GM-CAN
								DGR5-712.74-PT
								DGR5-712.98-AR

Depth (mBGS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mBGS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:35m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
713	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Some irregular, calcareous, medium soft, dark grey shale laminated to thin beds - Moderately fossiliferous (brachiopods, crinoids, and other fossil fragments) - Massive 	CR-172						
714								
715								
		715.65						DGR5-715.40-MN-SGS DGR5-715.60-PW-UO
716	<p>Argillaceous Limestone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Mottled light grey to grey very fine to medium-grained, very hard, argillaceous limestone with semi-nodular texture - Some irregular, calcareous, medium soft, dark grey shale laminated to thin beds - Moderately fossiliferous (brachiopods, crinoids, and other fossil fragments) - Massive 	CR-173						DGR5-717.31-AR
717								
718								
		718.70						
719	<p>Argillaceous Limestone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Mottled light grey to grey very fine to medium-grained, very hard, argillaceous limestone with semi-nodular texture - Fracture at 721.5, rough, infilling of calcite/(drill cuttings) - Some irregular, calcareous, medium soft, dark grey shale laminated to thin beds - Moderately fossiliferous (brachiopods, crinoids, and other fossil fragments) - Massive 	CR-174						DGR5-719.38-GM-CAN DGR5-719.65-GM-CAN DGR5-719.91-PW-UO
720								
721								
		721.75						
722	<p>Argillaceous Limestone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Mottled light grey to grey very fine to medium-grained, very hard, argillaceous limestone with semi-nodular texture - Fracture at 722.1, rough/smooth, undulating, 723.0, smooth, undulating - Some irregular, calcareous, medium soft, dark grey shale laminated to thin beds - Moderately fossiliferous (brachiopods, crinoids, and other fossil fragments) - Massive 	CR-175						
723								
		724.80						DGR5-723.77-AR
724								
725	<p>Argillaceous Limestone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Mottled light grey to grey very fine to medium-grained, very hard, argillaceous limestone with semi-nodular texture - Some irregular, calcareous, medium soft, dark grey shale laminated to thin beds - Moderately fossiliferous (brachiopods, crinoids, and other fossil fragments) - Blocky to massive 							DGR5-724.90-PW-UO DGR5-725.12-PT DGR5-725.33-MN-SGS DGR5-725.50-GM-CAN

Depth (mBGS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mBGS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:35m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
726		CR-176						
727								
728	Argillaceous Limestone - Mottled light grey to grey very fine to medium-grained, very hard, argillaceous limestone with semi-nodular texture - Some irregular, calcareous, medium soft, dark grey shale laminated to thin beds - Moderately fossiliferous (brachiopods, crinoids, and other fossil fragments) - Slight petroliferous odour on freshly broken surfaces - Blocky to massive	727.85						
729		CR-177						
730								DGR5-729.70-GM-CAN DGR5-729.91-AR
731	Argillaceous Limestone - Mottled light grey to grey very fine to medium-grained, very hard, argillaceous limestone with semi-nodular texture - Some irregular, calcareous, medium soft, dark grey shale laminated to thin beds - Moderately fossiliferous (brachiopods, crinoids, and other fossil fragments) - Slight petroliferous odour on freshly broken surfaces - Massive	730.90						DGR5-731.02-PW-UO DGR5-731.27-GM-CAN
732		CR-178						DGR5-732.20-GM-CAN
733								DGR5-733.62-AR
734	Argillaceous Limestone - Mottled light grey to grey very fine to medium-grained, very hard, argillaceous limestone with semi-nodular texture - Fracture at 735.2, rough, no infilling, 736.5, smooth, slightly undular - Some irregular, calcareous, medium soft, dark grey shale laminated to thin beds - Moderately fossiliferous (brachiopods, crinoids, and other fossil fragments) - >10cm medium-grained grainstone layer at 735.2 - Massive	733.95						DGR5-734.06-PW-UO
735		CR-179						DGR5-735.61-GM-CAN
736								
		736.50						
737	Sherman Fall Formation - Grey, medium to coarse-grained to fine-grained with depth, fossiliferous, argillaceous limestone interbedded with grey/green shale; shale interbeds increase in abundance with depth Argillaceous Limestone - Light to medium grey fossiliferous hard argillaceous limestone, some dark grey laminated to thin, irregular shale bedding - Fracture at 738.2, rough, undular and signs of weathering, 738.4, rough/smooth, 738.7, rough, calcite precipitate, 740.0, rough - Abundant laminated to medium bedded grainstone/packstone with decreased shaley bedding below 737.64 - 3cm diameter calcite nodule at 737.90, fracture at 737.1, smooth, undular, shale layer but 2mm aperture - Slightly petroliferous, fractured to blocky	737.00						DGR5-736.85-PW-UO
738		CR-180						

Depth (mBGS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mBGS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:35m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
739								DGR5-739.00-GM-CAN
740		740.05						
741	Argillaceous Limestone - Light to medium grey fossiliferous hard argillaceous limestone, some dark grey laminated to thin, irregular shale bedding - Abundant laminated to medium bedded grainstone/packstone - Clastic layer of very coarse-grained argillaceous limestone, grainstone and shale bound by a calcite matrix between 743.5-744.0 - Fractured to blocky	CR-181						DGR5-740.91-AR
742								DGR5-741.90-GM-CAN
743		743.10						
744	Argillaceous Limestone - Light to medium grey hard argillaceous limestone - Some fine to medium-grained thin to medium grainstone beds - Some dark grey medium soft shale laminated to thinly bedded, fossiliferous - Blocky	CR-182						
745								DGR5-745.23-PW-UO
746		746.15						
747	Argillaceous Limestone - Grey to brown/grey argillaceous limestone - Fine to coarse-grained thin to medium grainstone beds - Hard, slightly petroliferous - Some calcareous planar to irregular dark grey, medium soft shaley that is laminated to thinly bedded, fossiliferous (brachiopods, crinoids, and has fossil fragments) - Blocky	CR-183						DGR5-746.57-AR
748								DGR5-747.27-PW-UO
749		749.20						
750	Argillaceous Limestone - Grey argillaceous fine-grained argillaceous limestone - Medium to coarse-grained, thin to medium bedded grainstone beds - Hard, slightly petroliferous - Some calcareous planar to irregular dark grey, medium soft shale laminated to thinly bedded, fossiliferous (brachiopods, crinoids, fossil fragments) - Blocky	CR-184						DGR5-749.82-AR
751								

Depth (mBGS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mBGS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:35m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
752		752.25						
753	Interbedded Argillaceous Limestone and Shale - Grey fine-grained argillaceous limestone - Fracture at 752.6, smooth, undular, surface alteration - Medium to coarse-grained, thin to medium bedded grainstone beds - Hard, slightly petroliferous - Some calcareous planar to irregular dark grey, medium soft shale laminated to thinly bedded, fossiliferous (brachiopods, crinoids, fossil fragments) - Blocky	CR-185						
754								
755		755.30						DGR5-755.30-PW-UO
756	Interbedded Argillaceous Limestone and Shale - Grey, very fine to medium-grained, thin to medium bedded, fossiliferous, hard argillaceous limestone - Dark grey/green planar to irregular medium soft shaley laminae up to 7cm thick - Blocky	CR-186						DGR5-755.62-AR
757								
758		758.35						DGR5-757.54-PT
759	Interbedded Argillaceous Limestone and Shale - Grey, medium to coarse-grained, fossiliferous, hard argillaceous limestone - Dark grey/green planar to irregular medium soft shaley laminae up to 8cm thick - Blocky	CR-187						
760								
761		761.40						
762	Interbedded Argillaceous Limestone and Shale - Grey, very fine to coarse-grained, thin to medium bedded, fossiliferous, hard argillaceous limestone - Dark grey/green irregular medium soft shaley laminae up to 8cm thick - Slickensides viewed on freshly broken core - Fractured to blocky	CR-188						
763								DGR5-763.13-AR
764		764.45						

Depth (mBGS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mBGS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:35m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
765	Interbedded Argillaceous Limestone and Shale - Grey, very fine to coarse-grained, thin to medium bedded, fossiliferous, hard argillaceous limestone - Dark grey/green planar to irregular medium soft shaley laminae up to 5cm thick - Blocky	CR-189						DGR5-764.72-MN-SGS
766								DGR5-765.51-AR
		766.50						
767	Kirkfield Formation - Grey, fine to medium-grained, argillaceous, fossiliferous limestone interbedded and dark grey/green shale	767.50						DGR5-766.75-AR
768	Interbedded Argillaceous Limestone and Shale - Grey, very fine to medium-grained, thin to medium bedded fossiliferous, hard argillaceous limestone - Dark grey/green irregular medium soft shaley laminae up to 5cm thick - Blocky to massive	CR-190						
769								
770		770.55						
771	Interbedded Argillaceous Limestone and Shale - Grey, very fine to medium-grained, thin to medium bedded fossiliferous, hard argillaceous limestone - Dark grey/green irregular to planar medium soft shaley laminae up to 8cm thick - Blocky	CR-191						DGR5-771.81-AR
772								DGR5-772.76-AR
773		773.60						
774	Interbedded Argillaceous Limestone and Shale - Grey, very fine to medium-grained, thin to medium bedded, fossiliferous, hard argillaceous limestone - Dark grey/green irregular medium soft shaley laminae up to 5cm thick - Fractured to blocky	CR-192						
775								
776		776.65						
777	Interbedded Argillaceous Limestone and Shale - Grey, very fine to medium-grained, thin to medium bedded, fossiliferous, hard argillaceous limestone - Dark grey/green irregular medium soft shaley laminae up to 5cm thick - Fractured to blocky							

Depth (mBGS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mBGS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:35m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
778		CR-193						DGR5-777.81-AR
779								
780	Interbedded Argillaceous Limestone and Shale - Grey, very fine to medium-grained, thin to medium bedded, fossiliferous, hard argillaceous limestone - Dark grey/green irregular medium soft shaley laminae up to 5cm thick - Increased shaley content below 784.2 - Blocky	779.70						
781		CR-194						DGR5-780.85-AR
782								
783	Interbedded Argillaceous Limestone and Shale - Grey, fine to medium-grained, thin to medium bedded, fossiliferous, hard argillaceous limestone - Dark grey/green irregular medium soft shaley laminae - Mottled dark grey/green irregular medium soft shaley laminae - Blocky to massive	782.75						DGR5-782.21-PW-UO
784		CR-195						
785								
786	Interbedded Argillaceous Limestone and Shale - Grey, fine to medium-grained, thin to medium bedded, fossiliferous, hard argillaceous limestone - Dark grey/green irregular/mottled medium soft shaley laminae - Blocky to massive	785.80						DGR5-786.25-AR
787		CR-196						
788								DGR5-787.51-PW-UO
789	Interbedded Argillaceous Limestone and Shale - Grey, fine to medium-grained, thin to medium bedded, fossiliferous, hard argillaceous limestone - Dark grey/green irregular/mottled medium soft shaley laminae - Brown xtalline calcite in shaley layers - Blocky	788.85						
790								

Depth (mBGS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mBGS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:35m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
791		R-197						
		791.90						DGR5-791.61-AR
792	Interbedded Argillaceous Limestone and Shale - Grey, fine to medium-grained, thin to medium bedded, fossiliferous, hard argillaceous limestone - Dark grey/green irregular/mottled medium soft shaley laminae - Brown xtalline calcite in shaley layers - Blocky	CR-198						
793								DGR5-793.74-PW-UO
794								
		794.95						
795	Interbedded Argillaceous Limestone and Shale - Grey, fine to medium-grained, thin to medium bedded, fossiliferous, hard argillaceous limestone - Dark grey/green irregular/mottled medium soft shaley laminae up to 15cm thick - Fractured to blocky	CR-199						
796								DGR5-796.09-AR
797								
		798.00						
798	Interbedded Argillaceous Limestone and Shale - Grey, fine to medium-grained, thin to medium bedded, trace fossils, hard argillaceous limestone - Dark grey/green irregular/planar/mottled medium soft shaley laminae up to 25cm thick - Black shale layer between 798.7-798.9, petroliferous, calcareous, trace fossils - Fractured	CR-200						
799								DGR5-799.17-PW-UO
800								
		801.05						
801	Interbedded Argillaceous Limestone and Shale - Grey, very fine to medium-grained, thin to medium bedded, some fossils, hard argillaceous limestone - Dark grey/green irregular/planar/mottled medium soft shaley laminae up to 3cm thick - Blocky	CR-201						
802								
803								

Depth (mBGS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mBGS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:35m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
804	Interbedded Argillaceous Limestone and Shale - Grey, very fine to medium-grained, thin to medium bedded, trace fossils, hard argillaceous limestone - Dark grey/green irregular/planar/mottled medium soft shaley laminae up to 20cm - Fractured to blocky	804.10						DGR5-803.40-AR
805		CR-202						DGR5-805.80-PW-UO
806								DGR5-806.62-AR
807		807.15 807.15						

Prepared by: MAM
 Checked by: KGR

Doc. TR-09-01_DGR5_R0



APPENDIX D

DGR-6 Borehole Log

DGR-6 Borehole Log Legend

<u>Sample Legend</u>	<u>Contact Legend</u>	<u>Core Log Legend</u>
AR Archive - INTERA GM-CAN Geomechanical Testing - CANMET MN-SGS Mineralogy - SGS PT Petrophysics - Core Labs PW-UNB Pore Water - UNB PW-UO Pore Water - U of O	Casing End of Borehole Formation Contact Ground Surface Stratigraphic Contact	mLBS Meters Length Below Ground Surface R. Q. D. Rock Quality Designation Nat. Frac. Freq. Natural Fracture Frequency NC Rotary Drilled (No Core) CR Core Run Fracture Or. Fracture Orientation (Alpha and Beta Angles)
	<u>Stratigraphic Legend</u>	
	Ash Dolostone Anhydritic Dolostone Argillaceous Dolostone Cherty Dolostone Limestone Argillaceous Limestone Dolomitic Limestone Shale Dolomitic Shale	Brecciated Dolostone Brecciated Anhydritic Dolostone Brecciated Dolomitic Shale Argillaceous Dolostone and Dolomitic Shale Interbedded Shale and Argillaceous Limestone Interbedded Shale and Carbonate Beds Interbedded Shale and Dolostone Interbedded Shale and Limestone Interbedded Shale and Limestone/Siltstone Interbedded Argillaceous Limestone and Shale

Core Logging Notation

1) Colour: (i.e. light/medium/dark grey, blue-grey, red-green, etc.)

Additional Adjectives	Description
Banded	Approximately parallel bands of varying colour
Streaked	Randomly oriented streaks of colour
Blotched	Large irregular patches of colour (>75mm diameter)
Mottled	Irregular patches of colour
Speckled	Very small patches of colour (<10 mm diameter)
Stained	Local colour variations associated with other features (i.e. bedding joints, etc.)

2) Grain Size/Texture:

Classification	Grain Size Measurement	Field Recognition	Equivalent Soil Type
Very fine-grained	<0.06 mm	Individual grains cannot be seen with a hand lens	Clays and silts
Fine-grained	0.06 to 0.25 mm	Just visible as individual grains under hand lens	Fine sand
Medium-grained	0.25 to 0.5 mm	Grains clearly visible under hand lens; just visible to naked eye	Medium sand
Coarse-grained	0.5 to 2.0 mm	Grains clearly visible to the naked eye	Coarse sand
Very coarse grained	>2.0 mm	Gains measurable	gravel

3) Rock Hardness

Classification	Description
Very Soft	Can be peeled with a knife
Soft	Can be easily gouged or carved with a knife
Medium soft	Can be readily scratched with a knife blade; scratch leaves heavy trace of dust and is readily visible after powder blown away.
Hard	Can be scratched with a knife with difficulty; scratch produces little powder and is often faintly visible
Very Hard	Cannot be scratched with a knife or can barely be scratched with a knife

4) Bedding Thickness:

Classification	Bedding Thickness
Massive Bedded	>3 m or Uniform
Thickly Bedded	300 mm to 3 m
Medium Bedded	100 to 300 mm
Thinly Bedded	10 to 100 mm
Laminated	<10 mm

5) Solution and Void Conditions (if notable)

Classification	Condition
Solid	No voids
Porous	Voids <1.0 mm in diameter
Pitted	Voids 1 to 6 mm in diameter
Vuggy	Voids 6 mm to diameter of core
Cavity	Voids greater than diameter of core

6) Quantification of Secondary Features: When describing additional features in the core, the following adjectives should be used which are related to the % volume or frequency of the feature.

Adjective	%Volume / frequency
Slightly/trace	1-10%, 1-2 occurrences
Moderately/some	10-20%
Abundantly/ “___y” (ie. shaley)	20-35%
and	>35%, half and half

7) Summary of Rock Quality Descriptions and Discontinuity Logging

RQD (%)	Core Quality Description	Natural Fracture Frequency (/m)	Formation Fracture Description
0-25	Very Poor	>10	Highly Fractured
25-50	Poor	>1.0-10	Moderately Fractured
50-75	Fair	0.5-1.0	Sparsely Fractured
75-90	Good	<0.5	Very Sparsely Fractured
90-100	Excellent	0	Unfractured

8) Bedding or Fracture Inclination (measured from horizontal)

Classification	Attitude
Flat	0 to 5 degrees
Gently dipping	5 to 20 degrees
Moderately dipping	20 to 45 degrees
Steeply dipping	45 to 85 degrees
Very steeply dipping	85 to 90 degrees

9) Degree of Fracturing/Jointing (Structure)

Rock Mass Classification	Discontinuity Spacing
Solid	>3 m
Massive	1 to 3 m
Blocky/seamy	0.3 to 1 m
fractured	5 to 30 cm
Crushed / shattered	< 5 cm

10) Roughness of Fracture (Structure)

Classification	Description
Smooth	Appears smooth and is essentially smooth to the touch.
Rough	Bumps/roughness on the fracture surfaces are visible and can be distinctly felt.
Slickensided	Clear evidence of previous shear displacement along the discontinuity.
Stepped	Surface of discontinuity appears stepped with some ridges or angular “steps”.
Undulating	Surface of discontinuity appears wavy, with no sharp steps.
Planar	Surface of discontinuity appears flat.

11) Infilling of Fracture (Structure)

Classification	Description
Clean	No filling material
Stained	Colouration of rock surface only, no recognizable filling material
Filled	Fracture observed with filling material (describe filling material)

12) Reference Terms:

Layer : Distinct length of core that is distinguished from surrounding core by feature (colour, composition, etc.) other than bedding planes.

Irregular : Bedding plane surfaces are not planar but are convoluted/disturbed.

Planar : Bedding planes are flat.

Bituminous : Contains organic matter.

Vein : Fracture totally infilled with mineral different from surrounding rock.

Argillaceous : Rock has mud dispersed in the matrix but not as distinct laminae or beds (e.g. argillaceous limestone).

Shaley : Rock that has distinct shale laminae beds (e.g. shaley limestone).

Petroliferous Odour : Only hydrocarbon odour; no noted liquid hydrocarbons.

Petroliferous : Liquid hydrocarbons noted.

Hydrocarbon Adjectives

Strongly/heavily : intense hydrocarbon odour / core exuding significant volume of oil / core coated with oil.

Slight/lightly : Slight hydrocarbon odour / few drops of oil.

No modifier : Moderate odour / Moderate amount of hydrocarbon exuded

Rock Quality Designation (RQD, %) : RQD values determined for the 76 mm diameter core from DGR-1 and DGR-2 were determined as the sum of lengths of core greater than 15 cm length (i.e., twice the core diameter) excluding drilling-induced breaks, divided by length of hole drilled per core run.

RECORD OF BOREHOLE - DGR- 6




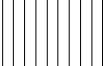


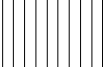

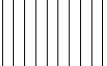

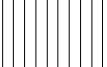

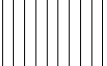

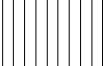


Project : DGR Site Characterization	Borehole Specs.:	Outside Borehole Diameter, 143mm, Core Diameter 75mm (214.8-516.3),
Project Number: 08.200.40.20		Core Diameter 31.5 (518.15-634.81, 542.55-559.95, 566.95-599.46, 601.91-641.56),
Client: Nuclear Waste Management Organization (NWMO)		Core Diameter 41.5mm (516.33-518.15, 534.81-542.55, 559.21-566.95,
MNR WL No.: 11942		599.46-601.91), Core Diameter 83mm (641.56-903.16)
Site Location: Bruce Nuclear Site, Ontario, Canada	Date Started:	3-May-2009
Coordinates: NAD 83, UTM Zone 17N 4908317.0 N, 453953.0 E	Date Completed:	12-Feb-2009
	Supervisor:	Ken Raven
	Reference Surface Elevation:	183.50 mASL
	Drill Company:	Davidson Drilling Limited, Wingham, ON, Canada Layne Christensen Canada LTD, Capreol, ON, Canada
	Drill Rig:	Foremost DR-24HD Shramm T130XD

Depth (mLBGS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBGS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
207	<p>Salina Formation - F Unit</p> <p>- Grey/blue dolomitic shale with gypsum and anhydrite veins, interlayered with tan dolostone with depth</p> <p>Borehole Summary</p> <p>- All references to depth are mLBGS</p> <p>- A foremost DR-24HD drill rig was used to dual rotary drill and simultaneously install a 324mm (12 3/4-inch) diameter surface conductor casing (inclined at 60° from horizontal) to 20.8, approximately 3.9m length into bedrock.</p> <p>- The foremost DR-24HD was also used to rotary drill a 295mm (11 5/8-inch) diameter borehole (inclined at 60° from horizontal) using air-rotary techniques with a tri-cone drill bit to 34.2 (approximately 17.3m length along the borehole below top of bedrock). Following this drilling a 245mm (9 5/8-inch) diameter surface casing was installed to 34.2.</p> <p>- A truck-mounted Schramm T130XD drill rig was used to rotary drill a 219mm (8 5/8-inch) diameter borehole (inclined at 60° from horizontal) using traced freshwater drill fluid with a tri-cone drill bit to 213.1 (approximately 10.1 metres length into the Salina Formation F-Unit shale). Following this drilling a 178mm (7-inch) diameter intermediate casing was installed to a depth of 212.5 for blow-out prevention.</p> <p>- A quad-latch double-tube wireline coring system with a split-inner barrel, manufactured by American Diamond Products (formerly Christensen) was used to continuously core a 75mm (3-inch) diameter high quality core in 3.05m lengths. The continuously core produced a 143mm (5 5/8-inch) diameter borehole (at a target inclination of 60° from horizontal) from 214.8-516.3 (approximately 8.4 metres length into the Queenston formation).</p> <p>- Due to a gradual increase of approximately 9° in inclination (69° from horizontal), the drilling method was adjusted to Devico directional coring. Continuous coring using equipment to produce a 76mm diameter borehole from 516.3-641.6 (approximately 58.5 metres length into the Georgian Bay formation). The inclination was corrected to approximately 58° from horizontal.</p> <p>- The borehole was enlarged from 76mm to 123mm (PQ-size) in diameter through the directionally corrected portion of the borehole (516.3-641.6).</p> <p>Intermediate BOP Casing [7 inch / 178 mm]</p> <p>Open Borehole [5 5/8 inch / 143mm]</p> <p>- PQ-sized continuously coring activities were completed from 641.6-903.2 (approximately 6m length into the Gull River formation). This type of coring produces an 83mm diameter high quality core and a 123mm diameter borehole (at the corrected inclination of approximately 58° from horizontal).</p> <p>- Once all coring activities were completed the borehole was enlarged between 516.3-903.2 from 123mm to 143mm diameter.</p>							
208								
209								
210								
211								
212								
213								
214								
215	<p>Dolomitic Shale</p> <p>- Grey/green</p> <p>- Fine-grained</p> <p>- Reddish/brown mottles</p> <p>- Trace gypsum and anhydrite veins and nodules</p> <p>- Soft</p> <p>- Fracture at 215.0, infilled, pink/orange anhydrite</p> <p>- Fractured to shattered</p>	CR-001					▲	

Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery		R.Q.D.		Nat. Frac. Freq. /m 5	Fracture Or. 0-----90	Sample ID
				100 %	0	100 %	0			
1m:30m		215.91								
216										
217	Dolomitic Shale - Grey/green - Fine-grained - Reddish/brown mottles and blotching - Fracture at 216.8, smooth - Trace gypsum and anhydrite veins and nodules - Brecciated dolomitic shale below 218.5 - Soft - Fractured to blocky									
218		218.50								
	Brecciated Dolomitic Shale , - Reddish/brown, fine-grained, trace grey/green mottles and blotching, fracture at 218.9, smooth and undulating, trace gypsum and anhydrite veins and nodules, soft, fractured to blocky	218.65								
		218.95								
219	Brecciated Dolostone - Tan/brown, brecciated (dolostone) - Fracture at 220.7, rough/smooth, infilled with gypsum (white/translucent) - Fracture at 221.4, rough - Slightly pitted - Trace gypsum and anhydrite veins and nodules (1cm thick gypsum layers at 220.7, 220.8) - Fractured to blocky									DGR6-219.65-AR
220										
221										
222	Brecciated Dolostone - Tan/brown, brecciated (dolostone) - Fracture at 222.0, smooth, slightly porous surface, fracture at 222.5 undulating, fracture at 223.7, undulating, minor drill cuttings on surface of fracture, slightly pitted - Trace gypsum and anhydrite veins and nodules - Increase in dolomitic shale matrix from 223.5-223.8 - Fractured to blocky									
223		221.70								
		223.80								
224	Dolomitic Shale - Reddish/brown, fine-grained, trace grey/green mottles, trace gypsum and anhydrite veins and nodules (0.5-0.8cm thick gypsum layers at 223.9, 224.0), soft, fractured to blocky									
		224.35								
225	Brecciated Dolostone - Tan/brown, brecciated (dolostone), slightly pitted, some gypsum and anhydrite veins, matrix consists of equal proportions of dolomitic shale and gypsum, fractured to blocky Brecciated Dolostone - Tan/brown, brecciated (dolostone), slightly pitted, trace gypsum and anhydrite veins, increased dolomitic shale content below 224.9, fractured	224.75								
		225.67								
226	Dolomitic Shale - Grey/green with trace reddish/brown mottling - Fine-grained, trace gypsum and anhydrite layers, veins and nodules, soft, some tan/brown angular clasts of dolostone between 226.1-226.4 - Fractured to blocky									
		226.67								

Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
227	Dolomitic Shale - Grey/green with trace reddish/brown mottling - Fine-grained - Fracture at 226.8, rough - Fracture at 228.22 - Trace gypsum and anhydrite layers, veins and nodules (6cm thick anhydrite layer at 226.9) - Soft - Some tan/brown angular clasts of dolostone between 227.9-228.5 - Fractured to blocky	CR-007						
228								DGR6-228.38-AR
		228.72						
229	Brecciated Dolomitic Shale - Grey/green - Fracture at 230.0, smooth, partially cemented - Fine-grained - Some grey/green mottles and blotching - Trace to some gypsum and anhydrite veins and nodules - Soft - Fractured to blocky	CR-008						
230								
		230.62						
231	Dolomitic Shale - Grey/green with trace reddish/brown mottling - Fracture at 231.2, 231.3 and 231.5, smooth, with heavy drill wear (original fracture surface not retained) - Fine-grained - Some gypsum and anhydrite layers, veins and nodules - Soft - Fractured to blocky							
232		231.77						
233	Dolomitic Shale - Grey/green with trace reddish/brown mottling - Fracture at 232.4, smooth, no evidence of precipitate - Fracture at 232.5, smooth - Fine-grained - Trace to some gypsum and anhydrite layers, veins and nodules - Soft - Fractured to blocky	CR-009						
234								
		234.82						
235	Dolostone - Grey to tan/brown, fine-grained, laminated to thinly bedded, trace stylolites, slightly pitted, medium soft to hard - Fractures filled with gypsum and anhydrite - Fractured							
236		235.98						
236	Brecciated Dolomitic Shale - Grey/green with abundant reddish/brown mottles, banding and blotching - Fracture at 236.2, undulating, gypsum vein ending on fracture surface - Fine-grained, trace gypsum anhydrite veins and nodules, soft, fractured	CR-010						
237		236.62						
237	Dolomitic Shale - Grey/green with some reddish/brown mottling and banding - Fracture at 237.2, smooth - Fine-grained - Trace gypsum and anhydrite layers, veins and nodules, soft, fractured							
		237.87						DGR6-237.42-AR

Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
238	Dolomitic Shale - Grey/green dolomitic shale - Laminated to medium bedded - Medium soft - Some anhydrite/gypsum veins (>1cm thick anhydrite/gypsum layers at 238.0, 238.9, 239.5, 239.7, 240.7) - Fractured	CR-011						
239								
240								
241	Dolomitic Shale - Grey/green dolomitic shale - Massive bedded - Medium soft - Some anhydrite/gypsum veins (>2cm thick anhydrite/gypsum layers at 240.9, 241.0, 241.6, 241.9, 242.3) - Fractured	240.92						
242								
243	Dolostone - Tan/brown, undulating fractures at 242.6 (slightly porous surface), 243.0, and 243.3 all with gypsum on fracture surface, fracture at 243.4, smooth - Gradual transition to tan/brown dolostone from 242.3-242.5 - Fine-grained to medium-grained, laminated to thinly bedded, trace stylolites, slightly pitted, hard - Gradual transition from tan/brown dolostone at 243.5 to a tan/grey dolomitic shale at 243.9, fractured	242.34						
244	Dolomitic Shale - Grey/green and hard, sharp contact with tan/brown dolostone at 244.2, fractured	243.97						
245	Dolostone - Tan/brown, fine-grained to medium grained, undulating fractures located through dark laminae at 244.7, 245.1, and 245.2, fracture at 244.6, smooth located through dark laminae, undulating fractures with gypsum deposits at 245.8, 246.6, 246.8, 246.9 and 247.0, fractures 245.3 and 245.4, smooth, smooth fractures with gypsum deposits at 245.6, 246.1, and 246.4, laminated to thinly bedded, trace stylolites, slightly to moderately pitted, trace to some anhydrite and gypsum veins, layers and nodules, tan/grey dolostone between 245.7-246.1 with increased percentage of gypsum and anhydrite veins and layers, fractured	244.15						
246								
247	Dolostone - Tan/brown, fine to medium-grained, two intersecting fractures at 247.1 have smooth surfaces, sharp contact at 247.2 to grey/green dolomitic shale, laminated to thinly bedded, trace stylolites, slightly pitted, fractured	247.02						
248	Dolomitic Shale - Grey/green dolomitic shale, fracture at 247.9, smooth/rough, half of fracture is planar, laminated to medium bedded, trace anhydrite and gypsum veins, layers and nodules, soft to medium soft, fractured	247.18						
248	Anhydritic Dolostone - Tan/brown, medium soft to hard, fractured	248.02						
248	Brecciated Dolostone - Tan/brown, fine to medium-grained fracture at 248.3 (healed vertical fracture intersection), and 248.5 (along bituminous black laminae), both have smooth surfaces, sharp contact at 248.1, laminated to thinly bedded, trace	248.14						
248								DGR6-248.71-AR

Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
249	stylolites, slightly to moderately pitted, fractured	249.10						
	Salina Formation - E Unit - Brown, very fine-grained, brecciated dolostone interbedded with grey/blue dolomitic shale and argillaceous dolostone with anhydrite and gypsum							
250	Dolomitic Shale - Gradual transition from tan/brown dolostone at 249.1 to grey/green dolomitic shale at 249.2, fracture at 251.2, smooth with irregular pitting, massive, trace to some anhydrite and gypsum veins, layers and nodules, soft to medium soft, fractured	250.07						
251	Dolomitic Shale - Grey/green dolomitic shale, massive with trace laminae, trace to some anhydrite and gypsum veins, layers and nodules, 2cm thick fibrous gypsum vein at 251.1 and a 1cm thick fibrous gypsum vein at 251.9, soft to medium soft, fractured		CR-015					
252	Anhydritic Dolostone , - White/blue and tan/brown anhydritic dolostone, fine to very fine-grained, laminated, slightly pitted, medium soft to hard, fractured	251.92						
	Dolostone , - Brown/grey, fracture at 252.2, smooth, fracture at 252.3, smooth with some pyrite infilling, fine-grained, laminated, fractured	252.11						
	Dolomitic Shale - Grey/green dolomitic shale, massive with trace to some laminae, some anhydrite and gypsum veins, layers and nodules, 2cm gypsum layers at 253.3 and 253.5, soft to medium soft, fractured	252.27						
253		253.12						
		253.53						DGR6-253.55-AR
254	Brecciated Dolostone , - Tan/brown, brecciated dolostone, laminated, slightly pitted, gypsum/anhydrite as matrix between brecciated clasts of dolostone, fractured	254.01						
	Shale , - Grey/green shale, trace angular tan/brown dolostone <1cm inclusions, massive, trace anhydrite and gypsum veins, layers and nodules, soft, fractured	254.28						
	Brecciated Dolostone , - Tan/brown, brecciated dolostone, laminated, slightly pitted, gypsum/anhydrite as matrix between brecciated clasts of dolostone, fractured	254.95	CR-016					
255	Dolomitic Shale - Grey/green dolomitic shale, brecciated dolostone angular inclusions localized 255.3 to 255.4, massive, trace anhydrite and gypsum veins, layers and nodules, soft, fractured							
256	Dolomitic Shale - Grey/green dolomitic shale, massive, trace anhydrite and gypsum veins, layers and nodules, soft to medium soft, fractured	256.27						
	Brecciated Dolostone - Tan/brown, brecciated dolostone, slightly to moderately pitted, gypsum/anhydrite as matrix between brecciated clasts of dolostone, 3cm thick pink anhydrite nodule at 256.9, fractured	256.92						
257	Dolomitic Shale , - Grey/green dolomitic shale, fracture at 257.2, smooth with gypsum infilling, slightly pitted, massive with trace laminae, trace anhydrite and gypsum veins, layers and nodules, soft to medium soft, fractured	257.61	CR-017					
258	Brecciated Dolostone , - Tan/brown, brecciated dolostone, fracture at 258.3, undulating, transition zone between brecciated dolostone and dolomitic shale, slightly pitted, gypsum/anhydrite as matrix between brecciated clasts of dolostone, fractured	258.30						
259	Dolomitic Shale - Grey/green dolomitic shale - Fracture at 258.3, smooth, broke at anhydrite vein, massive with trace laminae, trace anhydrite and gypsum veins, layers and nodules - >2cm gypsum layer at 258.9 - Soft to medium soft, fractured	259.22						
	Dolomitic Shale - Grey/green dolomitic shale - Slightly pitted, massive							







Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
260	- Trace anhydrite and gypsum veins, layers and nodules - Soft to medium soft, fractured Dolomitic Shale - Grey/green dolomitic shale - Fracture at 260.7, smooth with gypsum infilling - Slightly porous - Massive	CR-018						
261	- Trace to some anhydrite and gypsum veins, layers and nodules - >2cm thick fibrous gypsum layers 262.0 and 262.2 - Soft to medium soft - Fractured to blocky							
262		262.27						
	Dolomitic Shale - Grey/green dolomitic shale - Slightly pitted - Massive with trace laminae - Abundant anhydrite veins, layers and nodules							DGR6-262.68-AR
263	- Some gypsum veins, layers and nodules - Medium soft to hard - Fractured	CR-019						
264		264.29						
	Brecciated Anhydritic Dolostone , - Tan/brown with some grey/green shale, brecciated anhydritic dolostone, localized laminated beds, increased shale content between 264.6-264.8, slightly pitted, fractured							
		264.79						
	Brecciated Dolostone , - Tan, brecciated dolostone, laminated, moderately pitted, green/grey shale matrix between brecciated clasts of dolostone, fractured							
265		265.32						
	Brecciated Dolomitic Shale , - Grey/green, fine to very fine-grained, very soft to hard brecciated dolomitic shale with some grey argillaceous dolostone and white/tan/blue anhydritic dolostone clasts, trace anhydrite and gypsum veins and nodules, >1cm thick gypsum layer at contact with brecciated dolostone, fractured							
		265.56						
266	Brecciated Dolostone , - Tan/brown, brecciated dolostone, fracture at 265.8, smooth, along washed out gypsum vein, brown/black discoloration, irregular fit, fracture at 265.9, smooth, dark brown surface (possible lamination break), laminated to thinly bedded, slightly pitted, gypsum/anhydrite as matrix between brecciated clasts of dolostone, fractured							
		266.14						
267	Dolomitic Shale , - Grey/green dolomitic shale, gradational contact, slightly pitted, laminated to thinly bedded, some to abundant anhydrite and gypsum veins, layers and nodules, 2 parallel >1cm thick pink anhydrite layers 266.2, 3cm white/tan fibrous gypsum layer at 266.4, 2cm white/tan fibrous gypsum layer at 266.7, localized brecciated sections and slight mottling at end of dolomitic shale section, soft to medium soft, fractured	CR-020						
		267.76						
268	Brecciated Dolomitic Shale - Grey/green, fine to very fine-grained, soft to hard brecciated dolomitic shale with some tan and light grey dolostone and grey dolomitic shale clasts, trace anhydrite and gypsum veins and nodules, fractured							
		268.37						
		268.87						
269	Brecciated Anhydritic Dolostone - Tan/brown to white and dark grey, massive bedded, slightly pitted, fractured							
		269.62						
	Brecciated Dolostone , - Tan/brown, brecciated dolostone, laminated to thinly bedded, slightly pitted, gypsum/anhydrite as matrix, fractured							
		269.93						
270	Dolostone , - Tan/brown with gradual transition to light grey to grey/green, fracture at 270.0, smooth and undulating along black fracture surface, very fine to fine-grained, laminated, slightly pitted, fractured	CR-021						
		270.11						
	Dolomitic Shale , - Grey/green, slightly pitted, localized brecciated texture, massive with trace laminae, trace anhydrite and gypsum veins, layers and nodules, soft to hard, fractured							
		271.03						
	Brecciated Anhydritic Dolostone - Light grey/grey to brown/black							













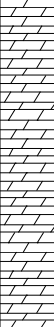


Depth (mLBSGS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBSGS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
271	laminated, fractured Brecciated Dolostone , - Tan/brown, extending to 271.7, fine to medium-grained, medium soft to hard. laminated, slightly pitted, trace to some gypsum and anhydrite veins and layers, fracture at 271.5, undulating, fracture at 271.7, undulating, 0.5cm gypsum infilling, fractured	271.26 271.42 271.69						
272	Dolomitic Shale , - Grey/green with some light grey dolomitic shale, fracture at 272.5, smooth, 0.5cm thick anhydrite infilling, gradational contact between 271.5-271.7, slightly pitted, laminated to medium bedded, trace anhydrite and gypsum veins and layers, soft to medium soft, fractured	272.30						
273	Salina Formation - D Unit - Light Grey/blue fine-grained anhydritic dolostone Anhydritic Dolostone , - Dark grey/blue anhydritic dolostone, laminated to thinly bedded, massive, fractured Dolostone , - Tan/brown, fine to medium-grained, fracture at 273.6, undulating, gypsum vein on surface, dark grey/green >5cm shale layer at 273.1, trace anhydrite and gypsum veins, layers and nodules, laminated to thinly bedded, trace stylolites, slight to moderately pitted, increase in dolomitic shale content below 274.0, fractured	272.77 273.90	CR-022					
274	Salina Formation - C Unit - Grey/blue with trace to some anhydrite and gypsum nodules and veins Dolostone - Tan/brown with some light grey, very fine to medium-grained, laminated to thinly bedded, trace stylolites, slightly pitted, trace to some gypsum and anhydrite veins, layers and nodules, fractured	274.31 274.71						
275	Brecciated Dolomitic Shale - Grey/green - Very fine to fine-grained - Soft to medium soft brecciated dolomitic shale with some tan/brown and light grey dolostone angular and sub angular clasts >3cm thick anhydrite/gypsum layer 275.4 - 0.2m light grey angular clast at 276.1 - Some anhydrite and gypsum veins and nodules - Brecciated dolomitic shale extends to 277.7 - Fractured		CR-023					DGR6-275.50-AR
276								
277		277.44 277.68						
278	Brecciated Dolostone - Tan/brown, brecciated dolostone, trace stylolites - Fracture at 278.4, smooth/rough, moderately pitted and some weathering on surface - Fracture at 278.5, smooth/rough, along dark laminae - Trace stylolitic laminae - Slightly pitted - Grey/green soft shale with trace to some anhydrite/gypsum matrix between brecciated angular clasts of dolostone - Fractured		CR-024					
279		279.57						
280	Brecciated Dolomitic Shale - Grey/green, very fine to fine-grained, soft to hard brecciated dolomitic shale with some tan/brown dolostone and dark grey argillaceous dolostone angular and sub-angular clasts, some anhydrite and gypsum veins and nodules, 3cm thick gypsum/anhydrite layer at 280.5, fractured	280.57	280.57					
281	Brecciated Dolomitic Shale - Grey/green, very fine to fine-grained, soft to hard brecciated dolomitic shale, trace anhydrite and gypsum veins, layers and nodules, fractured	281.14						
	Brecciated Anhydritic Dolostone - White/blue with trace tan, brecciated dolostone, slightly pitted, fractured	281.58						
	Brecciated Dolostone - Tan/brown to light grey/green, brecciated dolostone, dolostone is laminated, slightly porous to pitted, gypsum/anhydrite and grey/green shale		CR					

Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
282	as matrix between brecciated clasts of dolostone, fractured	CR-025						
	282.44							
283	Brecciated Dolomitic Shale - Grey/green - Gradational contact from brecciated dolostone to dolomitic shale - Very fine to fine-grained - Soft to hard - Trace to some anhydrite and gypsum veins, layers and nodules - Fractured							
	283.62							
284	Brecciated Dolomitic Shale - Grey/green - Band of >4cm thick red dolomitic shale at 284.6 - Trace mottles of red/rust dolomitic shale - Fine to very fine-grained - Soft to hard brecciated dolomitic shale with some tan/brown dolostone and grey dolomitic shale angular and sub-angular clasts - Some anhydrite and gypsum veins, layers and nodules - Pink anhydrite in upper 0.5m of core run - Brecciated anhydritic dolostone section between 285.0-285.3 - Fractured	CR-026						
285								DGR6-285.00-AR
286								
	286.67							
287	Brecciated Dolomitic Shale - Blue/grey - Fracture at 287.8, smooth - Fine to medium-grained - Medium soft to hard brecciated dolomitic shale with some tan/brown and trace light grey dolostone and grey dolomitic shale angular and sub-angular clasts locally abundant between 287.4-288.1 - Trace to some anhydrite and gypsum veins, layers and nodules - Fractured							
288		CR-027						
	288.10							
289	Brecciated Dolostone - Tan/brown to light grey/green, brecciated dolostone - Dolostone is laminated - Slightly porous to pitted - Gypsum/anhydrite and grey/green dolomitic shale as matrix between brecciated angular clasts of dolostone - Two 10cm thick brecciated anhydritic dolostone clasts at 289.2-289.4 - Fractured							
	289.72							
290	Brecciated Dolomitic Shale - Grey/green, fine to medium-grained, medium soft to hard, trace to some anhydrite and gypsum veins, layers and nodules, fractured							
	289.92							
291	Brecciated Dolostone, - Tan/brown, dolostone is laminated, slightly porous to pitted, gypsum/anhydrite and grey shale and brecciated dolomitic shale as matrix between brecciated angular clasts of dolostone, fractured							
	290.52							
291	Brecciated Anhydritic Dolostone, - White/blue with trace tan to dark brown, laminated to thinly bedded, fracture at 291.1, smooth/rough, slight irregular fit, slightly pitted, fractured							
	290.75							
291	Brecciated Dolostone, - Tan/brown, dolostone is laminated, slightly porous to pitted, gypsum/anhydrite and grey shale and brecciated dolomitic shale as matrix between brecciated angular clasts of dolostone, fractured	CR-028						
	290.97							
292	Brecciated Dolomitic Shale - Grey/green - Fracture at 291.3, smooth, slight irregular fit - Fine to medium-grained - Medium soft to hard with grey shale and brecciated dolomitic shale as matrix between brecciated angular clasts of tan/brown laminated dolostone - Some anhydrite and gypsum veins, layers and nodules - Fractured							
	291.29							
292								
	292.77							
293	Brecciated Dolomitic Shale - Grey/green							



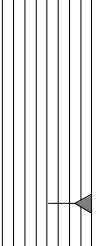



Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
294	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Fracture at 293.3, rough/smooth - Fracture at 293.6, rough/smooth, fracture face appears smoothed - Fractures at 294.2, 294.7, 295.1 and 295.5 all have slight irregular fit and occur in locations of no apparent weaknesses - Fine to medium-grained - Medium soft to hard with grey/green shale and brecciated dolomitic shale as matrix between brecciated angular to sub-angular clasts of tan/brown and light grey/tan/green laminated dolostone - Some anhydrite and gypsum veins, layers and nodules - Fractured 	CR-029						DGR6-293.70-AR
295		295.82						
296	<p>Brecciated Dolomitic Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grey/green - Fracture at 298.2, smooth/rough, irregular fit and weathering of surface - Fine to medium-grained - Medium soft to hard with grey/green shale and brecciated dolomitic shale as matrix between brecciated angular to sub-angular clasts of tan/brown and light grey/tan/green laminated dolostone - Some anhydrite and gypsum veins, layers and nodules - Fractured 	CR-030						
297		298.20						
298								
299	<p>Salina Formation - B Unit</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Brecciated grey/green dolomitic shale with some to abundant tan argillaceous dolostone with light grey/green dolomitic shale clasts and some to abundant anhydrite and gypsum veins and nodules, bottom of unit is brown to tan dolostone. <p>Brecciated Anhydritic Dolostone, - light grey/white to tan/brown, moderately pitted to vuggy, laminated to massive bedded, fractured</p>	298.87						
		299.32						
300	<p>Brecciated Dolomitic Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grey/green - Fine to medium-grained - Medium soft to hard with grey/green shale and brecciated dolomitic shale as matrix between brecciated angular to sub-angular clasts of and light grey/tan/green laminated dolostone - Some anhydrite and gypsum veins, layers and nodules - Fractured 	CR-031						
301		300.99						
	<p>Brecciated Anhydritic Dolostone, - Light grey/white to tan/brown, fracture at 301.8, irregular fit with fibrous gypsum on fracture face, moderately pitted to vuggy, laminated to massive bedded, fractured</p> <p>Brecciated Anhydritic Dolostone, - Light grey/white to tan/brown, fine to medium-grained, moderately pitted to vuggy, fractured</p>	301.92						
302		302.00						
	<p>Brecciated Dolomitic Shale, - Grey/green to more green, fine to medium-grained, medium soft to hard with grey/green shale and brecciated dolomitic shale as matrix between brecciated angular to sub-angular clasts of and light grey/tan/green laminated dolostone, massive, light grey/white, laminated to massive brecciated anhydritic dolostone, between 302.5-302.7, some anhydrite and gypsum veins, layers and nodules, fractured</p>	302.94						
303		303.21						
			CR-032					
304	Brecciated Dolomitic Shale							

Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
305	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Green/grey with increased mottles and blotching of red/maroon dolomitic shale below 303.9 - Fine to medium-grained, medium soft to hard, trace to some anhydrite and gypsum veins, layers and nodules, pink anhydrite nodule 304.5, sandstone clast 304.6, fractured 	304.97						
306	<p>Brecciated Dolomitic Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Green/grey with upper 0.2m mottles and blotching of red/maroon - Fine to medium-grained - Medium soft to hard with trace brecciated anhydritic dolostone, and abundant tan/brown to light grey/green dolostone angular to sub-angular clasts - Some anhydrite and gypsum veins, layers and nodules - Fractured 	308.02	CR-033					
308	<p>Brecciated Dolomitic Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Green/grey - Fine to medium-grained - Medium soft to hard with some brecciated anhydritic dolostone, and abundant tan/brown to light grey/green dolostone angular to sub-angular clasts - Some anhydrite and gypsum veins, layers and nodules - Fractured 	311.07	CR-034					
309								
311	<p>Brecciated Dolomitic Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Green/green - Fracture at 312.6, rough, broke along vertical fracture/dark lamination - Fine to medium-grained - Medium soft to hard with some brecciated anhydritic dolostone, and abundant tan/brown to light grey/green dolostone angular to sub-angular clasts - Large tan dolostone clast that is abundantly porous and pitted from 312.4-312.7 - Abundant anhydrite and gypsum veins, layers and nodules - Multiple >3cm to a maximum of 10cm thick gypsum layers - Fractured 	314.12	CR-035				▼	DGR6-311.41-AR
312								
314								


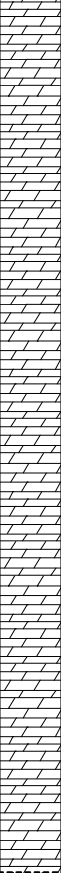
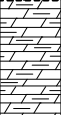

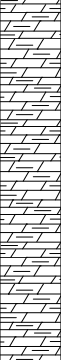
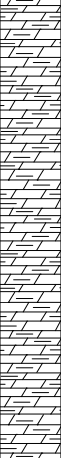
Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
316	Brecciated Dolomitic Shale - Green/grey - Fine to medium-grained - Medium soft to hard with some brecciated anhydritic dolostone, and abundant tan/brown to light grey/green dolostone angular to sub-angular clasts - Large tan/brown brecciated dolostone clast that is slightly porous from 315.8-316.0 - Large light grey/white to tan/brown brecciated anhydritic dolostone clast that is slightly to abundantly porous to pitted from 316.0-316.7 - Abundant anhydrite and gypsum veins, layers and nodules - >5cm thick gypsum layers at 314.6 and 315.6 - Fractured	CR-036						DGR6-315.84-AR
317		317.17						
318	Brecciated Dolomitic Shale - Green/grey - Fracture at 318.7, smooth, slight irregular fit - Fine to medium-grained - Medium soft to hard with some brecciated anhydritic dolostone, and abundant tan/brown to light grey/green dolostone angular to sub-angular clasts - Some anhydrite and gypsum veins, layers and nodules - Fractured	CR-037						
319								
320		320.22						
321	Brecciated Dolomitic Shale - Green/grey - Fracture at 321.2, smooth/rough, slightly irregular pits - Fracture at 322.0, smooth/rough, slight irregular fit - Fine to medium-grained - Medium soft to hard with some brecciated anhydritic dolostone, and abundant tan/brown to light grey/green dolostone angular to sub-angular clasts - Trace amounts of angular clasts between 321.9-322.7 - Large tan/brown dolostone clast that is slightly porous to some pitting from 322.7-322.9 - Some to abundant anhydrite and gypsum veins, layers and nodules - 2.0-3.0cm thick gypsum layers at 322.9 - Fractured	CR-038						
322								
323		323.27						
324	Brecciated Dolomitic Shale - Green/grey - Fine to medium-grained - Medium soft to hard with some brecciated anhydritic dolostone, and abundant tan/brown to light grey/green dolostone angular to sub-angular clasts - Large light grey/white brecciated anhydritic dolostone clast that is slightly pitted below 326.0 to end of core run - Abundant anhydrite and gypsum veins, layers and nodules - >8cm thick gypsum/anhydritic dolostone layer 325.9 - Fractured	CR-039						DGR6-324.23-AR
325								
326								


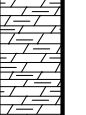
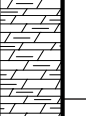
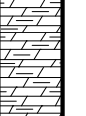
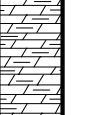
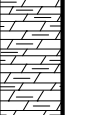
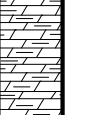
Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
327	<p>Brecciated Dolomitic Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Green/grey - Fine to medium-grained - Medium soft to hard with abundant brecciated anhydritic dolostone, and abundant tan/brown to light grey/green dolostone angular to sub-angular clasts - Abundant anhydrite and gypsum veins, layers and nodules - Fractured 	326.32						
328		CR-040						
329								
330	<p>Brecciated Dolomitic Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Green/grey - Fracture at 329.8, smooth, trace clay infilling on fracture surface - Fine to medium-grained - Medium soft to hard with abundant brecciated anhydritic dolostone, and abundant tan/brown to light grey/green dolostone angular to sub-angular clasts - Abundant anhydrite and gypsum veins, layers and nodules - Fractured 	329.37						
331		CR-041						
332	<p>Brecciated Dolomitic Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Green/grey - Fracture at 332.9, undulating - Fine to medium-grained - Medium soft to hard with abundant brecciated anhydritic dolostone, and abundant tan/brown to light grey/green dolostone angular to sub-angular clasts - Abundant anhydrite and gypsum veins, layers and nodules - Fractured 	332.42						
333		333.00						
333	<p>Salina Formation - B Unit - Evaporite</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Interbedded to mottled brown dolostone and grey anhydrite 							DGR6-333.52-AR
334	<p>Dolostone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Sharp transition from green/grey shale to tan/brown dolostone - Tan/brown grading to tan at 333.8 - Fracture at 334.5, smooth, fracture at 335.2, smooth, fracture at 335.4, rough, unconsolidated clay infilling - Very fine-grained dolostone with abundant dark brown laminae - Laminated to thinly bedded, slightly pitted - Abundant anhydrite and gypsum veins and layers from 333.5-334.1 - Trace to some anhydrite and gypsum veins and layers below 334.1 - Slightly pitted, sulfurous odour if core is broken - Fractured 	335.32						
335		CR-042						
336	<p>Dolostone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Tan/brown - Fracture at 336.1, smooth/rough, irregular fit - Fracture at 337.3, smooth - Very fine-grained dolostone with abundant dark brown/black (bituminous) laminae and abundant anhydrite and gypsum laminae and layers - Several <1cm diameter anhydrite nodules with halo of pyrite at 337.1 - Laminated to thinly bedded - Slightly porous to pitted - Fractured 	335.32						
337	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Gradational transition from tan/brown to tan/grey at 337.6-337.8 - Very fine-grained dolostone with abundant tan to grey dolomitic shale laminae some brecciation 	CR-043						

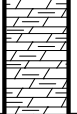
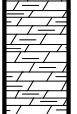
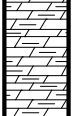
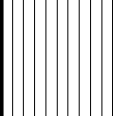
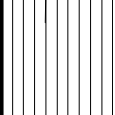
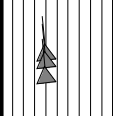
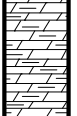
Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
	Some to abundant with depth anhydrite and gypsum veins and laminated to thin layers, slightly pitted, very strong organic/sulfur odour, fractured	337.65						
338	Salina Formation - A2 Unit - Carbonate - Tan to grey, fine-grained, laminated to massive bedded dolostone, argillaceous dolostone, and dolomitic shale interlaminated/interbedded with bituminous laminae, gypsum and anhydrite	338.37						
339	Dolostone - Tan to tan/grey with depth - Very fine-grained dolostone with abundant dark brown, tan and grey dolomitic shale laminae Trace to some with depth anhydrite and gypsum veins and laminated to thin layers - Slightly pitted - Fractured	CR-044						
340		340.73						
341	Dolostone - Tan to tan/grey grading to tan/dark grey from 341.3-342.7 - Fracture at 341.9, infilled/healed - Seven smooth fractures located at 341.0, 341.3, 341.5, 341.8, 342.0 342.1, and 342.2 with no infilling and a fracture at 342.1, smooth with trace pyrite infilling - Laminated to thinly bedded, very fine-grained to fine-grained - Abundant grey-black argillaceous bituminous laminae below 342.1 - Trace anhydrite and gypsum veins and laminated to thin layers - Fractured	CR-045						
342		342.29						
343	Argillaceous Dolostone and Dolomitic Shale - Interbedded tan/grey and grey argillaceous dolostone and dark grey dolomitic shale - 2.5cm thick dark grey bituminous layer at 342.3 - Very fine to fine-grained, laminated to thinly bedded - Medium soft to hard, locally brecciated - Trace gypsum/anhydrite nodules; sulfurous odour - Fractured	CR-046						
344	Argillaceous Dolostone and Dolomitic Shale - Interbedded tan/grey and grey argillaceous dolostone and dark grey dolomitic shale - Fracture at 343.9, smooth, closed vertical fracture running though core, at 344.5, smooth with anhydrite infilling, smooth - Very fine to fine-grained, laminated to thinly bedded, medium soft to hard, trace gypsum/anhydrite nodules; sulfurous odour, fractured	CR-047						
345	Argillaceous Dolostone and Dolomitic Shale - Interbedded tan/grey and light grey argillaceous dolostone and dark grey dolomitic shale - Dolostone very calcareous - Fracture at 344.8, undulating - Fracture at 345.4, undulating - Fracture at 346.6, undulating - Fracture at 346.8, smooth with a thin layer of shale - Closed gypsum filled sub-vertical running though most of core run - Bedding offset almost 0.5cm along vertical gypsum filled fracture in upper 1m of core	CR-047						
346	- Very fine to fine-grained - Laminated to thinly bedded - Medium soft - Trace gypsum/anhydrite nodules; sulfurous odour - Fractured	CR-047						
347		347.67						DGR6-347.52-AR
348								

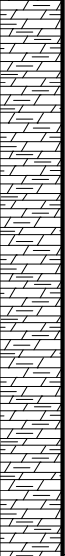



Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
349	<p>Argillaceous Dolostone and Dolomitic Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Interbedded tan/grey, grey argillaceous dolostone and dark grey dolomitic shale - Dolostone very calcareous - Fracture at 347.7, rough, mm-sized quartz crystals - Very fine to fine-grained 	CR-048						
350	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Laminated to thinly bedded - Medium soft to hard - Trace gypsum/anhydrite nodules; sulfurous o - Fractured 	350.70						
351	<p>Argillaceous Dolostone and Dolomitic Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Interbedded tan/grey, grey argillaceous dolostone and dark grey dolomitic shale - Fracture at 351.8, rough, gypsum infilling - Very fine to fine-grained - Laminated to thinly bedded - Medium soft to hard - Trace gypsum/anhydrite nodules - Trace pits with majority infilled with calcite - Fractured 	CR-049						
352								
353								
354	<p>Argillaceous Dolostone and Dolomitic Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Interbedded tan/grey, grey argillaceous dolostone and dark grey dolomitic shale - Very fine to fine-grained - Laminated to thinly bedded - Medium soft to hard - Trace gypsum/anhydrite nodules - Petroliferous odour - Fractured 	CR-050						
355								
356	<p>Dolostone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Tan/grey, massive bedded or variably thinly bedded, fine-grained and hard, trace shale laminae, trace gypsum and anhydrite veins, fractured 	355.77						
356	<p>Dolostone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Tan/grey, Anhydrite/gypsum infilled/healed sub-vertical fracture at 356.7, massive bedded, fine-grained and hard, trace shale laminae, trace gypsum and anhydrite veins - Fractured 	356.30						DGR6-356.69-AR
357	<p>Dolostone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Tan/grey, anhydrite/gypsum infilled/healed sub-vertical fracture at 358.0, massive bedded, fine-grained and hard, trace shale laminae, localized laminated tan/grey dolostone from 358.0-358.1, trace gypsum and anhydrite veins - Fractured 	357.00						
358		358.13						
359	<p>Anhydritic Dolostone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Sharp contact at 358.13 - Blue to light grey anhydritic dolostone interbedded with dark grey dolomitic 	CR-052						

Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
360	shale and some anhydrite veins and layers - Mottled anhydritic dolostone below 359.6 - White to translucent gypsum veins - Fractured Anhydritic Dolostone - Blue to light grey mottled to with irregular laminae of anhydritic dolostone - Some to abundant mm to cm-thick white to translucent gypsum veins and layers - Massive	359.85						
361	Dolostone - Mottled and irregular laminae of tan/grey/brown and dark brown dolostone - Abundant dark brown/black laminae - Fractured Dolostone - Tan/grey - Massive bedded with some localized highly cemented brecciation - Fine-grained and hard - Trace dark brown laminae - Trace gypsum and anhydrite veins - Fractured	360.95	CR-053					
362								
363	Dolostone - Tan/grey - Four completely gypsum infilled fractures at 361.5, 361.6, 361.7 and 361.8 - Massive bedded with some localized highly cemented brecciation - Localized section of tan/grey and light grey of sub-angular clasts between 365.4-365.6 - Fine-grained and hard - Trace dark brown laminae - Trace gypsum and anhydrite veins - Fractured	362.90						
364								DGR6-364.36-PW-UO
365								DGR6-365.69-AR
366	Brecciated Dolostone - Tan/brown, grey, light grey, grey/green brecciated dolostone with grey/green dolomitic shale matrix - Massive - Clasts are angular to rounded and are mm to >3cm - Trace gypsum veins, layers and nodules - Fractured Brecciated Anhydritic Dolostone - Sharp contact 366.9 - Mottled massive to laminated blue to light grey to tan anhydritic dolostone - Abundant dark grey anhydrite veins and laminations - Fractured	365.78	CR-054					DGR6-366.03-PW-UO
367								
368	Salina Formation - A2 Unit - Evaporite - Mottled light grey/blue anhydritic dolostone	367.50	CR-055					
369	Anhydritic Dolostone - Sharp contact at 368.3 - Blue to light grey/tan anhydritic dolostone - Hard - Massive with localized laminae increasing with depth below 371.1 - Abundantly pitted to vuggy below 371.8 - Fractured	368.34						
370								

Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
371	Anhydritic Dolostone - Blue to light grey/tan anhydritic dolostone - Massive with localized laminae increasing with depth below 371.1 - Abundantly pitted to vuggy below 371.8 - Fractured	CR-056						DGR6-370.70-PW-UO
	371.75							
372	Salina Formation - A1 Unit - Carbonate - Grey to tan/grey argillaceous dolostone interbedded/laminated with grey to black bituminous shale and trace to abundant anhydrite and gypsum	372.05					▼	DGR6-372.70-PW-UO
373	Dolostone - Gradual transition between 371.1-371.8 from a blue to light-grey/tan anhydritic dolostone to a brown dolostone - Laminated to thinly bedded - Abundantly pitted to vuggy - Sucrosic calcite infilling of pits and vugs - Fractured	CR-057						DGR6-374.48-PW-UO
374	Dolostone - Tan brown and light grey - Fracture at 372.5 smooth, infilling black and fine-grained (mm-thick) - Fine to medium-grained - Laminated to thinly bedded - Abundantly vuggy and pitted - Sucrosic calcite infilling of pits and vugs - Abundant laminae of mm-thick gypsum between 374.1-374.6 - 1cm thick anhydrite layer 374.9 - Fractured							DGR6-374.74-AR
375		375.10						DGR6-375.21-PW-UO
	375.35							
376	Argillaceous Dolostone - Grey to dark grey - Fine-grained - Some to abundant dark grey/black bituminous shale laminae - Fractured	CR-058						
		375.83						
377	Argillaceous Dolostone - Grey to dark grey - Fine-grained - Slightly porous and pitted - One vug at 376.5 - Some to abundant dark grey/black bituminous shale laminae - Fractured	CR-059						DGR6-376.38-PW-UO
		376.66						
378	Argillaceous Dolostone - Grey - Fine-grained - Trace to some dark grey/black bituminous shale laminae - Slightly pitted - Fractured	CR-060					▲	DGR6-377.48-PW-UO
		378.15						
379	Argillaceous Dolostone - Grey to dark grey - Fine-grained - Trace to some dark grey/black shale laminae - Trace to some discontinuous laminae of white fine-grained calcite veins - Trace to some cm-thick infilled fractures of dark grey to black fine-grained calcite - Trace flecks of pyrite - Large gypsum crystal at 381.2 - Slightly pitted - Fractured	CR-061					▲	
		381.20						
380								
381								

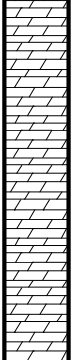
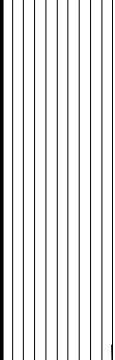
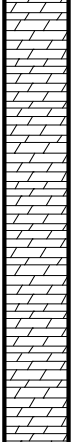
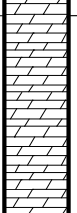
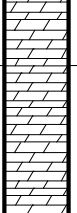
Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
382	<p>Argillaceous Dolostone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Dark grey - Fracture at 383.7, infilled with gypsum/anhydrite - Fracture at 384.0, infilled with gypsum/anhydrite - Very fine to fine-grained and hard - Trace grey/black shale laminae - Trace discontinuous laminae of white fine-grained calcite veins - Trace dolomite and calcite discontinuous veins - High concentration of dolomite and calcite discontinuous veins at 381.2-381.4 - Slightly pitted - Fractured 	CR-062						
383								
384	<p>Argillaceous Dolostone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Dark grey - Very fine to fine-grained and hard - High concentration of anhydrite/gypsum discontinuous veins and anhydritic dolostone at 384.3-384.7 - Section of anhydritic dolostone between 385.1-385.4 - Trace grey/black shale laminae - Trace discontinuous laminae of white fine-grained calcite veins below 386.8 - Trace to some flat, white, fibrous laminated to thin anhydrite and gypsum veins - Slightly pitted - Fractured 	384.25						DGR6-383.51-PW-UO
385								
386		CR-063						DGR6-385.25-AR
387								
388	<p>Argillaceous Dolostone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grey - Laminated to thinly bedded argillaceous dolostone interlaminated with some black bituminous shale laminae - Fine to very fine-grained and hard - Moderate frequency of dolomite and calcite discontinuous veins decreasing in frequency below 387.9 - Trace flat, white, fibrous laminated to thin anhydrite and gypsum veins and layers - Slightly pitted - Fractured 	387.30						
389		CR-064						
390								
391	<p>Argillaceous Dolostone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Tan/brown to dark grey - Laminated to thinly bedded argillaceous dolostone interlaminated with some black bituminous shale laminae - Fine to very fine-grained - Hard - Abundant dolomite and calcite discontinuous veins that give brecciated appearance - Some flat, white, fibrous laminated to thin anhydrite and gypsum veins below 392.9 - Moderately pitted to vuggy - Fractured to shattered 	390.35						
392		CR-065						

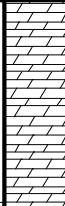
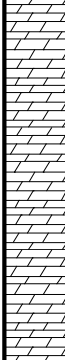
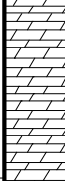
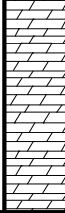
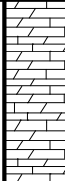
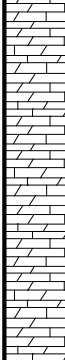
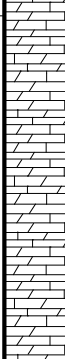

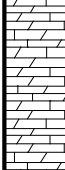
Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
393	Argillaceous Dolostone - Grey - Very fine to fine-grained and hard - Laminated to thinly bedded argillaceous dolostone interlaminated with some black bituminous shale laminae - Trace dolomite/calcite discontinuous veins - Trace to some flat, white, fibrous laminated to thin anhydrite and gypsum veins above 395.8 - Fractured	393.40						
394		CR-066						DGR6-393.76-PW-UO
395								DGR6-395.01-AR
396	Argillaceous Dolostone - Grey to brown - Fracture at 398.6, halite infilling, smooth - Very fine to fine-grained and hard - Laminated to thinly bedded argillaceous dolostone interlaminated with black bituminous shale laminae - Trace dolomite/calcite discontinuous veins Semi-circular calcite infilled vein extending from 395.0-397.5, irregular pattern - Petroliferous odour - Fractured to blocky	396.45						
397		CR-067						
398	Argillaceous Dolostone - Grey to brown - Fracture at 399.8, closed with halite and petroliferous residue along fracture, some offset associated with fracture - Three closed fractures at 401.2 infilled with calcite and petroliferous residue - Very fine to fine-grained and hard - Laminated to thinly bedded argillaceous dolostone interlaminated with black bituminous shale laminae - Trace dolomite/calcite discontinuous veins - Slightly petroliferous - Fractured to blocky	399.50						
399		CR-068						
400								
401								
402		402.55						
403		CR-068						

Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
404	Argillaceous Dolostone - Grey to brown - Very fine to fine-grained and hard - Laminated to thinly bedded argillaceous dolostone interlaminated with black bituminous shale laminae - Strong petroliferous odour - Fractured to blocky	CR-069						DGR6-404.88-AR
405		405.60						
406	Argillaceous Dolostone - Grey to brown - Very fine to fine-grained and hard - Laminated to thinly bedded argillaceous dolostone interlaminated with black bituminous shale laminae - Trace dolomite/calcite discontinuous veins - Strong petroliferous odour - Fractured	CR-070						
407		408.65						
408								
409	Argillaceous Dolostone - Fracture at 410.5, white infilling - Grey grading to light grey - Very fine to fine-grained and hard - Interlaminated with brown to black bituminous shale laminae - Petroliferous - Fractured to blocky	CR-071					▼	
410		411.70						
411								
412	Argillaceous Dolostone - Grey - Fracture at 413.9, rough, calcite infilling - Very fine to fine-grained and hard - Laminated to thinly bedded argillaceous dolostone interlaminated with brown to black bituminous shale laminae - Moderately pitted to vuggy - Large partially dolomite/calcite infilled vug at 413.2 - Trace dolomite/calcite discontinuous veins - Strong petroliferous odour - Fractured	CR-072					▲	
413		414						
414								

Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
415	Argillaceous Dolostone - Grey to brown with depth to 417.3 - Calcite filled veins at 417.1 - Interbedded/laminated with dark brown to black bituminous shale laminae 416.6-417.3 - Core has petroliferous odour and is petroliferous - Core fractured along bituminous laminae during logging (disking) - Laminated light grey dolostone 417.3-417.8 - Very fine-grained - Fractured to blocky	414.75						DGR6-415.23-AR
416	Argillaceous Dolostone - Light grey - Laminated to massive - Very fine-grained - Fractured to blocky	CR-073						
417	Argillaceous Dolostone - Light grey - Laminated to massive - Very fine-grained - Blocky	417.80						
418	418.00							
	Salina Formation - A1 Unit - Evaporite - Mottled to thinly bedded light grey/blue anhydrite, anhydritic dolostone and brown dolostone							
419	Anhydritic Dolostone - Laminated to thinly bedded - Light-grey/blue anhydritic dolostone and tan/brown anhydritic dolostone - Fine to very fine-grained - Blocky	CR-074						
420								
421	Anhydritic Dolostone - Light-grey/blue anhydritic dolostone and brown anhydritic dolostone - Laminated to thinly bedded - Very fine-grained - Fractured to blocky	420.85						
422								
423	422.96							
	Salina Formation - A0 Unit - Dark brown to black, fine-grained, thinly laminated, bituminous dolostone							
424	Dolostone - Gradational contact - Interlaminated greyish-brown dolostone and light grey anhydritic dolostone - Fractured to blocky	423.90						DGR6-424.21-AR
425								

Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID	
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90		
426	Dolostone - Interlaminated grey to brown/grey dolostone and blackish-brown bituminous argillaceous dolostone - Massive bedded - Fine-grained to medium-grained - Calcareous - Abundant stylolites - Slightly porous to pitted 425.0-425.1 and strongly petroliferous - Bedding becoming much steeper below 426.6 - Fractured to massive	76						DGR6-426.51-PW-UO	
427		426.95						427.33	
428	Guelph Formation - Brown, very fine to medium-grained, vuggy dolostone Dolostone - Dark-brown/brown and grey, vuggy and pitted - Massive bedded - Brown dolostone is medium-grained and is in matrix of light grey very fine-grained dolostone - Calcareous and hard - Porous (abundant vugs and pits; commonly partly infilled with calcite/dolomite) - Core has petroliferous odour - Trace interbeds/laminae of planar to irregular black shale below 429.9 - Fractured to blocky Dolostone - Brown and grey - Calcite infilled vein at 431.1 - Massive bedded grey with trace interbeds/laminae of planar to irregular black shale between 430.0-430.3; brecciated appearance below 430.3 - Fine and very fine-grained, locally sucrosic and hard - Slightly porous (vugs, some infilled with dolomite crystals); abundantly porous zone (vugs and pits) between 430.6-431.5 - Fractured to blocky	CR-077						DGR6-428.53-PW-UO	
429									
430		430.00							
431		CR-078						DGR6-431.76-PW-UO	
432									
433	433.05								
434	Goat Island Formation - Light to dark grey/brown, very fine-grained dolostone Dolostone - Gradational contact at 431.5 - Light grey and dark grey - Faintly irregularly bedded to massive bedded - Very fine-grained - Hard - Trace stylolites - Fractured to blocky Dolostone - Grey to light grey with faintly irregular dark grey argillaceous laminae and few localized brown bituminous laminae - Fracture at 435.0, rough - Fine to very fine-grained - Hard - Very fine-grained - Trace stylolites - Fractured to blocky	CR-079						DGR6-435.35-AR	
435									
436		436.10							

Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
437	Dolostone - Light grey with faintly irregular dark grey argillaceous laminae and few localized brown bituminous laminae - Fracture at 438.0, rough - Very fine-grained - Trace stylolites - Trace thin porous to pitted sections - Hard - Fractured	CR-080						DGR6-436.54-PW-UO
438								
439		439.15						
440	Dolostone - Light grey with faint dark grey argillaceous laminae and few localized brown bituminous laminae - Very fine-grained - Hard - Fractured to massive	CR-081						
441								
442		442.20						
443	Dolostone - Light grey with faint dark grey argillaceous laminae and trace localized brown bituminous laminae - Mottled colouring below 444.6 Trace pits and vugs - Very fine-grained - Hard - Blocky to massive	CR-082						DGR6-442.96-PW-UO
444								
445		445.25						
446	Dolostone - Light grey with faintly irregular dark grey argillaceous laminae and trace localized brown bituminous laminae - Mottled colouring below 447.4 Trace pits and vugs infilled with trace calcite - Very fine-grained - Hard - Solid	CR-083						DGR6-445.65-AR
447								

Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
448	<p>Dolostone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Light grey with faintly irregular dark grey argillaceous laminae and trace localized brown bituminous laminae - Very fine-grained Trace pits and vugs infilled with trace calcite 	448.30						
449	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Hard - Solid 							DGR6-449.08-PW-UO
450		CR-084						
451	<p>Dolostone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Light grey with faintly irregular dark grey argillaceous laminae and trace localized brown bituminous laminae - Very fine-grained - Hard - Blocky to massive 	451.35						
452		452.20						
453	<p>Gasport Formation</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Blue/white/grey, fine to coarse-grained, dolomitic limestone 	CR-085						
454	<p>Dolomitic Limestone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Light to medium grey with dark grey irregular argillaceous laminae and brown irregular bituminous laminae - Slightly pitted core starting around 452.2 and increasing in abundance with depth - Fine to medium-grained - Some stylolites - Soft to hard - Blocky to massive 	454.40						
455	<p>Dolomitic Limestone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Light to medium grey with diffuse brown sections - Two parallel healed fractures with cemented calcite at 456.1 and 456.3 - Massive bedded with irregular black laminae/stylolites - Green/grey mottled section, 455.8-456.0 - Fine to medium-grained - Core becomes more coarse below 455.6 - 0.5cm pyrite nodule at 456.9 	CR-086						DGR6-455.65-PW-UO
456	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Slightly pitted - 3cm coral fossil at 456.7 - Soft to hard - Blocky to massive 						▲ ▲	
457		457.45						DGR6-457.28-AR
458	<p>Dolomitic Limestone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Light to medium grey with diffuse brown sections 							

Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
459	<p>Light to medium grey with diffuse brown sections</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Massive bedded with irregular black laminae/stylolites - Fine to coarse-grained - Slightly porous to pitted - Soft to hard - Blocky to massive <p>Dolomitic Limestone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Light to medium grey with diffuse brown sections - Massive bedded with irregular black laminae/stylolites - Fine to coarse-grained - Slightly pitted - Soft to hard - Massive 	CR-087						DGR6-460.10-PW-UO
460		460.50						
		460.95						
461	<p>Lions Head Formation</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Light grey to grey/brown, fine to very fine-grained dolostone <p>Dolostone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Light grey with diffuse grey and brownish grey beds - Mottled - Fine-grained - Trace cm-size round white mudstone clasts and trace stylolites, example at 461.7 - Trace cm-size round grey chert (siliceous) clasts, example at 462.7 - Massive 	CR-088						
462								
463		463.55						
464	<p>Dolostone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Mottled light grey to tan/grey with diffuse grey and brownish grey beds - Fine to very fine-grained - Hard - Trace cm-size round white mudstone clasts and trace stylolites - Trace cm-size round grey chert (siliceous) clasts - Blocky to massive 	CR-089						
		464.98						
465	<p>Fossil Hill Formation</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Light to medium brownish grey coarse-grained dolostone with stylolites <p>Dolostone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Light brownish-grey with faint grey diffuse laminae, fine to coarse-grained - Coarser grained beds below 465.4 - Hard to very hard - Increased amount of stylolites below 465.8 - Light green dolomite infilling of pits and vugs at 465.3-465.8 - Blocky to massive 	CR-089						DGR6-465.67-PW-UO
466								
		466.60						DGR6-466.40-AR
467	<p>Dolostone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Light brownish-grey with faint grey diffuse laminae, medium to coarse-grained - Hard, some stylolites, massive 	CR-090						
		467.86						
468	<p>Cabot Head Formation</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Green and red shale grading to interbedded fossiliferous grey carbonate and shale 	CR-090						
469	<p>Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Gradational contact, 467.7-470.0, grading from a laminated light grey 	CR-090						
		469.65						

Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
470	dolostone and green shale to a massive bedded green shale - Green shale mottled diffuse contact with red/maroon shale from 468.4-468.5 - Red/maroon shale below 468.5 with trace mottled green shales - Fracture at 468.1, planar, white halite infilling - Fracture at 468.3, smooth - Fracture at 469.0, Planar - Medium soft - Massive bedded - Blocky to massive	CR-091						
471	Shale - Red/maroon shale with trace green mottles and some green blotches - Massive bedded - Medium soft - Fractured to massive	CR-091						DGR6-471.63-PW-UO
472		472.70						
473	Shale - Red/maroon shale with trace green mottles - Trace bands of green shale - Fracture at 473.3, planar, white/clear halite infilling - Massive bedded - Medium soft - Fractured to massive	CR-092						
474		CR-092						
475		475.75						DGR6-475.08-AR
476	Shale - Red/maroon with trace green bands and mottles - Massive bedded - Medium soft - Bore easily breaks apart - Fractured to massive	CR-093						
477		CR-093						
478		478.80						DGR6-477.81-PW-UO
479	Shale - Red/maroon - Massive bedded - Medium soft - Bore easily breaks apart - Fractured to massive	CR-094						
480		479.73						

Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
481	Shale - Diffusely banded red/maroon, grey and green shale - Fracture at 482.1, rough - Trace thinly bedded grey very fine-grained and fossiliferous (brachiopods) limestone beds - Medium soft shale to hard carbonates - Fractured	CR-095					▼	
482		482.51						▼
483	Shale - Banded grey and green shale - Fracture at 484.3, smooth - Trace laminated to thinly bedded grey very fine-grained and fossiliferous limestone beds - Medium soft shale to hard carbonates - Fractured to blocky	CR-096					▼	DGR6-484.51-PW-UO
484	Interbedded Shale and Carbonate Beds - Predominantly mottled grey, grey/green shale thinly to mediumly interbedded with fossiliferous calcareous dolostone - Dolostone is grey/blue, fine to medium-grained, mottled, and contains calcified fossils - Fractured to blocky	483.91						DGR6-484.83-AR
485		485.56					▼	
486	Interbedded Shale and Carbonate Beds - Predominantly mottled grey fossiliferous calcareous dolostone with variable amounts of grey/green mud (wackestone) thinly to mediumly interbedded with mottled grey/green shale - Fracture at 486.1, rough - Dark grey/maroon/brown, very soft shale bed 487.0-487.9 - Dolostone is grey/blue, fine to medium-grained, mottled, and contains calcified fossils - Fractured to blocky	CR-097					▼	
487		488.61						
489	Interbedded Shale and Carbonate Beds - Predominantly mottled grey fossiliferous calcareous dolostone with variable amounts of grey/maroon/brown mud (wackestone) thinly to medium interbedded with mottled grey/green shale - Dolostone is grey/blue, fine to medium-grained, mottled, and contains calcified fossils - Fractured to blocky	CR-098					▼	
490		490.11						
491	Interbedded Shale and Carbonate Beds - Mottled grey fossiliferous calcareous thinly to thickly bedded dolostone with variable amounts of grey/green mud (wackestone) thinly to medium interbedded with mottled grey/green shale - Fracture at 490.4, smooth/rough with an irregular fit - Dolostone is grey/blue, fine to medium-grained, mottled, and trace calcified fossils (bryozoans, coral) - Massive	CR-099					▼	DGR6-490.53-PW-UO

Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
492	<p>Interbedded Shale and Carbonate Beds</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Mottled grey fossiliferous calcareous dolostone with variable amounts of grey/green mud (wackestone) thinly to medium interbedded with mottled grey/green shale - Fracture at 493.0, smooth with an irregular fit - Dolostone is grey/blue, fine to medium-grained, mottled, and trace calcified fossils (bryozoans, coral) - Fractured to blocky 	491.93						
493		493.55	CR-100					
494	<p>Manitoulin Formation</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grey, very fine to medium-grained, fossiliferous, mottled argillaceous to non-argillaceous dolostone with grey/green shale interbeds and chert layers/nodules 							
495	<p>Argillaceous Dolostone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Mottled fine to medium-grained grey/green argillaceous dolostone, trace interbeds of grey dolostone and green shale - Fracture at 493.6, rough with an irregular fit and pitted/weathered face - Some chert nodules - Massive - Slightly fossiliferous (brachiopods) - 13cm green shale bed at 494.4 	494.98						DGR6-495.55-AR
496	<p>Argillaceous Dolostone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Mottled fine to coarse-grained grey/green argillaceous dolostone - Fracture at 496.0, smooth/rough, slightly irregular fit - Trace interbeds of grey dolostone and green shale - Some chert nodules - Slightly fossiliferous (bryozoans, brachiopods) - Blocky to massive 		CR-101					DGR6-496.21-PW-UO
497		497.57						
498	<p>Interbedded Shale and Dolostone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Mottled light grey to green/grey coarse-grained argillaceous dolostone with some thin interbeds and laminae of green shale, slightly fossiliferous, trace light grey thin chert beds, blocky - Fractures at 498.4 and 498.6, smooth/rough, slightly irregular fit and slightly pitted 	498.03						
499		498.62						
500	<p>Cherty Dolostone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grey/blue to grey/tan, fine to medium-grained grading downwards to medium to coarse-grained, fossiliferous, stylolites, trace irregular black laminae - 4cm-thick grey/white sandstone layer, very hard with a silica infilled vug at 498.7 - Blocky 		CR-102					
501		501.08						
502	<p>Cherty Dolostone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grey/tan with some to grey/blue, very fine to medium-grained - Fracture at 501.7, smooth/rough, slightly irregular and pitted - Trace to some irregular black laminae - Fossiliferous - Trace stylolites below 502.1 - Increase in chert content below 502.1 - 2cm-thick packstone bed at 503.7 - 5cm-thick wackestone bed at 504.1 - Blocky to massive 		CR-10					DGR6-502.30-PW-UO

Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
503								
504		504.13						
	Limestone - Light-grey/tan, trace laminae of green shale, very fine-grained, hard, trace stylolites, massive bedded, fractured to blocky	504.62						
505	Interbedded Shale and Dolostone - Interlaminated grey dolostone and green shale - Fracture at 504.7, rough, slightly irregular - Fracture at 504.9, smooth, halite infilled - Slight maroon colour transition below 507.0 - Fractured to blocky		CR-104					DGR6-504.67-AR
506								
507	Interbedded Shale and Dolostone - Interlaminated grey dolostone and coarse-grained sandstone with green and maroon shale - Trace mottling - Medium soft to hard - Fractured to massive	507.18						
		507.86						
508	Queenston Formation - Red to maroon, massive bedded, calcareous to non-calcareous shale with subordinate interbeds of green shale, and grey/brown carbonates and siltstone		CR-105					
509	Shale - Sharp contact at 507.9 - Red/maroon with green mottling and blotching - Massive bedded - Trace thin carbonate beds - Medium soft - Massive							
510		510.23						
511	Shale - Red/maroon shale with trace to some bands and green shale - Massive bedded - Local carbonate lamination at 510.6 - Medium soft - Solid		CR-106					DGR6-509.27-AR
512								DGR6-512.15-AR
								DGR6-509.27-AR
513		513.28						DGR6-512.84-PW-UNB
	Shale - Red/maroon shale with trace to some bands and green shale - Trace mottles of green shale							

Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
514	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Medium soft - Massive bedded - White anhydrite nodule at 513.5 - Medium soft - Blocky to massive 	CR-107						DGR6-514.48-PW-UNB
515								
516		516.33						
517	<p>Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Red/maroon shale with some bands and green shale - Medium soft - Massive bedded - Medium soft - Blocky 	CR-108						
518		518.15						
519	<p>Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Red/maroon with blotches, mottles and bands of green shale - Medium soft - Massive bedded - Medium soft - Blocky 	CR-109						
520		519.56						
521	<p>Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Red/maroon with mottles and bands of green shale - Massive bedded - Medium soft - Fractured to blocky 	CR-110						
522		522.61						
523	<p>Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Red/maroon with mottles, blotches and bands of green shale - Fracture at 523.0, smooth - Medium soft - Massive bedded - Trace thin carbonate beds - Medium soft - Blocky 	CR-111					▼	
524		CR-111						




Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
525								
526	Shale - Red/maroon with mottles, blotches and bands of green shale - Medium soft - Massive bedded - Trace thin carbonate beds - Trace pink anhydrite nodules below 528.3 - Medium soft - Fractured to blocky	525.66						
527		CR-112					▲	
528		528.71					▲	
529	Shale - Red/maroon with mottles and bands of green shale - Fracture at 529.0, smooth, slickensides - Medium soft - Massive bedded - Trace thin carbonate beds - Trace to some pink anhydrite nodules - Medium soft - Fractured to blocky						▲	
530		CR-113						
531		531.76						
532	Shale - Red/maroon shale with blotched green shale, beds and diffuse zones - Massive bedded - Medium soft - Trace pink/white anhydrite nodules - Shattered to blocky							
533		CR-114						
534		534.81						
535	Shale - Red/maroon with trace green shale mottles, beds and diffuse zones - Core is shattered - Massive bedded - Medium soft - Shattered to fractured	CR-115						
		535.00						
	Shale - Red/maroon with trace green shale mottles and diffuse zones							

Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
536	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Massive bedded - Medium soft - Trace localized pink anhydrite nodules - Solid 	CR-116						
537								
538	<p>Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Red/maroon with trace green shale mottles and diffuse zones - Fracture at 538.7, completely infilled - Fracture at 538.9, rough - Massive bedded - Medium soft - Trace localized pink anhydrite nodules - Fractured to blocky 	538.05						
539	<p>Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Red/maroon with trace green shale mottles and diffuse zones - Massive bedded - Medium soft - Trace localized pink anhydrite nodules - Fractured to blocky 	CR-117					DGR6-538.69-AR	
540	<p>Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Red/maroon with trace green shale mottles and diffuse zones - Massive bedded - Medium soft - Trace localized pink anhydrite nodules - Fractured to massive 	539.50						
541		CR-118						
542								
543	<p>Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grey/green shale with trace red/maroon shale mottles and diffuse zones - Massive bedded - Medium soft - Trace localized pink anhydrite nodules - Fractured 	542.55						
543		CR-119						
544	<p>Interbedded Shale and Limestone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Shale is grey/green and transitions to carbonate layering at 543.6 - Massive bedded - Carbonate interbeds are grey, cm to 5 cm-thick fossiliferous (bryozoans) - Medium soft - Fractured 	543.55						
544		543.96						
545	<p>Interbedded Shale and Limestone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Shale is grey/green with grey interbedded carbonate - Shale is thickly bedded - Medium soft - Carbonate interbeds are grey, cm to 5 cm-thick fossiliferous (bryozoans) - Fractured to blocky 	CR-120						
546								





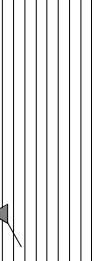




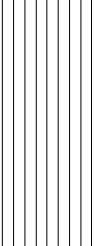




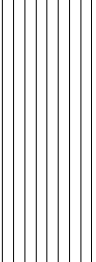




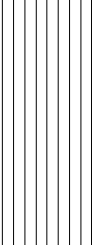
Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID	
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90		
547 548	<p>Interbedded Shale and Limestone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Green/red maroon thickly bedded, medium soft, calcareous shale grading to medium to thickly interbedded grey/green calcareous shale with carbonate interbeds at 549.5 - Carbonate interbeds are grey, medium to coarse-grained, abundantly fossiliferous (brachiopods) - Carbonate beds with subordinate green shale interbeds below 549.8 - Fractured to blocky 	547.01							
549 550		CR-121							
551		550.06							
552	<p>Interbedded Shale and Limestone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Green calcareous shale and interbeds of grey, fine-grained, fossiliferous (bivalves, brachiopods) limestone, hard - Fractured to blocky 	CR-122							DGR6-551.73-AR DGR6-551.91-AR
553 554	<p>Interbedded Shale and Limestone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grey/green shale interbedded with light to dark grey thin to medium carbonate interbeds - Shale is thinly bedded, calcareous, locally contains elongate (mm-long) limestone nodules - Medium soft (shale) to hard (carbonate) - Slightly fossiliferous - Fractured to blocky 	553.11							
555		CR-123						DGR6-555.15-AR	
556 557	<p>Interbedded Shale and Limestone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grey/green shale interbedded with light to dark grey thin to medium carbonate interbeds - Shale is thinly bedded, calcareous - Medium soft (shale) to hard (carbonate) - Slightly fossiliferous - Fractured to blocky 	556.16							
		CR-124							

Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
558								
559		559.21						
	Interbedded Shale and Limestone - Grey/green shale interbedded with light to dark grey thin carbonate interbeds - Shale is thinly bedded, calcareous - Carbonate interbeds are very fine-grained to coarse-grained, fossiliferous and locally abundant							
560	- Medium soft (shale) to hard (carbonate) - Slightly fossiliferous - Calcite filled vug at 560.5 - Blocky	CR-125						
		560.85						
561	Interbedded Shale and Limestone - Grey/green shale interbedded with light to dark grey thin carbonate interbeds - Shale is thinly bedded, calcareous - Carbonate interbeds are very fine-grained to coarse-grained and slightly fossiliferous and locally bioturbated							
	- Medium soft (shale) to hard (carbonate) - Slightly fossiliferous - Fractured to blocky	CR-126						
562								
		563.90						
564	Interbedded Shale and Limestone - Grey/green shale interbedded with grey/blue carbonate interbeds - Shale is laminated to thinly interbedded with laminated to thin carbonates - Carbonate interbeds are very fine-grained to coarse-grained and slightly fossiliferous							
	- Medium soft (shale) to hard (carbonate) - Fractured to blocky	CR-127						DGR6-565.18-AR
565								DGR6-565.51-AR
		566.95						DGR6-565.77-AR
566								
		568.36						
567	Interbedded Shale and Limestone - Grey/green with a red/maroon diffuse zone from 567.1-567.7 interbedded with grey/blue carbonate interbeds - Shale is thinly to thickly interbedded with laminated to thin carbonates - Carbonate interbeds are very fine-grained to coarse-grained and slightly fossiliferous	CR-128						
	- Medium soft (shale) to hard (carbonate) - Fractured to blocky							
568								


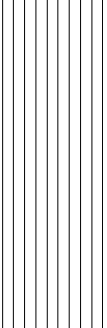



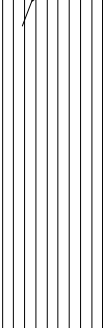
Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
569 570	<p>Interbedded Shale and Limestone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grey/green shale interbedded with grey/blue carbonate interbeds - Shale is laminated to thinly interbedded with laminated to thin carbonates - Carbonate interbeds are very fine-grained to coarse-grained and slightly fossiliferous - Medium soft (shale) to hard (carbonate) - Fractured to blocky 	CR-129						
570.70								DGR6-570.44-AR
571	<p>Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Dark grey/green shale - Trace laminae and thin beds of carbonates - Massive bedded - Hard - Calcareous - Fractured to blocky 	571.41						
572 573	<p>Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Red/maroon with green mottles, blotches and diffuse bands - Massive bedded - Hard - Some pink anhydrite nodules below 574.1 - Calcareous - Blocky 	CR-130						
574 575	<p>Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Red/maroon with green mottles, diffuse bands and trace blotches - Massive bedded - 5cm-thick pink anhydrite at 575.2 - Hard - Calcareous - Trace carbonate laminae - Blocky 	574.46						
576 577		CR-131						
578	<p>Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Red/maroon with green mottles, diffuse bands and trace blotches - Massive bedded - Hard - Calcareous - Trace carbonate laminae - Blocky 	577.51						
579		CR-132						DGR6-579.29-AR


Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
580 581 582 583	<p>Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Red/maroon with green mottles, diffuse bands and trace blotches - Massive bedded - Hard - Calcareous - Trace thin to laminated carbonate beds - Shale and carbonate beds are laminated to thinly bedded from 580.6-581.4 and are thinly to medium bedded below 581.4 - Gradational contact at 583.1 - Blocky 	580.56 583.10						
584 585 586	<p>Georgian Bay Formation</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Dark greenish/grey shale, interbedded (decreasing abundance with depth) with grey fossiliferous limestone and siltstone beds <p>Interbedded Shale and Limestone/Siltstone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Gradational contact at 583.05 - Green/grey shale interbedded with light grey limestone and grey siltstone - Limestone interbeds are cm's-thick, fossiliferous and locally bioturbated, hard - Blocky 	583.61 586.66						DGR6-583.75-AR DGR6-585.30-AR DGR6-585.57-AR
587 588 589 590	<p>Interbedded Shale and Limestone/Siltstone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Green/grey shale interbedded with light grey limestone and grey siltstone - Shale is thinly bedded, calcareous, locally contains limestone clasts, medium soft - Limestone is thinly bedded, trace beds are coarse-grained, locally contain cross-stratification, fossiliferous (brachiopods, crinoids), locally bioturbated, and hard - Siltstone beds are laminated to thinly bedded, calcareous and are locally low-angle cross-laminated, and hard - Large gypsum nodule at 587.6 - Blocky to massive 	586.66 589.71						DGR6-590.33-AR







Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
591	<p>Interbedded Shale and Limestone/Siltstone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grey shale interbedded with light grey siltstone and fossiliferous/bioturbated limestone - Shale is thinly to medium bedded and calcareous, medium soft - Limestone is laminated to thinly bedded, medium-grained, fossiliferous and hard, locally bioturbated - Fractured to blocky 	CR-136						
		592.76						
593	<p>Interbedded Shale and Limestone/Siltstone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grey shale interbedded with light grey limestone and grey/green siltstone - Shale is thinly to medium bedded, very soft - Limestone is laminated to thinly bedded, medium-grained, fossiliferous, bioturbated, and hard - 3 fractures at 593.7, smooth; 594.9, smooth, with calcite infilling; and 595.0, smooth - Fractured 	CR-137						
		595.81						
596	<p>Interbedded Shale and Limestone/Siltstone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Laminated to medium bedded grey shale interbedded with laminated to medium bedded, fine to coarse-grained fossiliferous, bioturbated bioclastic limestone, and siltstone - Medium soft (shale) and hard (limestone/siltstone) - Fractured to blocky 	CR-138						
		598.86						
599	<p>Interbedded Limestone/Siltstone and Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Thinly bedded grey shale with thinly to medium bedded limestone - Bioturbated/fossiliferous fine to coarse-grained limestone - Medium soft (shale) and hard (limestone/siltstone) - Light grey limestone bed extending below 598.6 - Fractured to blocky 	CR-139						
		599.46						
600	<p>Interbedded Shale and Limestone/Siltstone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Thinly bedded dark grey shale interbedded with thinly bedded, fine to coarse-grained limestone, and siltstone - Trace localized bioclastic/fossiliferous limestone bed - Increasing shale content with depth - Heavily bioturbated 599.5-600.1 - Core dinking into 5-10cm pieces - Medium soft (shale) and hard (limestone/siltstone) - Fractured to blocky 	CR-140						DGR6-600.20-AR
		601.91						DGR6-601.48-AR
		601.91						DGR6-601.73-AR

Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
602	Shale - Thinly to thickly bedded dark grey shale with some laminae to thin beds of fine to coarse-grained limestone, and siltstone - Fracture at 602.9, smooth - Shale is thin to medium bedded - Trace localized bioclastic/bioturbated/fossiliferous limestone beds - Core diking into 2-10cm pieces - Medium soft (shale) and hard (limestone/siltstone) - Fractured to blocky	CR-141						DGR6-603.13-AR
603								
604								
605	Shale - Dark grey shale with trace laminae to thin beds of fine to coarse-grained limestone, and siltstone - Shale is massive bedded - Trace localized bioclastic/bioturbated/fossiliferous limestone beds - Core diking into 3-10cm pieces - Medium soft (shale) and hard (limestone/sandstone/siltstone) - Fractured to blocky	604.96						
606								
607								
608	Shale - Dark grey shale with trace laminae to thin interbeds of limestone/siltstone - Fracture at 608.2, smooth - Fracture at 608.4, smooth - Bioturbated limestone section between 609.2-609.4 - Shale is massive bedded - Trace fossils - Trace thin fossiliferous limestone layers with calcified fossils - Core diking into 5-10cm pieces - Medium soft (shale) and hard (limestone/siltstone) - Fractured	608.01						
609								
610								DGR6-609.95-AR
611	Shale - Dark grey shale with trace laminae to thin interbeds of limestone/siltstone - Fracture at 613.7, smooth, thin infilling of calcite on fracture surface - Shale is massive bedded - Trace fossils - Trace thin fossiliferous limestone layers with calcified fossils - Red/orange (calcite?) nodules at 612.2 and 613.7 - Core diking into 3-10cm pieces - Medium soft (shale) and hard (limestone/siltstone) - Fractured	611.06						
612								DGR6-612.38-AR
613								

Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
613								DGR6-613.43-PT
614		614.11					▲	DGR6-613.69-MN-SGS
615	Shale - Dark grey shale with trace laminae to thin interbeds of limestone/siltstone - Fracture at 615.2, rough, iron oxide staining and infilling - Shale is massive bedded - Trace fossils - Core diking into 3-10cm pieces - Medium soft (shale) and hard (limestone/siltstone) - Shattered to fractured	CR-145					▲	
616								
617		617.16						
618	Shale - Dark grey shale with trace laminae to thin interbeds of limestone/siltstone - Fracture at 618.1, rough - Shale is massive bedded - Trace fossils - Core diking into 3-10cm pieces - Medium soft (shale) and hard (limestone/siltstone) - Fractured	CR-146						
619								DGR6-619.46-AR
620		620.21						
621	Shale - Dark grey shale with trace laminae to thin interbeds of limestone/siltstone - Fracture at 621.9, grey discolouration with some offset of 0.2cm - Shale is massive bedded - Trace fossils - Trace thin fossiliferous limestone layers with calcified fossils - Core diking into 3-10cm pieces - Medium soft (shale) and hard (limestone/siltstone) - Fractured	CR-147					▲	
622								
623		623.26						
624	Shale - Dark grey shale with trace laminae to thin interbeds of limestone/siltstone - Shale is massive bedded - Trace fossils - Trace thin fossiliferous limestone layers with calcified fossils - Fossiliferous limestone with calcified fossils (Cephalopod?) at 625.4							

Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Core diking into 5-10cm pieces - Soft (shale) and hard to very hard (limestone/siltstone) - Fractured to blocky 	CR-148						DGR6-624.52-AR
625								
626		626.31						
627	<p>Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Dark grey shale with interbeds of limestone/siltstone - Fracture at 626.6, rough - Shale is massive bedded - Trace fossils - Trace thin fossiliferous limestone layers with calcified fossils - Core diking into 5-10cm pieces - Soft (shale) and hard (limestone/siltstone) - Fractured to blocky 	CR-149						
628								
629		629.36						
630	<p>Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Dark grey shale with interbeds of limestone/siltstone - Shale is massive bedded - Trace fossils - Trace thin fossiliferous limestone layers with calcified fossils - Core diking into 5-10cm pieces - Soft (shale) and hard (limestone/siltstone) - Fractured to blocky 	CR-150						DGR6-630.69-AR
631								
632		632.41						
633	<p>Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Dark grey shale with interbeds of limestone/siltstone - Two fractures at 633.5, and one at 633.6, all with slickensides - Shale is massive bedded - Trace fossils - Trace thin fossiliferous limestone layers with calcified fossils - Core diking into 5-10cm pieces and diking - Soft (shale) and hard (limestone/siltstone) - Shattered to blocky 	CR-151						
634								
635								

Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
636	Shale - Dark grey shale with trace laminae to thin interbeds of limestone/siltstone - Shale is massive bedded - Trace fossils - Fossiliferous limestone layer (8cm) at 636.8 with calcified fossils - Core diking into 2-10cm pieces - Soft (shale) and hard (limestone/siltstone) - Fractured	635.46 CR-152						
637	Shale - Dark grey shale with trace laminae to thin interbeds of limestone/siltstone - Shale is massive bedded - Trace fossils - Core diking into 5-10cm pieces - Soft (shale) and hard (limestone/siltstone) - Fractured	636.96 CR-153						
639	Shale - Dark grey shale with trace laminae to thin interbeds of limestone/siltstone - Fracture at 639.2, smooth and partially closed, fracture at 639.8, smooth - Shale is massive bedded, trace fossils - Vuggy fossiliferous 3cm-thick limestone layer with anhydrite infilling at 639.3 - Core diking into 1-10cm pieces and diking into crescent shaped pieces - Soft (shale) and hard (limestone/siltstone) - Shattered to fractured	638.51 CR-154						
641	Shale - Dark grey shale with trace laminae to medium interbeds of limestone - Shale is massive bedded - Trace fossils - Trace thin fossiliferous limestone layers with calcified fossils - Core diking into 2-10cm pieces - Soft (shale) and hard (limestone/siltstone) - Fractured to massive	640.01 CR-155						
642	Shale - Dark grey shale, massive bedded, core diking to 1-5cm pieces - Trace fossils, soft (shale) - Shattered	641.56 CR-156						
643	Shale - Dark grey shale with trace laminae to thin interbeds of limestone/siltstone - Shale is massive bedded - Soft to medium soft (shale) - Trace fossils - Trace thin bioclastic (gastropods and brachiopods) fossiliferous limestone layers with calcified fossils - Core diking into 2-10cm pieces - Shattered to fractured	642.16 CR-157						
645		645.16						DGR6-644.99-AR
646								

Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
647	Shale - Dark grey shale with trace thin interbeds of siltstone/limestone - Massive bedded - Core diking to 5-15cm pieces - Trace fossils (gastropods, brachiopods, bivalves, and crinoids) - Trace thin bioclastic (gastropods and brachiopods) fossiliferous limestone layers with calcified fossils - Soft to medium soft (shale) - Fractured	CR-158						DGR6-647.39-PT
648		648.16						
649	Shale - Dark grey shale with trace thin interbeds of siltstone/limestone - Fracture at 651.1, smooth, infilling is finely crystalline calcite - Massive bedded - Core diking to 5-15cm pieces (diking not as prevalent) - Trace fossils (gastropods, brachiopods, bivalves, and crinoids) - Trace thin bioclastic (gastropods and brachiopods) fossiliferous limestone layers with calcified fossils - Soft to medium soft (shale) - Fractured	CR-159						DGR6-648.79-AR
650								
651	Shale - Dark grey/blue shale with trace laminae to thin interbeds of limestone/siltstone - Two smooth fractures at 651.2 with thin halite infilling - Fracture at 652.1, halite infilling - Shale is massive bedded - Trace fossils - Some core diking into 5-10cm pieces - Soft to medium soft (shale) and hard (limestone/siltstone) - Slight petroliferous odour - Fractured to blocky	651.16					 	DGR6-651.12-PW-UO
652								DGR6-651.52-AR
653		CR-160						
654	Shale - Dark grey/blue shale with trace laminae to thin interbeds of limestone/siltstone - Fracture at 654.6, smooth, halite infilling - Fracture at 655.2, smooth, halite infilling - Fracture at 655.5, smooth, halite infilling - Shale is massive bedded - Localized halite infillings - Trace fossils - Trace thin bioclastic (gastropods and brachiopods) fossiliferous limestone layers with calcified fossils - Core diking into 5-10cm pieces - Soft to medium soft (shale) and hard to very hard (limestone/siltstone) - Fractured to blocky	654.16						DGR6-654.58-MN-SGS
655		CR-161					 	DGR6-656.24-AR
656		657.16						
657								

Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
658	Shale - Dark grey/blue shale with trace laminae to thin interbeds of limestone/siltstone - Shale is massive bedded - Localized halite infillings - Trace fossils - Trace thin bioclastic (gastropods and brachiopods) fossiliferous limestone layers with calcified fossils - Less core diking into 5-10cm pieces - Soft to medium soft (shale) and hard to very hard (limestone/siltstone) - Fractured to blocky	CR-162						
659								DGR6-658.83-PW-UO
660								DGR6-659.17-PW-UO
660		660.16						DGR6-659.82-PW-UO
661	Shale - Dark grey soft to medium soft shale with trace to some fine-grained, hard, limestone/siltstone laminae - Shale is massive bedded - Slight sulfurous odour on freshly broken core - Fractured to blocky	CR-163						DGR6-660.39-AR
662								
663		663.16						
664	Shale - Dark grey soft to medium soft shale with trace fine-grained, hard, limestone/siltstone laminae - Shale is massive bedded - Fractured to blocky	CR-164						DGR6-664.31-MN-SGS
665								DGR6-664.58-PT
666		666.16						
667	Shale - Dark grey soft to medium soft shale with trace fine-grained, hard, limestone/siltstone laminae - Core diking into 5-15cm pieces - Shale is massive bedded - Fractured to blocky	CR-165						DGR6-667.04-AR
668								

Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
669	Shale - Dark grey soft to medium soft shale - Shale is massive bedded - Fractured	669.16 CR-166 669.26						
670	Shale - Dark grey soft to medium soft shale with trace fine-grained, hard, siltstone laminae - Core diking into 5-15cm pieces - Shale is massive bedded - Fractured to blocky	CR-167						DGR6-671.09-AR
672	Shale - Dark grey soft to medium soft shale with trace to some fine-grained, hard, limestone/siltstone laminae and thin beds - Core diking into 5-15cm pieces - Shale is massive bedded - Fractured to blocky	672.16						
673	Shale - Dark grey soft to medium soft shale with trace to some fine-grained, hard, limestone/siltstone laminae and thin beds - Core diking into 5-15cm pieces - Shale is massive bedded - Fractured to blocky	CR-168						
675	Shale - Dark grey soft to medium soft shale with trace to some fine-grained, hard, limestone/siltstone laminae and thin beds - Core diking into 5-15cm pieces - Sedimentary loading feature at 675.8 - Shale is massive bedded - Fractured to blocky	675.16						
676	Shale - Dark grey soft to medium soft shale with trace to some fine-grained, hard, limestone/siltstone laminae and thin beds - Core diking into 5-15cm pieces - Sedimentary loading feature at 675.8 - Shale is massive bedded - Fractured to blocky	CR-169						DGR6-676.32-AR
677								
678		678.16						
679								

Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
680	Shale - Dark grey soft to medium soft shale with trace to some fine-grained, hard, limestone/siltstone laminae and thin beds - Trace fossils (crinoids and bryozoans) - Fracture at 680.3, smooth, 75mm-thick, infilled with white/translucent halite - Shale is massive bedded - Fractured to blocky	CR-170					▲	DGR6-680.25-PW-UO
681	Shale - Dark grey soft to medium soft shale with trace to some fine-grained, hard, limestone/siltstone laminae - Trace fossils (crinoids and bryozoans) - Core dinking into 5-10cm pieces - Abundant drilling (core wear) on core surface below 683.3 - Shale is massive bedded - Fractured	681.16						DGR6-681.13-AR
682		CR-171						
683		684.16						
684		684.68					DGR6-684.51-AR	
685	Blue Mountain Formation - Green/blue to blue/grey to grey with depth, fossiliferous shale interbedded with siltstone and fossiliferous limestone in upper part of formation - Grey to dark grey shale with petroliferous odour and trace siltstone laminae	CR-172						
686	Shale - Dark grey soft to medium soft shale with trace to some fine-grained, hard, limestone (fossiliferous)/siltstone laminae and thin beds - Some fossils (crinoids) - Core dinking into 5-30cm pieces - Shale is massive bedded - Fractured to blocky	687.16					DGR6-687.68-AR	
687		CR-173						
688	Shale - Dark grey soft to medium soft shale with trace to some fine-grained, hard, limestone/siltstone laminae - Some fossils - Shale is massive bedded - Fractured to blocky	690.16						
689								
690								

Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
691	Shale - Dark grey soft to medium soft shale with trace to some fine-grained, hard, limestone (fossiliferous)/siltstone laminae and thin beds - Some fossils - Shale is massive bedded - Fractured to blocky	CR-174						DGR6-691.32-AR
692		693.16						
693	Shale - Dark grey soft to medium soft shale with trace to some fine-grained, hard, limestone (fossiliferous)/siltstone laminae - Four smooth halite infilled fractures at 693.9, 694.4, 695.6, 695.8 - Core dinking into 5-10cm pieces - Some fossils (crinoids) - Shale is massive bedded - Fractured to blocky	CR-175						DGR6-694.49-GM-CAN
694		696.16						DGR6-694.79-PW-UO
695		696.16						DGR6-696.27-AR
696	Shale - Dark grey soft to medium soft shale with trace to some fine-grained, hard, limestone (fossiliferous)/siltstone laminae and thin beds - Some fossils (crinoids and bivalves) - Shale is massive bedded - Core dinking into 5-10cm pieces - Two parallel smooth and halite infilled at 697.4 and 697.7 - Abundant drilling (core wear) on core surface below 698.8 - Fractured to blocky	CR-176						DGR6-697.67-MN-SGS
697		699.16						DGR6-699.62-PT
698		699.16						
699	Shale - Dark grey soft to medium soft shale with trace fine-grained, hard, limestone (slightly fossiliferous)/siltstone laminae and thin beds - Some fossils (crinoids and bivalves) - Core dinking - Shale is massive bedded - Blocky	CR-177						
700								
701								

Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID					
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	DGR6-701.36-AR					
702	<p>Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Dark grey soft to medium soft shale with trace limestone/siltstone laminae and thin beds - Fracture at 702.7, smooth/rough with some anhydrite infilling - Fracture at 703.1, closed fracture - Fracture at 703.1, smooth - Two smooth fractures with oxide coating at 703.2, and 703.4 (calcite infilling) - Shale is massive bedded - Blocky 	702.16											
703		CR-178											
704		705.16						CR-179					
705	<p>Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Dark grey soft to medium soft shale with trace limestone/siltstone laminae and thin beds - Fracture at 705.6, rough, halite infilled - Fracture at 706.4, rough, infilled with orange/red calcite and offset 0.3cm - Shale is massive bedded - Fractured to blocky 	705.16											
706		CR-179											
707	<p>Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Dark grey soft to medium soft shale with trace limestone/siltstone laminae - Shale is massive bedded - Blocky 	708.16											
708		CR-180											DGR6-708.95-AR
709		711.16											
710		711.16											
711		712.16											
712		712.16											

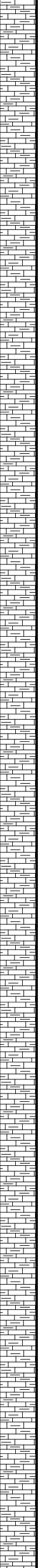
Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID	
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90		
713	Shale - Dark grey soft to medium soft shale with trace limestone/siltstone laminae and thin beds - Shale is massive bedded - Bituminous - Blocky	CR-181							
714		714.16							
715	Shale - Dark grey soft to medium soft shale with trace limestone/siltstone laminae and thin beds - Shale is massive bedded - Blocky	CR-182							DGR6-715.71-AR
716		717.16							DGR6-717.68-PT
717	Shale - Dark grey soft to medium soft shale with trace limestone/siltstone laminae and thin beds - Shale is massive bedded - Blocky	CR-183						DGR6-717.97-MN-SGS	
718		720.16							
719	Shale - Dark grey soft to medium soft shale with trace limestone/siltstone laminae and thin beds - Core dinking into 1-10cm pieces - Shale is massive bedded - Blocky	CR-184							
720		723.16							
721	Shale								

Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
724	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Dark grey soft to medium soft shale - Shale is massive bedded - Blocky 	CR-185						DGR6-723.67-AR
725		CR-185						
726		726.16						DGR6-726.01-AR
727	<p>Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Dark grey soft to medium soft shale - Fossiliferous - Petroliferous odour - Shale is massive bedded - Blocky 	CR-186						
728		CR-186						
729		729.16						
730	<p>Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Dark grey soft to medium soft shale - Fossiliferous - Petroliferous odour - Shale is massive bedded - Blocky 	CR-187						DGR6-729.74-AR
731		CR-187						
732		732.16						
733	<p>Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Dark grey soft to medium soft shale - Fossiliferous - Petroliferous odour - Shale is massive bedded - Blocky 	CR-188						DGR6-732.74-AR
734		CR-188						

Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID	
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90		
735	<p>Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Dark grey soft to medium soft shale - Fossiliferous - Petroliferous odour - Shale is massive bedded - Blocky <p>Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Dark grey to brown shale with some laminated to thin very fine to medium-grained, very hard, argillaceous limestone with semi-nodular texture - Moderately fossiliferous (brachiopods, crinoids, and other fossil fragments) - Massive 	735.16						DGR6-735.40-MN-SGS	
736		CR-189						DGR6-736.57-PT	
737								DGR6-737.65-AR	
738		738.16							
		738.25							
739	<p>Cobourg Formation - Collingwood Member</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Dark grey to black calcareous shale interbedded with grey fossiliferous and argillaceous limestone <p>Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Dark grey to brown shale with some laminated to thin very fine to medium-grained, very hard, argillaceous limestone with semi-nodular texture, moderately fossiliferous (brachiopods, crinoids, and other fossil fragments), solid 	739.76	CR-190						
740	<p>Interbedded Shale and Argillaceous Limestone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Gradational contact starting at 739.3 - Thin to medium bedded dark brown calcareous shale interbedded with thin to medium bedded, light grey/brown, fossiliferous, argillaceous limestone - Trace bioturbated layers - Massive 								
741		741.16							
742	<p>Interbedded Shale and Argillaceous Limestone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Thin to medium bedded dark brown calcareous shale interbedded with thin to thickly bedded, light grey/brown, fossiliferous, argillaceous limestone - Trace bioturbated layers - Massive 			CR-191					DGR6-741.79-AR
743									DGR6-742.79-AR
744	<p>Interbedded Shale and Argillaceous Limestone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Thin to medium bedded dark brown calcareous shale interbedded with thin to medium bedded, light grey/brown, fossiliferous, argillaceous limestone - Trace bioturbated layers - Massive 								
745		744.16							

Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
746		746.06	CR-192					
	Cobourg Formation - Lower Member							
	- Mottled light grey, very fine to coarse-grained, very hard, fossiliferous, argillaceous limestone							
747	Argillaceous Limestone - Sharp contact at 746.1 - Mottled light grey to grey, very fine-grained, very hard, argillaceous limestone	747.16						DGR6-747.54-PW-UO
	- Some irregular, calcareous, medium soft, dark grey shale laminated to thin beds							DGR6-747.74-AR
748	- Fossiliferous - Semi-nodular to nodular texture - Massive							DGR6-747.99-GM-CAN
	Argillaceous Limestone - Mottled light grey - Very fine-grained - Very hard		CR-193					
749	- Fossiliferous - Argillaceous - Semi-nodular to nodular texture - Massive							
	Argillaceous Limestone - Mottled light grey - Very fine-grained - Very hard	750.16						DGR6-750.55-PT
750	- Fossiliferous - Argillaceous - Semi-nodular to nodular texture - Massive							DGR6-750.80-MN-SGS
	Argillaceous Limestone - Mottled light grey - Very fine-grained - Very hard		CR-194					
751	- Fossiliferous - Argillaceous - Semi-nodular to nodular texture - Massive							DGR6-751.68-AR
	Argillaceous Limestone - Mottled light grey - Very fine-grained - Very hard	753.16						
752	- Fossiliferous - Argillaceous - Semi-nodular to nodular texture - 2cm-diameter calcite nodule - Massive							
	Argillaceous Limestone - Mottled light grey		CR-195					
753								DGR6-755.19-GM-CAN
								DGR6-755.43-PW-UO
754								
755								
756		756.16						

Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
757	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Very fine-grained - Very hard - Fossiliferous - Argillaceous - Semi-nodular to nodular texture - Trace calcite veins and thin layers - Massive 	CR-196						
758								DGR6-758.01-AR
759		759.16						
760	<p>Argillaceous Limestone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Mottled light grey - Very fine-grained - Very hard - Fossiliferous - Argillaceous - Semi-nodular to nodular texture - Massive 	CR-197						
761								
762		762.16						DGR6-761.76-MN-SGS
762								DGR6-762.01-PT
763	<p>Argillaceous Limestone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Mottled light grey - Very fine-grained - Very hard - Fossiliferous - Argillaceous - Semi-nodular to nodular texture - Massive 	CR-198						DGR6-762.40-AR
764								DGR6-763.83-AR
765		765.16						
766	<p>Argillaceous Limestone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Mottled light grey - Very fine-grained - Very hard - Slightly fossiliferous - Argillaceous - Petroliferous odour freshly broken core - Semi-nodular to nodular texture - Massive 	CR-199						DGR6-765.50-PW-UO
767								

Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
768	Argillaceous Limestone - Mottled light grey - Very fine-grained - Very hard - Fossiliferous - Argillaceous - Semi-nodular to nodular texture - Massive	768.16						DGR6-768.08-PW-UO
								DGR6-768.31-PT
								DGR6-768.58-MN-SGS
769								
770	Argillaceous Limestone - Mottled light grey - Very fine-grained - Very hard - Fossiliferous - Argillaceous - Semi-nodular to nodular texture - Massive							
771		771.16						
772								
773	Argillaceous Limestone - Mottled light grey - Very fine-grained - Very hard - Fossiliferous - Argillaceous - Semi-nodular to nodular texture - Some calcite nodules - Massive							
774		774.16						
775								
776	Argillaceous Limestone - Mottled light grey - Very fine-grained - Very hard - Fossiliferous							
777		777.16						
778								





Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
779	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Argillaceous - Semi-nodular to nodular texture - Some calcite nodules - Massive 	R-203						
780	780.16	780.16						
	<u>Sherman Fall Formation</u>							
781	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grey, medium to coarse-grained to fine-grained with depth, fossiliferous, argillaceous limestone interbedded with grey/green shale; shale interbeds increase in abundance with depth 							
	Interbedded Argillaceous Limestone and Shale							
782	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grey limestone interbedded with dark grey/green shale laminae and thin beds - Limestone is fine to medium-grained, argillaceous, locally coarse-grained, bioclastic, and fossiliferous - Shale laminae and thin beds are abundant, locally contain limestone nodules and core breaks along shale beds/laminae - Trace calcite nodules - Massive 	CR-204						
783		783.16						
	Interbedded Argillaceous Limestone and Shale							
784	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grey limestone interbedded with dark grey/green shale laminae and thin beds - Limestone is fine to medium-grained, argillaceous, locally coarse-grained, bioclastic, and fossiliferous - Shale laminae and thin beds are abundant, locally contain limestone nodules and core breaks along shale beds/laminae - Trace calcite nodules - Massive 	CR-205						
785								
	Interbedded Argillaceous Limestone and Shale							
786	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grey limestone interbedded with dark grey/green shale laminae and thin beds - Limestone is fine to medium-grained, argillaceous, locally coarse-grained, bioclastic, and fossiliferous - Shale laminae and thin beds are abundant, locally contain limestone nodules and core breaks along shale beds/laminae - Trace calcite nodules - Localized concentrated layer of calcite nodules at 787.4 - Massive 	CR-206						
787		786.16						
	Interbedded Argillaceous Limestone and Shale							
788	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grey limestone interbedded with dark grey/green shale laminae and thin beds 	CR-206						
789		789.16						
	Interbedded Argillaceous Limestone and Shale							
789	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grey limestone interbedded with dark grey/green shale laminae and thin beds 							

Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID	
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90		
790	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Limestone is fine to medium-grained, argillaceous, locally coarse-grained, bioclastic, and fossiliferous - Shale laminae and thin beds are abundant, and core breaks along shale beds/laminae - Trace calcite nodules - Massive 	CR-207							
791									
792		792.16							
793	<p>Interbedded Argillaceous Limestone and Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grey limestone interbedded with dark grey/green shale laminae and thin beds - Limestone is fine to medium-grained, argillaceous, locally coarse-grained, bioclastic, and fossiliferous - Shale laminae and thin beds are abundant, and core breaks along shale beds/laminae - Trace calcite nodules - Some beds have mottled appearance - Massive 	CR-208							
794									
795		795.16							
796	<p>Interbedded Argillaceous Limestone and Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Fracture at 796.9, smooth - Grey limestone interbedded with dark grey/green shale laminae and thin beds - Limestone is fine to medium-grained, argillaceous, locally coarse-grained, bioclastic, and fossiliferous - Shale laminae and thin beds are abundant, and core breaks along shale beds/laminae - Trace calcite nodules - Some beds have mottled appearance - Massive 	CR-209							
797									
798		798.16							
799	<p>Interbedded Argillaceous Limestone and Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Fractures at 798.9, 799.7 and 800.9, smooth - Mottled, grey, fine to medium-grained, thin to medium bedded, fossiliferous, hard argillaceous limestone, locally coarse-grained and bioclastic - Mottled, dark grey/green, irregular, medium soft, fossiliferous shale laminae and thin beds - Blocky to Massive 	CR-210							
800									

Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
801	<p>Interbedded Argillaceous Limestone and Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Fractures at 798.9, 799.7 and 800.9, smooth - Mottled, grey, fine to medium-grained, thin to medium bedded, fossiliferous, hard argillaceous limestone, locally coarse-grained and bioclastic - Mottled, dark grey/green, irregular, medium soft, fossiliferous shale laminae and thin beds - Petroliferous odour - Blocky to Massive 	801.16						
802		CR-211						
803								
804	<p>Interbedded Argillaceous Limestone and Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Halite or gypsum-infilled fracture at 807.0, rough - Grey, fine to coarse-grained, thinly bedded, fossiliferous, hard argillaceous limestone, locally coarse-grained and bioclastic - Dark grey, irregular/mottled/planar medium soft shale laminae and thin beds - Petroliferous odour - Blocky 	804.16						
805		CR-212						
806								
807	<p>Interbedded Argillaceous Limestone and Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grey, fine to medium-grained, mottled, thinly bedded, fossiliferous, hard argillaceous limestone, locally coarse-grained and bioclastic - Dark grey, irregular/mottled/planar medium soft shaley laminae to medium bedded - Trace bioclastic beds - Blocky to massive 	807.16						
808		CR-213						
809								
810	<p>Interbedded Argillaceous Limestone and Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grey, fine to medium-grained, mottled, thinly bedded, fossiliferous, hard argillaceous limestone, locally coarse-grained and bioclastic - Dark grey, irregular/mottled/planar medium soft shale laminae to thinly bedded - Shale beds locally contain carbonate clasts and nodules - Trace bioclastic beds - Blocky 	810.16						
811		CR-214						

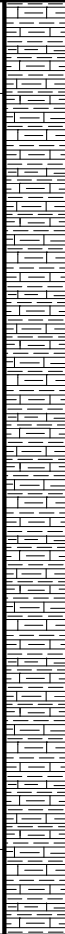
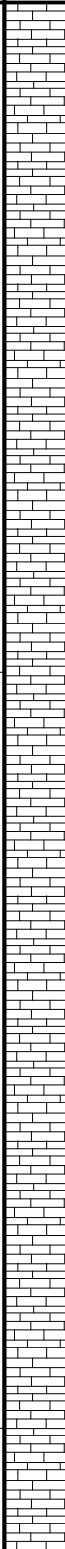
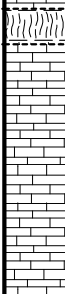
Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0----- 90	
812		CR-214						
813		813.16						
814	<p>Interbedded Argillaceous Limestone and Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grey, fine to medium-grained, mottled, thinly bedded, fossiliferous, hard argillaceous limestone, locally coarse-grained and bioclastic - Dark grey, irregular/mottled/planar medium soft shale laminae to thinly bedded - Shale beds locally contain carbonate clasts and nodules - Trace bioclastic beds - Blocky 	814.66						
815	<p><u>Kirkfield Formation</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grey, fine to medium-grained, argillaceous, fossiliferous limestone interbedded and dark grey/green shale 	CR-215						
816		816.16						
817	<p>Interbedded Argillaceous Limestone and Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grey, fine to medium-grained, mottled, thinly bedded, fossiliferous, hard argillaceous limestone, locally coarse-grained and bioclastic - Dark grey, irregular/mottled/planar medium soft shale laminae to thinly bedded - Shale beds locally contain carbonate clasts and nodules - Trace bioclastic beds - Blocky to massive 	CR-216						
818		CR-216						
819		819.16						
820	<p>Interbedded Argillaceous Limestone and Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grey, fine to medium-grained, mottled, thinly bedded, fossiliferous, hard argillaceous limestone, locally coarse-grained and bioclastic - Dark grey, irregular/mottled/planar medium soft shale laminae to thinly bedded - Shale beds locally contain trace carbonate clasts and nodules - Trace bioclastic beds - Blocky to massive 	CR-217						
821		CR-217						
822		822.16						
821	<p>Interbedded Argillaceous Limestone and Shale</p>							

Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
823	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Fractures at 823.0, and 823.7, smooth - Grey, fine to medium-grained, mottled, thinly bedded, trace fossiliferous, hard argillaceous limestone, locally coarse-grained - Dark grey, irregular/mottled/planar medium soft shale laminae to thinly bedded - Shale beds locally contain trace carbonate clasts and nodules - Blocky to massive 	CR-218					▼ ▼	
824		825.16						
825	<p>Interbedded Argillaceous Limestone and Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grey, fine to medium-grained, mottled, thinly to medium bedded, trace fossiliferous, hard argillaceous limestone, locally coarse-grained - Dark grey, irregular/mottled/planar medium soft shale laminae to thinly bedded - Trace calcite nodules - Blocky to massive 	CR-219						
826		828.16						
827	<p>Interbedded Argillaceous Limestone and Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grey, fine to medium-grained, mottled, thinly bedded, trace fossiliferous, hard argillaceous limestone, locally coarse-grained - Dark grey, irregular/mottled/planar medium soft shale laminae to thinly bedded - Petroliferous odour - Blocky to massive 	CR-220						
828		831.16						
829		CR-221						
830	<p>Interbedded Argillaceous Limestone and Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grey, fine to medium-grained, mottled, thinly bedded, trace fossiliferous, hard argillaceous limestone, locally coarse-grained - Dark grey, irregular/mottled/planar medium soft shale laminae to thinly bedded - Blocky to massive 	CR-221						
831		CR-221						
832		CR-221						
833								

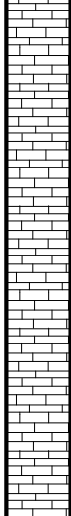

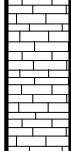
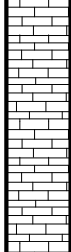
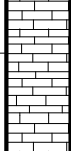
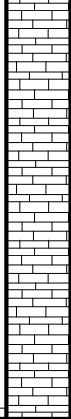
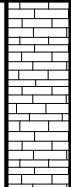
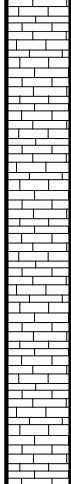
Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
834	Interbedded Argillaceous Limestone and Shale - Grey, fine to medium-grained, mottled, thinly bedded, trace fossiliferous, hard argillaceous limestone, locally coarse-grained - Dark grey, irregular/mottled/planar medium soft shale laminae to thinly bedded - Blocky to massive	834.16						
835		CR-222						
836								
837	Interbedded Argillaceous Limestone and Shale - Grey, fine to medium-grained, mottled, thinly bedded, trace fossiliferous, hard argillaceous limestone, locally coarse-grained - Bioturbated - Dark grey, irregular/mottled/planar medium soft shale laminae to thinly bedded - Blocky to massive	837.16						
838		CR-223						
839								
840	Interbedded Argillaceous Limestone and Shale - Grey, fine to medium-grained, mottled, thinly bedded, trace fossiliferous, hard argillaceous limestone, locally coarse-grained - Bioturbated - Dark grey, irregular/mottled/planar medium soft shale laminae to thinly bedded - Blocky to massive	840.16						
841		CR-224						
842								
843	Interbedded Argillaceous Limestone and Shale - Grey, fine to medium-grained, mottled, thinly bedded, trace fossiliferous, hard argillaceous limestone, locally coarse-grained - Bioturbated - Dark grey, irregular/mottled/planar medium soft shale laminae to thinly bedded - Blocky to massive	843.16						
844		CR-22						

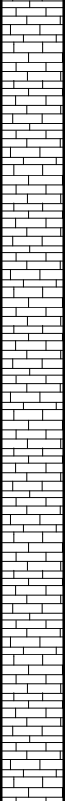
Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:30m		5		100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
845								
846	Interbedded Argillaceous Limestone and Shale - Grey, fine to medium-grained, mottled, thinly bedded, trace fossiliferous, hard argillaceous limestone, locally coarse-grained - Bioturbated - Dark grey, irregular/mottled/planar medium soft shale laminae to thinly bedded - Blocky to massive	846.16						
847								
848			CR-226					
849	Interbedded Argillaceous Limestone and Shale - Grey, fine to medium-grained, mottled, thinly bedded, trace fossiliferous, hard argillaceous limestone, locally coarse-grained - Bioturbated - Dark grey, irregular/mottled/planar medium soft shale laminae to medium bedded - Increase in shale content below 850.8 - Blocky to massive	849.16						
850								
851			CR-227					
852	Interbedded Argillaceous Limestone and Shale - Grey, fine to medium-grained, mottled, thinly bedded, trace fossiliferous, hard argillaceous limestone, locally coarse-grained - Trace bioturbation - Dark grey, irregular/mottled/planar medium soft shale laminae to thickly bedded Dark grey/black 15cm-thick shale layer with petroliferous odour - Blocky to massive	852.16						
853								
854			CR-228					
855		855.16						
	Interbedded Argillaceous Limestone and Shale							

Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
856	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grey, fine to medium-grained, mottled, thinly bedded, trace fossiliferous, hard argillaceous limestone, locally coarse-grained - Bioturbated - Dark grey, irregular/mottled/planar medium soft shale laminae to thinly bedded - Strongly petroliferous 857.0-857.4 - Blocky to massive 	CR-229						
857							▲	
858		858.16						
859	<p>Interbedded Argillaceous Limestone and Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grey, fine to medium-grained, mottled, thinly to medium bedded, trace fossiliferous, hard argillaceous limestone, locally coarse-grained - Bioturbated - Dark grey, irregular/mottled/planar medium soft shale laminae to thinly bedded - Strongly petroliferous 858.7 - Blocky to massive 	CR-230						
860								
861								
862	<p>Interbedded Argillaceous Limestone and Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grey, fine to medium-grained, mottled, thinly bedded, trace fossiliferous, hard argillaceous limestone, locally coarse-grained - Dark grey, irregular/mottled/planar medium soft shale thinly to medium bedded from 861.2-863.2 - Sharp transition to a bioturbated/mottled argillaceous limestone at 863.2 - Sharp contact at 863.6 of a light grey, fine to medium-grained limestone, trace stylolites, trace bioclastic layers, trace fossils, no shale content and extends to end of core run - Blocky to massive 	861.16						
863								
864	<p>Interbedded Argillaceous Limestone and Shale</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grey, fine to medium-grained, mottled, thinly to medium bedded, trace fossiliferous, hard argillaceous limestone, locally coarse-grained - Bioturbated - Dark grey, irregular/mottled/planar medium soft shale laminae to thinly bedded - 0.5cm-thick calcite infilled vugs at 864.6, 865.1 - Blocky to massive - Fractured to blocky 	864.16						
865		CR-232						
866								

Depth (mLBSGS) 1m:30m	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBSGS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
867 868 869 870	<p>Interbedded Argillaceous Limestone and Shale - Grey, fine to medium-grained, mottled, thinly to medium bedded, trace fossiliferous, hard argillaceous limestone, locally coarse-grained - Dark grey, irregular/mottled/planar medium soft shale laminae to thinly bedded to 868.4 - Gradual transition at 868.4 to end of core run to a bioturbated, irregular, disturbed and mottled limestone with trace amounts of dark grey shale - localized vugs and pits at 868.9 core run, calcite infilling - Blocky to massive</p> <p>Interbedded Argillaceous Limestone and Shale - Mottled light grey to tan limestone, slightly bioturbated, disturbed with trace amounts of dark grey shale - Blocky</p>	867.16 870.16		100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
871 872 873 874 875 876	<p>Coboconk Formation - Tan to grey, dominantly fine-grained with subordinate medium and coarse-grained beds, locally petroliferous limestone with bituminous shale</p> <p>Limestone - Yellow/tan limestone with dark grey/black shale - Some stylolites from 870.5-871.4 - Gradational transition at 871.4 to a medium grey, fine-grained, laminated to medium bedded limestone with laminated thin dark grey shale bedding that are locally bioturbated and slightly fossiliferous - Localized calcite and gypsum infilled veins, pitting and vugs - Trace to some stylolites, hard, blocky to massive</p> <p>Limestone - Grey/light grey fossiliferous limestone, hard, laminated with dark grey/black laminated locally bioturbated and slightly fossiliferous medium soft shale - Mottled/disturbed shale parting below 874.7 are increasingly grey/brown - Moderately stylolitic - 2cm diameter vug at 874.7 infilled with calcite - Very fine to fine-grained - Moderately pitted to vuggy throughout with calcite infilling - Hard - Massive</p>	870.50 873.16 876.16						
877	<p>Marker Bed, - Volcanic ash layer</p> <p>Limestone</p>	876.67 876.81						

Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
878	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Light grey to light tan - Laminated to thin to disturbed bedding (bioturbated) - Very fine to fine-grained - Slightly fossiliferous - Some dark grey/brown shale beds and laminae - Moderately pitted with calcite infilling - Hard - Massive 							
879		879.16						
880	<p>Limestone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grey - Laminated to thin to disturbed bedding (bioturbated) - Very fine to fine-grained - Slightly fossiliferous - Some dark grey/brown shale beds and laminae - Moderately pitted with calcite infilling - Trace stylolites - Trace tan/brown limestone clasts at 880.2 - Hard - Massive 	CR-237						
881								
882	<p>Limestone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grey to tan - Laminated to thin to disturbed bedding (bioturbated) - Very fine to fine-grained - Slightly fossiliferous - Trace oolites - Trace bioclasts - Some dark grey/brown shale beds and laminae - Moderately pitted with calcite infilling - 4cm-longX1cm-thick, clear and effervescent calcite infilled vug at 883.7 - Mottled tan/brown chert layer 1 cm thick at 884.9 - Slightly petroliferous at 884.7-884.9 - Hard - Massive 	CR-238						
883								
884								
885								
886	<p>Limestone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grey to tan, laminated to thin to disturbed bedding (bioturbated), very fine to fine-grained, slightly fossiliferous, trace oolites, trace bioclasts - Some dark grey/brown shale beds and laminae - Transition to grey fine to medium-grained limestone mottled with black bituminous limestone at 887.2-887.9 - Moderately pitted with calcite infilling - Petroliferous throughout core - Abundant stylolites from 885.5-887.1 - Calcite infilled vug at 886.8 - Dark grey/brown, fine-grained, strongly petroliferous, abundantly pitted, bioclastic, mottled porous limestone below 887.9, hard, massive 	CR-239						
887		887.99						
888	<p>Marker Bed, - Tan to brown dolostone between 888.0-888.1</p>	888.09						
		888.16						

Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
889	<p>Limestone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Dark grey/brown, fine-grained, strongly petroliferous, abundantly pitted, bioclastic, mottled porous limestone transition at 888.4 into grey/dark grey mottled limestone - Abundant irregular and discontinuous shale laminae and blebs; locally produces mottled appearance where bioturbation has not destroyed bedding 	CR-240						
890	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Stylolites - Oolitic and bioclastic - Bituminous layers - Hard - Massive 							
891	<p>Limestone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grey/dark grey mottled limestone - Abundant irregular and discontinuous shale laminae and blebs; locally produces mottled appearance where bioturbation has not destroyed bedding 	891.16						
892	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Stylolites - Oolitic and bioclastic - Bituminous layers - Hard - Massive 	CR-241						
893								
894	<p>Limestone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Grey/dark grey mottled limestone - Abundant irregular and discontinuous shale laminae and blebs; locally produces mottled appearance where bioturbation has not destroyed bedding - Trace petroliferous odour 	894.16						
895	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Stylolites - Oolitic and bioclastic - Bituminous layers - Hard - Gradational decrease in mottled discontinuous shale laminae and blebs below 896.9 - Massive 	CR-242						
896								
897		897.20						
898	<p>Gull River Formation</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Light grey to grey to tan/brown with depth, very fine to medium-grained, locally bioturbated, fossiliferous and locally petroliferous limestone with brown and black shale laminae 							
899	<p>Limestone</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Light grey to dark grey with some tan grey sections - Laminated and mottled - Recemented tan limestone breccia from 897.2-897.4 - Calcite infilled vugs at 898.1, 898.2, 899.4 - Stylolites - Oolitic and bioclastic - Medium bed of non laminated limestone at 898.5 - Hard - Massive 	CR-243						

Depth (mLBS)	Stratigraphic Description	Core Run (mLBS)	Stratigraphy	Core Recovery	R.Q.D.	Nat. Frac. Freq.	Fracture Or.	Sample ID
1m:30m				100 % 0	100 % 0	0 /m 5	0 ----- 90	
900	Limestone - Light grey limestone with thin to medium tan interbeds - Gradational transition to a coarser grained limestone below 900.6 - Fine to coarse-grained - Shaley laminations - Petroliferous odour - Abundantly stylonitic	900.16						
901	- Strongly petroliferous at multiple locations throughout core - Gas releasing near vugs at 902.0- 902.2 - .2 metre thick tan limestone bed at 900.9 - Abundant stylolites - Natural fractures at 902.6, 902.9 - Hard - Massive							
902		CR-244						
903		903.16	903.16					
904								

Prepared by: MAM
 Checked by: KGR

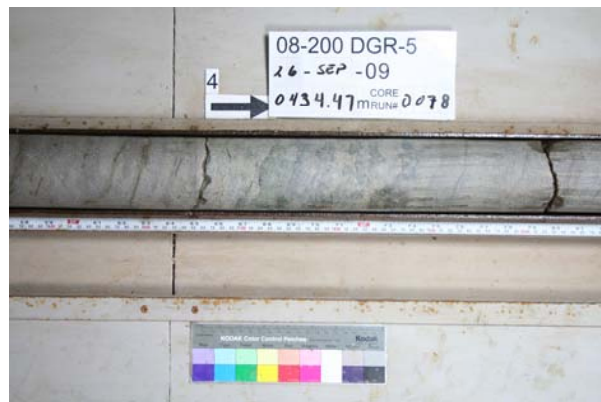
Doc. TR-09-01_DGR6_R0



APPENDIX E

Examples of Core Photography

- Figure E.1 Sequential Core Run Photos**
- Figure E.2 Close-up Photographs of Core Features**
- Figure E.3 Photographs of Core Sub-Samples**
- Figure E.4 Photographs of Filled Core Boxes**



**Example of Six Sequential Core Run Photos – DGR-5, Core Run 78 (434.47 to 437.52 mBGS)
Gasport Formation Dolomitic Limestone
Technical Report: TR-09-01 Drilling, Logging and Sampling of DGR-5 and DGR-6**

FIGURE E.1

TR-09-01_Fig E.1 Core Run Photos_R0.doc

Prepared by: DJR

Reviewed by: GDB

Date: Feb. 22, 2011





Salina Formation A2 Unit Carbonate – Anhydritic Dolostone DGR-5, CR040



Georgian Bay Formation – Interbedded Shale and Limestone with fossiliferous beds DGR-5, CR121



Cobourg Formation Collingwood Member – Argillaceous Limestone DGR-5, CR170



Salina Formation F Unit – Dolostone with Anhydrite/Gypsum veins DGR-6, CR013



Salina Formation A0 Unit – Bituminous Dolostone DGR-6, CR076



Coboconk Formation – Bioturbated Limestone DGR-6, CR238

Example of Close-up Photographs of Core Features
Technical Report: TR-09-01 Drilling, Logging and Sampling of DGR-5 and DGR-6

Prepared by: DJR

Reviewed by: GDB

Date: Feb. 22, 2011

FIGURE E.2

TR-09-01_Fig E.2 Core Close up Photos_R0.doc



Salina Formation A2 Unit Evaporite – Anhydritic Dolostone DGR-5, CR049



Goat Island Formation – Dolostone DGR-5, CR075



Kirkfield Formation – Interbedded Argillaceous Limestone and Shale DGR-5, CR200



Salina Formation B Unit – Brecciated Dolomitic Shale DGR-6, CR039



Fossil Hill Formation – Dolostone DGR-6, CR089



Manitoulin Formation – Cherty Dolostone DGR-6, CR103

Example Photographs of Core Sub-Samples
Technical Report: TR-09-01 Drilling, Logging and Sampling of DGR-5 and DGR-6

FIGURE E.3

TR-09-01_Fig E.3 Core Sub-Sample Photos_R0.doc

Prepared by: DJR

Reviewed by: GDB

Date: Feb. 22, 2011





Goat Island Formation – Dolostone DGR-5, CR076



Kirkfield Formation – Interbedded Argillaceous Limestone and Shale DGR-5, CR195



Salina Formation A2 Unit Carbonate – Dolostone DGR-6, CR057



Georgian Bay Formation – Shale DGR-6, CR160

Example of Photographs of Filled Core Boxes
Technical Report: TR-09-01 Drilling, Logging and Sampling of DGR-5 and DGR-6

Prepared by: DJR

Reviewed by: GDB

Date: Feb. 22, 2011

FIGURE E.4

TR-09-01_Fig E.4 Core Box Photos_R0.doc

APPENDIX F

Summary of Core Samples Collected from DGR-5 and DGR-6

Table F.1 Summary of Core Sample Collection by Depth for DGR-5

Table F.2 Summary of Core Sample Collection by Depth for DGR-6

Table F.1 Summary of Core Sample Collection by Depth for DGR-5

Sample ID	Core Run	Date Collected	Sample Length (cm)	Formation	Analysis - 1	Analysis - 2	Analysis - 3
DGR5-215.17	3	9-Sep-09	26	Salina F Unit	Archive		
DGR5-225.41	6	9-Sep-09	27	Salina F Unit	Archive		
DGR5-233.47	9	10-Sep-09	27	Salina F Unit	Archive		
DGR5-246.78	13	10-Sep-09	23	Salina E Unit	Archive		
DGR5-255.40	16	11-Sep-09	24	Salina E Unit	Archive		
DGR5-264.17	19	11-Sep-09	29	Salina C Unit	Archive		
DGR5-272.66	23	12-Sep-09	30	Salina B Unit	Archive		
DGR5-284.27	27	12-Sep-09	23	Salina B Unit	Archive		
DGR5-295.36	31	13-Sep-09	27	Salina B Unit	Archive		
DGR5-306.87	35	13-Sep-09	30	Salina B Unit	Archive		
DGR5-312.28	37	13-Sep-09	24	Salina B Unit	Archive		
DGR5-326.90	41	14-Sep-09	33	Salina A2 Unit	Archive		
DGR5-334.46	44	15-Sep-09	24	Salina A2 Unit	Archive		
DGR5-339.38	45	15-Sep-09	21	Salina A2 Unit	Archive		
DGR5-342.95	47	15-Sep-09	25	Salina A2 Unit	Archive		
DGR5-345.44	47	15-Sep-09	27	Salina A2 Unit	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR5-346.06	48	15-Sep-09	22	Salina A2 Unit	Archive		
DGR5-347.99	48	15-Sep-09	23	Salina A2 Unit	Archive		
DGR5-349.04	49	16-Sep-09	20	Salina A2 Unit	Archive		
DGR5-351.24	49	16-Sep-09	27	A2 Evaporite	Archive		
DGR5-352.08	50	16-Sep-09	22	A2 Evaporite	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR5-354.64	50	16-Sep-09	23	A2 Evaporite	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR5-356.43	51	16-Sep-09	30	Salina A1 Unit	Archive		
DGR5-356.89	51	16-Sep-09	24	Salina A1 Unit	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR5-358.01	52	16-Sep-09	19	Salina A1 Unit	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR5-358.99	52	16-Sep-09	22	Salina A1 Unit	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR5-361.64	53	16-Sep-09	21	Salina A1 Unit	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR5-364.50	54	17-Sep-09	26	Salina A1 Unit	Archive		
DGR5-368.20	55	17-Sep-09	18	Salina A1 Unit	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR5-378.16	58	19-Sep-09	23	Salina A1 Unit	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR5-378.78	58	19-Sep-09	22	Salina A1 Unit	Archive		
DGR5-387.21	61	19-Sep-09	26	Salina A1 Unit	Archive		
DGR5-395.43	65	24-Sep-09	20	Salina A1 Unit	Archive		
DGR5-406.36	68	25-Sep-09	20	Salina A0 Unit	Archive		
DGR5-407.22	69	25-Sep-09	19	Salina A0 Unit	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR5-410.29	70	25-Sep-09	21	Guelph	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR5-413.22	71	25-Sep-09	22	Guelph	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR5-413.57	71	25-Sep-09	15	Guelph	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR5-418.50	72	25-Sep-09	23	Goat Island	Archive		

Table F.1 Summary of Core Sample Collection by Depth for DGR-5

Sample ID	Core Run	Date Collected	Sample Length (cm)	Formation	Analysis - 1	Analysis - 2	Analysis - 3
DGR5-422.14	73	26-Sep-09	25	Goat Island	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR5-422.81	74	26-Sep-09	27	Goat Island	Archive		
DGR5-426.96	75	26-Sep-09	30	Goat Island	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR5-432.17	77	26-Sep-09	29.5	Goat Island	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR5-434.60	78	26-Sep-09	27	Gasport	Archive		
DGR5-440.13	79	27-Sep-09	23	Gasport	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR5-444.71	81	27-Sep-09	29	Lions Head	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR5-445.00	81	27-Sep-09	30	Lions Head	Archive		
DGR5-447.45	82	27-Sep-09	39	Fossil Hill	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR5-452.92	84	27-Sep-09	22	Cabot Head	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR5-455.00	84	27-Sep-09	30	Cabot Head	Archive		
DGR5-458.00	86	30-Sep-09	25	Cabot Head	Archive		
DGR5-460.12	87	6-Oct-09	20	Cabot Head	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR5-472.44	92	7-Oct-09	22	Cabot Head	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR5-472.66	92	7-Oct-09	22	Cabot Head	Archive		
DGR5-474.78	93	7-Oct-09	27	Manitoulin	Archive		
DGR5-477.42	93	7-Oct-09	26	Manitoulin	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR5-480.91	95	7-Oct-09	29	Manitoulin	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR5-485.37	96	7-Oct-09	26	Manitoulin	Archive		
DGR5-491.52	98	7-Oct-09	25	Queenston	Archive		
DGR5-497.24	100	8-Oct-09	28	Queenston	Archive		
DGR5-497.50	100	8-Oct-09	25	Queenston	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR5-497.78	100	8-Oct-09	30	Queenston	UNB - Porewater (NWMO)		
DGR5-503.51	102	13-Oct-09	25	Queenston	Archive		
DGR5-511.15	104	13-Oct-09	33	Queenston	Archive		
DGR5-513.92	105	14-Oct-09	32	Queenston	UNB - Porewater (NWMO)		
DGR5-514.22	105	14-Oct-09	27	Queenston	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR5-516.18	106	14-Oct-09	27	Queenston	Archive		
DGR5-520.36	107	14-Oct-09	22	Queenston	Archive		
DGR5-525.57	109	14-Oct-09	24	Queenston	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR5-525.81	109	14-Oct-09	24	Queenston	UNB - Porewater (NWMO)		
DGR5-531.17	111	15-Oct-90	17	Queenston	Archive		
DGR5-539.55	114	15-Oct-09	24	Queenston	Archive		
DGR5-545.00	116	16-Oct-09	24	Queenston	Archive		
DGR5-548.02	117	16-Oct-09	24	Queenston	Archive		
DGR5-548.31	117	16-Oct-09	34	Queenston	Archive		
DGR5-551.07	118	16-Oct-09	24	Queenston	Archive		
DGR5-555.15	119	16-Oct-09	19	Queenston	Archive		
DGR5-557.44	120	16-Oct-09	22	Queenston	UNB - Porewater (NWMO)		
DGR5-557.65	120	16-Oct-09	20	Queenston	U of O - Pore Water		

Table F.1 Summary of Core Sample Collection by Depth for DGR-5

Sample ID	Core Run	Date Collected	Sample Length (cm)	Formation	Analysis - 1	Analysis - 2	Analysis - 3
DGR5-561.88	121	16-Oct-09	24	Geogian Bay	Archive		
DGR5-564.96	122	16-Oct-09	20	Geogian Bay	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR5-565.17	122	16-Oct-09	20	Geogian Bay	UNB - Porewater (NWMO)		
DGR5-567.72	123	16-Oct-09	30	Geogian Bay	Archive		
DGR5-573.83	125	17-Oct-09	20	Geogian Bay	Archive		
DGR5-578.82	127	17-Oct-09	23	Geogian Bay	Archive		
DGR5-583.40	128	17-Oct-09	18	Geogian Bay	SGS - SEM / EDS	SGS - Litho geochemistry	SGS - XRD & Petrography
DGR5-583.69	128	17-Oct-09	19	Geogian Bay	Core Labs - Petrophysics		
DGR5-584.98	129	18-Oct-09	26	Geogian Bay	Archive		
DGR5-590.07	130	18-Oct-09	18	Geogian Bay	Archive		
DGR5-595.62	132	18-Oct-09	22	Geogian Bay	Archive		
DGR5-598.13	133	18-Oct-09	30	Geogian Bay	UNB - Porewater (NWMO)		
DGR5-598.37	133	18-Oct-09	19	Geogian Bay	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR5-600.31	134	19-Oct-09	24	Geogian Bay	Archive		
DGR5-605.55	135	19-Oct-09	20	Geogian Bay	SGS - XRD & Petrography	SGS - SEM / EDS	SGS - Litho geochemistry
DGR5-605.98	136	19-Oct-09	17	Geogian Bay	Archive		
DGR5-612.31	138	19-Oct-09	16	Geogian Bay	Core Labs - Petrophysics		
DGR5-612.62	138	19-Oct-09	19	Geogian Bay	Archive		
DGR5-618.93	140	19-Oct-09	23	Geogian Bay	Archive		
DGR5-623.03	141	19-Oct-09	24	Geogian Bay	Archive		
DGR5-624.95	142	19-Oct-09	32	Geogian Bay	UNB - Porewater (NWMO)		
DGR5-625.23	142	19-Oct-09	24	Geogian Bay	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR5-630.00	143	19-Oct-09	17	Geogian Bay	Archive		
DGR5-635.16	145	20-Oct-09	23	Geogian Bay	Archive		
DGR5-640.13	147	21-Oct-09	19	Geogian Bay	Archive		
DGR5-643.19	148	21-Oct-09	22	Geogian Bay	Core Labs - Petrophysics		
DGR5-645.16	148	21-Oct-09	19	Geogian Bay	SGS - XRD & Petrography	SGS - Litho geochemistry	SGS - SEM / EDS
DGR5-646.44	149	21-Oct-09	20	Geogian Bay	Archive		
DGR5-649.27	150	21-Oct-09	28	Geogian Bay	UNB - Porewater (NWMO)		
DGR5-649.51	150	21-Oct-09	20	Geogian Bay	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR5-651.02	150	21-Oct-09	18	Geogian Bay	Archive		
DGR5-652.62	151	21-Oct-09	17	Geogian Bay	Canmet - Direct Shear		
DGR5-654.80	152	21-Oct-09	24	Blue Mountain	Archive		
DGR5-656.52	152	21-Oct-09	36	Blue Mountain	Canmet - Direct Shear		
DGR5-660.20	153	22-Oct-09	20	Blue Mountain	Archive		
DGR5-664.97	155	22-Oct-09	22	Blue Mountain	Archive		
DGR5-668.28	156	22-Oct-09	22	Blue Mountain	Archive		
DGR5-671.30	157	22-Oct-09	20	Blue Mountain	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR5-671.55	157	22-Oct-09	30	Blue Mountain	UNB - Porewater (NWMO)		
DGR5-673.37	158	22-Oct-09	21	Blue Mountain	Archive		

Table F.1 Summary of Core Sample Collection by Depth for DGR-5

Sample ID	Core Run	Date Collected	Sample Length (cm)	Formation	Analysis - 1	Analysis - 2	Analysis - 3
DGR5-677.25	159	22-Oct-09	21	Blue Mountain	SGS - XRD & Petrography	SGS - SEM / EDS	SGS - Litho geochemistry
DGR5-678.52	159	22-Oct-09	20	Blue Mountain	Core Labs - Petrophysics		
DGR5-679.63	160	23-Oct-09	23	Blue Mountain	Archive		
DGR5-683.35	161	23-Oct-09	26	Blue Mountain	UNB - Porewater (NWMO)		
DGR5-683.57	161	23-Oct-09	17.5	Blue Mountain	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR5-685.80	162	23-Oct-90	30	Blue Mountain	Canmet - Direct Shear		
DGR5-687.42	162	23-Oct-09	22	Blue Mountain	Archive		
DGR5-688.64	163	23-Oct-09	27	Blue Mountain	Archive		
DGR5-692.35	165	23-Oct-09	23	Blue Mountain	SGS - XRD & Petrography	SGS - SEM / EDS	SGS - Litho geochemistry
DGR5-693.47	165	23-Oct-09	23	Blue Mountain	Archive		
DGR5-695.00	166	23-Oct-09	22	Blue Mountain	Core Labs - Petrophysics		
DGR5-696.13	166	23-Oct-09	24	Blue Mountain	Archive		
DGR5-697.54	167	23-Oct-09	18	Blue Mountain	Core Labs - Petrophysics		
DGR5-697.85	167	23-Oct-09	20	Blue Mountain	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR5-698.10	167	23-Oct-09	30	Blue Mountain	UNB - Porewater (NWMO)		
DGR5-698.77	167	23-Oct-09	35	Blue Mountain	Canmet - Direct Shear		
DGR5-699.49	167	23-Oct-09	20	Blue Mountain	SGS - Litho geochemistry	SGS - SEM / EDS	SGS - XRD & Petrography
DGR5-700.70	168	4-Feb-10	26	Cobourg - Collingwood	Canmet - Direct Shear		
DGR5-701.28	168	4-Feb-10	38	Cobourg - Collingwood	Canmet - Triaxial		
DGR5-702.26	168	23-Oct-09	20	Cobourg - Collingwood	Canmet - Uniaxial & AEM		
DGR5-702.51	168	23-Oct-09	30	Cobourg - Collingwood	Archive		
DGR5-702.81	168	4-Feb-10	29	Cobourg - Collingwood	Canmet - Triaxial		
DGR5-704.99	169	24-Oct-09	21	Cobourg - Collingwood	SGS - Litho geochemistry	SGS - SEM / EDS	SGS - XRD & Petrography
DGR5-705.36	169	24-Oct-09	20	Cobourg - Collingwood	Core Labs - Petrophysics		
DGR5-705.90	169	4-Feb-10	22	Cobourg - Collingwood	Canmet - Direct Shear		
DGR5-708.60	170	24-Oct-09	32	Cobourg - Collingwood	Archive		
DGR5-710.33	171	24-Oct-09	17	Cobourg	Archive		
DGR5-711.96	171	24-Oct-09	19	Cobourg	Canmet - Uniaxial & AEM		
DGR5-712.74	172	24-Oct-09	28	Cobourg	Core Labs - Petrophysics		
DGR5-712.98	172	24-Oct-09	20	Cobourg	Archive		
DGR5-715.40	172	24-Oct-09	20	Cobourg	SGS - Litho geochemistry	SGS - SEM / EDS	SGS - XRD & Petrography
DGR5-715.60	172	24-Oct-09	20	Cobourg	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR5-717.31	173	24-Oct-09	32	Cobourg	Archive		
DGR5-719.38	174	24-Oct-09	28	Cobourg	Canmet - Uniaxial & AEM		
DGR5-719.65	174	4-Feb-10	27	Cobourg	Canmet - Direct Shear		
DGR5-719.91	174	24-Oct-09	22	Cobourg	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR5-723.77	175	25-Oct-09	28	Cobourg	Archive		
DGR5-724.90	176	25-Oct-09	20	Cobourg	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR5-725.12	176	25-Oct-09	25	Cobourg	Core Labs - Petrophysics		
DGR5-725.33	176	25-Oct-09	16	Cobourg	SGS - XRD & Petrography	SGS - SEM / EDS	SGS - Litho geochemistry

Table F.1 Summary of Core Sample Collection by Depth for DGR-5

Sample ID	Core Run	Date Collected	Sample Length (cm)	Formation	Analysis - 1	Analysis - 2	Analysis - 3
DGR5-725.50	176	4-Feb-10	35	Cobourg	Canmet - Direct Shear		
DGR5-729.70	177	4-Feb-10	29	Cobourg	Canmet - Direct Shear		
DGR5-729.91	177	25-Oct-09	19	Cobourg	Archive		
DGR5-731.02	178	25-Oct-09	24	Cobourg	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR5-731.27	178	25-Oct-09	23	Cobourg	Canmet - Uniaxial & AEM		
DGR5-732.20	178	4-Feb-10	28	Cobourg	Canmet - Direct Shear		
DGR5-733.62	178	25-Oct-09	24	Cobourg	Archive		
DGR5-734.06	179	25-Oct-09	22	Cobourg	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR5-735.61	179	25-Oct-09	32	Cobourg	Canmet - Uniaxial & AEM		
DGR5-736.85	179	25-Oct-09	24	Sherman Fall	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR5-739.00	180	4-Feb-10	18	Sherman Fall	Canmet - Direct Shear		
DGR5-740.91	181	26-Oct-09	33	Sherman Fall	Archive		
DGR5-741.90	181	4-Feb-10	20	Sherman Fall	Canmet - Direct Shear		
DGR5-745.23	182	26-Oct-09	26	Sherman Fall	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR5-746.57	183	26-Oct-09	23	Sherman Fall	Archive		
DGR5-747.27	183	26-Oct-09	18	Sherman Fall	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR5-749.82	184	26-Oct-09	25	Sherman Fall	Archive		
DGR5-755.30	185	26-Oct-09	23	Sherman Fall	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR5-755.62	186	27-Oct-09	30	Sherman Fall	Archive		
DGR5-757.54	186	27-Oct-09	20	Sherman Fall	Core Labs - Petrophysics		
DGR5-763.13	187	27-Oct-09	31	Sherman Fall	Archive		
DGR5-764.72	189	27-Oct-09	20	Sherman Fall	SGS - XRD & Petrography	SGS - SEM / EDS	SGS - Litho geochemistry
DGR5-765.51	189	27-Oct-09	20	Sherman Fall	Archive		
DGR5-766.75	189	27-Oct-09	20	Kirkfield	Archive		
DGR5-772.76	191	27-Oct-09	29	Kirkfield	Archive		
DGR5-777.81	193	28-Oct-09	29	Kirkfield	Archive		
DGR5-780.85	194	28-Oct-09	30	Kirkfield	Archive		
DGR5-782.21	194	28-Oct-09	25	Kirkfield	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR5-786.25	196	28-Oct-09	26	Kirkfield	Archive		
DGR5-787.51	196	28-Oct-09	23	Kirkfield	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR5-791.61	197	29-Oct-09	32	Kirkfield	Archive		
DGR5-793.74	198	28-Oct-09	25	Kirkfield	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR5-796.09	199	28-Oct-09	29	Kirkfield	Archive		
DGR5-799.17	200	29-Oct-09	21	Kirkfield	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR5-803.40	201	29-Oct-09	31	Kirkfield	Archive		
DGR5-805.80	202	28-Oct-09	20	Kirkfield	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR5-806.62	202	28-Oct-09	21	Kirkfield	Archive		

Table F.2 Summary of Core Sample Collection by Depth for DGR-6

Sample ID	Core Run	Date Collected	Sample Length (cm)	Formation	Analysis - 1	Analysis - 2	Analysis - 3
DGR6-219.65	3	14-Jul-09	30	Salina F Unit	Archive		
DGR6-228.38	7	14-Jul-09	27	Salina F Unit	Archive		
DGR6-237.42	10	16-Jul-09	20	Salina F Unit	Archive		
DGR6-248.71	14	16-Jul-09	27	Salina F Unit	Archive		
DGR6-253.55	16	17-Jul-09	21.5	Salina E Unit	Archive		
DGR6-262.68	19	17-Jul-09	22	Salina E Unit	Archive		
DGR6-275.50	23	18-Jul-09	20	Salina E Unit	Archive		
DGR6-285.00	26	19-Jul-09	12	Salina E Unit	Archive		
DGR6-293.70	29	19-Jul-09	18	Salina E Unit	Archive		
DGR6-311.41	35	20-Jul-09	18	Salina B Unit	Archive		
DGR6-315.84	36	20-Jul-09	21	Salina B Unit	Archive		
DGR6-324.23	39	21-Jul-09	18	Salina B Unit	Archive		
DGR6-333.52	42	21-Jul-09	17	B Evaporite	Archive		
DGR6-347.52	47	22-Jul-09	16	Salina A2 Unit	Archive		
DGR6-356.69	51	23-Jul-09	18.5	Salina A2 Unit	Archive		
DGR6-364.36	54	24-Jul-09	16	Salina A2 Unit	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR6-365.69	54	24-Jul-09	14	Salina A2 Unit	Archive		
DGR6-366.03	55	25-Jul-09	16.5	Salina A2 Unit	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR6-370.70	56	25-Jul-09	22	A2 Evaporite	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR6-372.70	57	25-Jul-09	20	Salina A1 Unit	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR6-374.48	57	25-Jul-09	20	Salina A1 Unit	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR6-374.74	57	25-Jul-09	27	Salina A1 Unit	Archive		
DGR6-375.21	58	26-Jun-09	22	Salina A1 Unit	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR6-376.38	59	26-Jul-09	21	Salina A1 Unit	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR6-377.48	62	27-Jul-09	16	Salina A1 Unit	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR6-383.51	62	27-Jul-09	16	Salina A1 Unit	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR6-385.25	63	27-Jul-09	20	Salina A1 Unit	Archive		
DGR6-393.76	66	28-Jul-09	19	Salina A1 Unit	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR6-395.01	66	28-Jul-09	20	Salina A1 Unit	Archive		
DGR6-404.88	69	29-Jul-09	21	Salina A1 Unit	Archive		
DGR6-415.23	73	29-Jul-09	27	Salina A1 Unit	Archive		
DGR6-424.21	76	3-Jul-09	24	Salina A0 Unit	Archive		
DGR6-426.51	76	30-Jul-09	23	Salina A0 Unit	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR6-428.53	77	30-Jun-09	24	Guelph	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR6-431.76	78	30-Jul-09	18	Goat Island	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR6-435.35	79	30-Jul-09	24	Goat Island	Archive		
DGR6-436.54	80	31-Jul-09	18.5	Goat Island	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR6-442.96	82	6-Aug-09	16	Goat Island	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR6-445.65	83	6-Aug-09	35	Goat Island	Archive		
DGR6-449.08	84	6-Aug-09	32	Goat Island	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR6-455.65	86	6-Aug-09	21	Gasport	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR6-457.28	86	6-Aug-09	30	Gasport	Archive		
DGR6-460.10	87	7-Aug-09	22	Gasport	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR6-465.67	89	7-Aug-09	32	Fossil Hill	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR6-466.40	89	7-Aug-09	27	Fossil Hill	Archive		
DGR6-471.63	91	7-Aug-09	33	Cabot Head	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR6-475.08	92	7-Aug-09	29	Cabot Head	Archive		
DGR6-477.81	93	8-Aug-09	21	Cabot Head	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR6-484.51	96	8-Aug-09	30	Cabot Head	U of O - Pore Water		

Table F.2 Summary of Core Sample Collection by Depth for DGR-6

Sample ID	Core Run	Date Collected	Sample Length (cm)	Formation	Analysis - 1	Analysis - 2	Analysis - 3
DGR6-484.83	96	8-Aug-09	30	Cabot Head	Archive		
DGR6-490.53	99	8-Aug-09	18	Cabot Head	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR6-495.55	101	8-Aug-09	33	Manitoulin	Archive		
DGR6-496.21	101	8-Aug-09	22	Manitoulin	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR6-502.30	103	9-Aug-09	25	Manitoulin	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR6-504.67	104	9-Aug-09	28	Manitoulin	Archive		
DGR6-509.27	105	9-Aug-09	2627	Queenston	Archive		
DGR6-512.15	106	9-Aug-09	26	Queenston	Archive		
DGR6-512.84	106	11-Aug-09	31	Queenston	UNB - Porewater (NWMO)		
DGR6-514.48	107	11-Aug-09	25	Queenston	UNB - Porewater (NWMO)		
DGR6-538.69	117	26-Nov-09	24	Queenston	Archive		
DGR6-551.73	122	26-Nov-09	21	Queenston	Archive		
DGR6-551.91	122	26-Nov-09	16	Queenston	Archive		
DGR6-555.15	123	26-Nov-09	26	Queenston	Archive		
DGR6-565.18	127	27-Nov-09	20	Queenston	Archive		
DGR6-565.51	127	27-Nov-09	22	Queenston	Archive		
DGR6-565.77	127	27-Nov-09	22	Queenston	Archive		
DGR6-570.44	129	28-Nov-09	18	Queenston	Archive		
DGR6-579.29	132	28-Nov-09	26	Queenston	Archive		
DGR6-583.75	134	28-Nov-09	28	Geogian Bay	Archive		
DGR6-585.30	134	28-Nov-09	28	Geogian Bay	Archive		
DGR6-585.57	134	28-Nov-09	26	Geogian Bay	Archive		
DGR6-590.33	136	29-Nov-09	31	Geogian Bay	Archive		
DGR6-600.20	138	29-Nov-09	24	Geogian Bay	Archive		
DGR6-601.48	140	30-Nov-09	19	Geogian Bay	Archive		
DGR6-601.73	140	30-Nov-09	32	Geogian Bay	Archive		
DGR6-603.13	141	1-Dec-09	20	Geogian Bay	Archive		
DGR6-609.95	143	1-Dec-09	21	Geogian Bay	Archive		
DGR6-612.38	144	1-Dec-09	23	Geogian Bay	Archive		
DGR6-613.43	144	1-Dec-09	26	Geogian Bay	Core Labs - Petrophysics		
DGR6-613.69	144	1-Dec-09	25	Geogian Bay	SGS - XRD & Petrography	SGS - Litho geochemistry	SGS - SEM / EDS
DGR6-619.46	146	2-Dec-09	14	Geogian Bay	Archive		
DGR6-624.52	148	2-Dec-09	20	Geogian Bay	Archive		
DGR6-630.69	150	2-Dec-09	32	Geogian Bay	Archive		
DGR6-644.99	157	6-Jan-10	22	Geogian Bay	Archive		
DGR6-647.39	158	6-Jan-10	15	Geogian Bay	Core Labs - Petrophysics		
DGR6-648.79	159	7-Jan-10	18	Geogian Bay	Archive		
DGR6-651.12	159	7-Jan-10	13	Geogian Bay	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR6-651.52	160	7-Jan-10	17	Geogian Bay	Archive		
DGR6-654.58	161	7-Jan-10	7	Geogian Bay	SGS - SEM / EDS	SGS - XRD & Petrography	SGS - Fracture Mineralogy
DGR6-656.24	161	7-Jan-10	19	Geogian Bay	Archive		
DGR6-658.83	162	7-Jan-10	17	Geogian Bay	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR6-659.17	162	7-Jan-10	25	Geogian Bay	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR6-659.82	162	7-Jan-10	19	Geogian Bay	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR6-660.39	163	7-Jan-10	20	Geogian Bay	Archive		
DGR6-664.31	164	8-Jan-10	15	Geogian Bay	SGS - XRD & Petrography	SGS - SEM / EDS	SGS - Fracture Mineralogy
DGR6-664.58	164	8-Jan-10	17	Geogian Bay	Core Labs - Petrophysics		
DGR6-667.04	165	8-Jan-10	18	Geogian Bay	Archive		
DGR6-671.09	167	10-Jan-10	25	Geogian Bay	Archive		

Table F.2 Summary of Core Sample Collection by Depth for DGR-6

Sample ID	Core Run	Date Collected	Sample Length (cm)	Formation	Analysis - 1	Analysis - 2	Analysis - 3
DGR6-676.32	169	10-Jan-10	24	Geogian Bay	Archive		
DGR6-680.25	170	10-Jan-10	19	Geogian Bay	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR6-681.13	170	11-Jan-10	29	Geogian Bay	Archive		
DGR6-684.51	172	11-Jan-10	17	Geogian Bay	Archive		
DGR6-687.68	173	11-Jan-10	21	Blue Mountain	Archive		
DGR6-691.32	174	11-Jan-10	26	Blue Mountain	Archive		
DGR6-694.49	175	11-Jan-10	23	Blue Mountain	Canmet - Direct Shear		
DGR6-694.79	175	11-Jan-10	25	Blue Mountain	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR6-696.27	176	11-Jan-10	21	Blue Mountain	Archive		
DGR6-697.67	176	11-Jan-10	31	Blue Mountain	SGS - XRD & Petrography	SGS - SEM / EDS	SGS - Litho geochemistry
DGR6-699.62	177	12-Jan-10	24	Blue Mountain	Core Labs - Petrophysics		
DGR6-701.36	177	12-Jan-10	20	Blue Mountain	Archive		
DGR6-708.95	180	15-Jan-10	26	Blue Mountain	Archive		
DGR6-715.71	182	15-Jan-10	17.5	Blue Mountain	Archive		
DGR6-717.68	183	15-Jan-10	28	Blue Mountain	Core Labs - Petrophysics		
DGR6-717.97	183	15-Jan-10	30	Blue Mountain	SGS - Litho geochemistry	SGS - XRD & Petrography	SGS - SEM / EDS
DGR6-723.67	185	16-Jan-10	23	Blue Mountain	Archive		
DGR6-726.01	185	16-Jan-10	20	Blue Mountain	Archive		
DGR6-729.74	187	16-Jan-10	19	Blue Mountain	Archive		
DGR6-732.74	188	16-Jan-10	25	Blue Mountain	Archive		
DGR6-735.40	189	16-Jan-10	24	Blue Mountain	SGS - XRD & Petrography	SGS - SEM / EDS	SGS - Litho geochemistry
DGR6-736.57	189	16-Jan-10	24	Blue Mountain	Core Labs - Petrophysics		
DGR6-737.65	189	16-Jan-10	22	Blue Mountain	Archive		
DGR6-741.79	191	16-Jan-10	24	Cobourg - Collingwood	Archive		
DGR6-742.79	191	17-Jan-10	29	Cobourg - Collingwood	Archive		
DGR6-747.54	193	17-Jan-10	21	Cobourg	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR6-747.74	193	17-Jan-10	22	Cobourg	Archive		
DGR6-747.99	193	17-Jan-10	25	Cobourg	Canmet - Uniaxial & AEM		
DGR6-750.55	194	17-Jan-10	27	Cobourg	Core Labs - Petrophysics		
DGR6-750.80	194	17-Jan-10	25	Cobourg	SGS - Litho geochemistry	SGS - SEM / EDS	SGS - XRD & Petrography
DGR6-751.68	194	17-Jan-10	25	Cobourg	Archive		
DGR6-755.19	195	17-Jan-10	25	Cobourg	Canmet - Uniaxial & AEM		
DGR6-755.43	195	17-Jan-10	26	Cobourg	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR6-758.01	196	17-Jan-10	29	Cobourg	Archive		
DGR6-761.76	197	17-Jan-10	23	Cobourg	SGS - XRD & Petrography	SGS - SEM / EDS	SGS - Litho geochemistry
DGR6-762.01	197	17-Jan-10	28	Cobourg	Core Labs - Petrophysics		
DGR6-762.40	198	17-Jan-10	27	Cobourg	Archive		
DGR6-763.83	198	17-Jan-10	26	Cobourg	Archive		
DGR6-765.50	199	17-Jan-10	27	Cobourg	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR6-768.08	199	17-Jan-10	30	Cobourg	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR6-768.31	200	17-Jan-10	29	Cobourg	Core Labs - Petrophysics		
DGR6-768.58	200	17-Jan-10	27	Cobourg	SGS - XRD & Petrography	SGS - SEM / EDS	SGS - Litho geochemistry
DGR6-770.07	200	17-Jan-10	26	Cobourg	Canmet - Uniaxial & AEM		
DGR6-772.34	201	17-Jan-10	22	Cobourg	Archive		
DGR6-773.56	201	17-Jan-10	23	Cobourg	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR6-773.82	201	17-Jan-10	27	Cobourg	Canmet - Uniaxial & AEM		
DGR6-776.29	202	17-Jan-10	24	Cobourg	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR6-776.52	202	17-Jan-10	24	Cobourg	Archive		
DGR6-782.08	204	18-Jan-10	20	Sherman Fall	Archive		

Table F.2 Summary of Core Sample Collection by Depth for DGR-6

Sample ID	Core Run	Date Collected	Sample Length (cm)	Formation	Analysis - 1	Analysis - 2	Analysis - 3
DGR6-782.24	204	18-Jan-10	20	Sherman Fall	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR6-787.32	206	18-Jan-10	25	Sherman Fall	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR6-787.56	206	18-Jan-10	27	Sherman Fall	Archive		
DGR6-794.42	208	18-Jan-10	21	Sherman Fall	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR6-794.64	208	18-Jan-10	21	Sherman Fall	Archive		
DGR6-795.72	209	18-Jan-10	20	Sherman Fall	Archive		
DGR6-797.06	209	18-Jan-10	27	Sherman Fall	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR6-797.31	209	18-Jan-10		Sherman Fall	Core Labs - Petrophysics		
DGR6-801.99	211	18-Jan-10	28	Sherman Fall	Archive		
DGR6-802.43	211	18-Jan-10	26	Sherman Fall	Archive		
DGR6-806.49	212	18-Jan-10	23	Sherman Fall	Archive		
DGR6-812.18	214	19-Jan-10	23	Sherman Fall	Archive		
DGR6-817.28	216	19-Jan-10	26	Kirkfield	Archive		
DGR6-821.99	217	19-Jan-10	20	Kirkfield	Archive		
DGR6-822.77	218	19-Jan-10	20	Kirkfield	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR6-828.03	219	19-Jan-10	24	Kirkfield	Archive		
DGR6-831.54	221	19-Jan-10	20	Kirkfield	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR6-833.74	221	19-Jan-10	26	Kirkfield	Archive		
DGR6-836.90	222	19-Jan-10	20	Kirkfield	Archive		
DGR6-838.99	223	19-Jan-10	27	Kirkfield	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR6-841.93	224	19-Jan-10	28	Kirkfield	Archive		
DGR6-844.18	225	20-Jan-10	26	Kirkfield	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR6-846.79	226	20-Jan-10	23	Kirkfield	Archive		
DGR6-851.55	227	20-Jan-10	26	Kirkfield	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR6-854.69	228	20-Jan-10	21	Kirkfield	Archive		
DGR6-856.54	229	20-Jan-10	23	Kirkfield	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR6-857.29	229	20-Jan-10	18	Kirkfield	Archive		
DGR6-857.87	229	20-Jan-10	28	Kirkfield	Archive		
DGR6-861.96	231	20-Jan-10	23	Kirkfield	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR6-863.65	231	20-Jan-10	23	Kirkfield	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR6-866.59	232	20-Jan-10	29	Kirkfield	Archive		
DGR6-870.44	234	20-Jan-10	25	Kirkfield	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR6-871.43	234	20-Jan-10	28	Coboconk	Archive		
DGR6-874.28	235	21-Jan-10	23	Coboconk	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR6-875.25	235	21-Jan-10	25	Coboconk	Archive		
DGR6-876.74	236	21-Jan-10	17	Coboconk	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR6-880.40	237	21-Jan-10	27	Coboconk	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR6-881.61	237	21-Jan-10	26	Coboconk	Archive		
DGR6-886.53	239	24-Jan-10	28	Coboconk	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR6-886.99	239	24-Jan-10	30	Coboconk	Archive		
DGR6-892.77	241	24-Jan-10	32	Coboconk	Archive		
DGR6-898.58	243	24-Jan-10	25	Gull River	Archive		
DGR6-899.14	243	24-Jan-10	18	Gull River	U of O - Pore Water		
DGR6-901.93	244	24-Jan-10	30	Gull River	Archive		